

# ONLINE INSTRUCTION IN THE ILLINOIS COMMUNITY COLLEGE SYSTEM

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#### INTRODUCTION

The Illinois Community College System has made a significant commitment to online learning. In addition to expanding their online course offerings, Illinois community colleges have sought accreditation for online degree programs through the Higher Learning Commission, evaluated the quality of online courses through the adoption of the Illinois Online Network Quality Course Initiative rubric, offered orientation for online courses, improved their platforms, increased opportunities for synchronous engagement, and have greatly enhanced their support services for online learners.

In recent years, the internet has become an increasingly common tool for instructional delivery at community colleges. Online courses are becoming more attractive to students as a convenient and cost effective way to earn college credits, certificates, and degrees. Both traditional age and nontraditional students find online courses particularly beneficial. Engaging with instruction outside of traditional college meeting days and times provides increased flexibility for students. The ability to log in to courses from home, or wherever a student is at, provides costs savings to commuting students.

Online learning is an important component of expanding higher education access and outreach to a wider cross section of the population, including those that are place bound and/or whose schedules and other responsibilities make on-campus attendance difficult or impossible. Traditional students are familiar with the technology and like the convenience that online learning offers. The baby boom generation is nearing retirement age and demographers report that the natural population pipeline is not sufficient to meet the demand for educated and trained replacement workers. Providing access to instruction at the time and in a place that is convenient for the learner will be an important component to addressing the education and training needs of the workforce.

Coleman (2009) identifies several benefits of online instruction which included enhancing access/outreach, providing students with additional exposure to technology and experience using it to advance projects through distributed workgroups, and gaining familiarity with a variety of electronic communications options with faculty and classmates:

Students can "attend" a course at anytime, from anywhere. Online learning lets students attend class when they are ready to learn and in a time block that is convenient rather than fixed 2 or 4 hour stretches, offered once or twice a week.



Because there are no geographic barriers to online learning, students can find a diversity of course material that may not otherwise be available to them where they live or work.

Using the internet to attend class, research information, and communicate with other students teaches skills in using technology that will be critical to workers in the 21st century business community who may work with colleagues globally and across time zones.

Online classrooms can facilitate team learning by providing chat rooms and newsgroups for meetings and joint work. This approach can reduce problems of mismatched schedules, finding a meeting location, and distributing work for review between meetings.

Students may be drawn into class discussions. In an online environment, class attendance is only evident if the student actually participates in the discussion.

The online environment can make instructors more approachable. Students can communicate openly with their teachers through online chats, email and in newsgroup discussions, without waiting for office hours that may not be convenient. These communications options can also provide enhanced contact between instructors and students.

Participating in online instruction requires a more self-directed and self-disciplined learner with access to the tools and technology to fully participate and the skills to use them effectively. Auburn University (2009) identifies characteristics of individuals with a better chance for success in online learning:

- Adequate access to a sufficiently powerful and prepared computer to participate in class and complete assignments (e.g., adequate speed, DVD player, speakers, microphone, etc.) and internet access (typically high speed).
- > Willingness to share educational experiences.
- Proficiency and comfort communicating in writing.
- Self-motivated and self-disciplined (organized, mature, and persevering).
- Willing to let your instructor know about problems as soon as they are encountered.
- Prepared to dedicate as much time per week as the course requires – typically 12 to 15 hours per week per course.
- > Ability to consistently meet courses requirements and timelines.
- Ability to apply critical thinking and decision making skills to the learning process and assimilate information.



Use technology to interact with classmates on a regular basis. <u>http://www.auburn.edu/outreach/dl/pdfs/student\_characteristics.pdf</u>

Slatta (2009) provides additional information about the characteristics of successful online learners including:

Possess a reflective learning style – those who retain and understand information best by thinking about it first and prefer working independently. Intuitive as opposed to sensory learners will probably fare better online. Intuitive learners tend to focus more on the world of possibility/abstract thought and enjoy considering ideas, possibilities and potential outcomes. Finally the sequential or step-by-step/incremental learner rather than the global learner will probably do better in an online course. http://faculty.chass.ncsu.edu/slatta/hi216/selfeval.html

<u>Illinois Community Colleges Online</u> (ILCCO), a consortium of colleges that shares online courses and programs, has designed an assessment instrument for students who are considering or are enrolled in online courses.

The Online Assessment System for Internet Students (OASIS) provides evaluation tools for students to ascertain their readiness for online learning and their learning style.

Nationally, online education has recently come in to the spotlight as part of the American Graduation Initiative. According to an official press release in July 2009 from the White House regarding the American Graduation Initiative:

Online educational software has the potential to help students learn more in less time than they would with traditional classroom instruction alone. Interactive software can tailor instruction to individual students like human tutors do, while simulations and multimedia software offer experiential learning. Online instruction can also be a powerful tool for extending learning opportunities to rural areas or working adults who need to fit their coursework around families and jobs (<u>http://www.whitehouse.gov/</u> <u>the press office/Excerpts-of-the-Presidents-remarks-in-Warren-Michiganand-fact-sheet-on-the-American-Graduation-Initiative/</u>).

As part of the American Graduation Initiative, President Obama intends to implement a new Online Skills Laboratory which will allow students to learn, gain skills, and obtain credentials. The proposed laboratory will be developed by experts in content knowledge, pedagogy, and technology. Courses will be available, free of charge, to community colleges by the U.S. Departments of Defense, Education, and Labor. Additionally, the Defense Department will examine ways to award credit to students and will evaluate results.



President Obama has proposed spending \$500 million to develop online education. It is expected that the cost of developing one course will be around \$1 million. As a condition of the grants, the material would not be owned by the federal government, but would public domain (http://chronicle.com/article/How-Obamas-12-Billionbe Plan/47081/). Who will get the money has not been decided, but it could go to an outside laboratory and research organization, a community college, or even a consortium of community colleges and universities (http://chronicle.com/article/Obamas-Great-Course-Giveaway/47530/). It is expected that a variety of entities will apply for the grants, yet it is still unclear how the delivery of the courses will work, how credit will be awarded, and whether these courses will compete with existing online courses offered by community colleges (http://chronicle.com/article/How-Obamas-12-Billion-lan/47081/). Some early indications are that courses created through the initiative would serve students through computers, handheld devices, and e-book readers making them modular and easy to update (http://chronicle.com/article/Obamas-Great-Course-Giveaway/47530/).

While details of the initiative are still undecided, some experts believe it will be beneficial to higher education. According to Raymond E. Schroeder, director of technology-enhanced learning at the University of Illinois at Springfield, "providing a series of online general-education and certain work-force-development classes at no charge through community colleges will encourage even further growth in movement to online learning and affordable community-college entry for the first two years of the baccalaureate (http://chronicle.com/article/Obama-Expected-to-Announce-/47372/)." The movement towards open courses is not without it limits. While enthusiasts think open courses have the potential to help individuals piece together degrees in a cost effective way, some worry that the movement may stall. Because of the recession and disappearing grant money, some colleges are forced to face the question of how to support giving away free content. (http://chronicle.com/article/Free-Online-Courses-at-a-Very/48777/?sid=at&utm\_source=at&utm\_medium=en)

In this report, various aspects of online education in the Illinois Community College System will be explored: enrollment trends, characteristics of online students, online course counts and enrollments by PCS, online courses with high enrollments, online hours attempted and earned, online completions, online retention rates, and online faculty.

## ENROLLMENT TRENDS

Online course delivery is a substantial source of growth in community colleges. According to the National Center for Education Statistics (NCES), 96 100% of Illinois community colleges offer online courses. percent of public two-year institutions offered online courses in fiscal year 2007 (http://nces.ed.gov/pubsearch/pubsinfo.asp?pubid=2009044). During fiscal year 2008,



all Illinois community colleges offered courses using the internet. Nearly one in ten (9.6 percent) Illinois community college enrollments was in an online course, and online FTE in fiscal year 2008 accounted for 14.7 percent of total FTE. Since fiscal year 2004, the number of online <u>courses</u> increased 62.6 percent, while the number of <u>students</u> enrolled in them increased 97.4 percent.

A major source of data for this report is the Illinois Community College System's Course Enrollment and Resources (SU/SR) submissions. SU/SR data are used to determine enrollment (credit hour) based funding and are combined with additional data collection to study facilities utilization. The SU contains the credit hours associated with courses that are paid with 50 percent or more from unrestricted funds. The SR contains the credit hours associated with courses that are paid with SU data is used to determine allocations of the credit hour formula driven grant. Both the SU and SR data are used to determine allocations of all other grants that have an allocation based on credit hours. SU/SR enrollments are <u>duplicated</u> counts from midterm.

Additionally, information from the Annual Student Enrollment and Completion (A1) submission is used in the report to describe the characteristics of students who enrolled in online courses. A1 data are required for all students who are officially enrolled in a credit course at an Illinois community college any time during the specified fiscal year. The A1 record also includes information about student completions during the year. The file includes a variety of demographic and academic information about community college students in Illinois. A1 enrollments are <u>unduplicated</u> end of year counts.

# CHARACTERISTICS OF ONLINE STUDENTS

# Overall Headcount

Annual online credit enrollment for fiscal year 2008 was 65,703, or 9.6 percent of the total fiscal year 2008 enrollment (N = 682,607).

Appendix Table A-2 provides online credit headcount enrollment for fiscal year 2008 for each community college. Among Illinois' 48 community colleges, 24 colleges reported more than 1,000 online enrollments. **Parkland College** (N = 5,137) reported the most online enrollments followed by **College of DuPage** (N = 3,982) and **Illinois Central College** (N = 3,507). Three out of ten enrollments at **Parkland College** were online enrollments (30.7 percent). Other colleges with higher percentages of online enrollments in fiscal year 2008 include **Kaskaskia College** (26.8 percent), **Olney Central College** (22.6 percent), and **John Wood Community College** (19.1 percent).





SOURCE OF DATA: Annual Enrollment (A1) Records

According to a survey by the Illinois Virtual Campus, there were 163,804 online enrollments in 9,082 courses during fall 2008. This was a 5.0 percent increase in courses (+403) and a 2.0 percent increase in enrollments (+5,442) from fall 2007. Online enrollments accounted for nearly nine out of

Community colleges offered nearly half (48.0 percent) of all internet courses and over onethird (38.5 percent) of all online enrollments across the state.

ten (89.0 percent) distance education enrollments. Community colleges offered nearly half (48.0 percent) of all online courses and over one-third (38.5 percent) of all online enrollments across the state. (<u>http://www.ivc.illinois.edu/pubs/enrollPDF/Fall08.pdf</u>)

Nationally, over 3.9 million students took at least one online course in fall 2007, a 12.0 percent increase from fall 2006. (<u>http://www.sloan-c.org/publications/survey/pdf/staying the course.pdf</u>) At community colleges across the United States, 1.9 million students enrolled in at least one online course in fall 2006, an increase of 24.0 percent from the previous year. Community college enrollments comprise half of all online enrollments across the nation. (<u>http://www.insidehighered.com/news/2007/10/23/sloan</u>)

## **Overall FTE**

Full-time equivalent (FTE) students totaled 35,287, which is 14.7 percent of the FY 2008 FTE total (N = 239,881). Appendix Table A-3 contains FY 2008 online FTE enrollments by college. FTE calculations convert the substantial part-time enrollment into the number of students there would be if everyone attended on a full-time basis (30 credits equals 1 FTE). Thirteen colleges reported FTE enrollments greater than 1,000. **Parkland College** (N = 2,535) also reported the highest online FTE enrollments followed by **Illinois Central College** (N = 1,898) and **College of DuPage** (N = 1,798). Colleges with the highest percentages of online FTE enrollments include **Kaskaskia** 



**College** (42.7 percent), **Parkland College** (37.0 percent), **Olney Central College** (34.2 percent), **Danville Area Community College** (33.3 percent), and **Southeastern Illinois College** (31.9 percent).

<u>Age</u>

Just over half (52.9 percent) of all online enrollments were by those in the traditional higher education market who are age 24 or younger. Appendix Tables A-4 and A-5 provide online enrollment counts by age. The average age for students who have accumulated online hours is 28.3, while the median age is 24.3. This is compared to an average age of 30.7 and a median age of 25.7 for all students. Just over half (52.9 percent) of all online

enrollments were by those in the traditional higher education market who are age 24 or younger. Most traditional aged higher education enrollments were in baccalaureate/ transfer programs (70.5 percent). Colleges where more than 60.0 percent of online enrollments are by traditional higher education students include **Southeastern Illinois College** (66.6 percent), **Kaskaskia College** (64.6 percent), **Parkland College** (64.6 percent), **Kishwaukee College** (63.7 percent), **McHenry County College** (62.9 percent), **Moraine Valley Community College** (62.0

percent), Spoon River College (60.6 percent), and Wabash Valley College (60.3 percent).

Early to mid career students, age 25 to 39, made up an additional one-third (33.3 percent) of online enrollments. Early to mid career online enrollments were most commonly in baccalaureate/transfer programs (49.9 percent) and career and technical education programs

Early to mid career online enrollments were most commonly in career and technical education programs (37.3 percent) and baccalaureate/transfer programs (49.9 percent).

(37.3 percent). Harry S Truman College (63.7 percent) had the highest proportion of online enrollments by early to mid career students. Malcolm X College (59.8 percent), Olive-Harvey College (57.9 percent), Kennedy-King College (55.2 percent), and Richard J. Daley College (50.2 percent) also reported that more than half of all online enrollments were by early to mid career students.

Established workers, age 40 to 55, accounted for only 12.5 percent of online enrollments. Career and technical education programs had the most enrollments by established workers (46.5 percent). Baccalaureate/Transfer programs (39.8 percent) were also common for online enrollments by established workers. The college with the highest proportion of online enrollments by established workers was **South Suburban College** (21.2 percent). Other colleges with higher proportions of online enrollments by established workers were **Frontier Community College** (19.9 percent), **Highland Community College** (18.7 percent), **Shawnee Community College** (18.2 percent), and **Kennedy-King College** (17.9 percent).

Seasoned workers, (over 55 years of age), accounted for just 1.3 percent of all online enrollments. Similarly, seasoned workers most commonly enrolled in online courses in



career and technical education (41.6 percent) and Baccalaureate/Transfer (36.6 percent). **Oakton Community College** (3.5 percent) had the highest proportion of online enrollments by seasoned workers. Colleges with more than 2.0 percent of online enrollments by seasoned workers include John A. Logan College (3.0 percent), South Suburban College (2.8 percent), Prairie State College (2.3 percent), Wabash Valley College (2.3 percent), Elgin Community College (2.2 percent), Kennedy-King College (2.1 percent), Highland Community College (2.1 percent), Rock Valley College (2.0 percent), and Triton College (2.0 percent).

## <u>Gender</u>

Overall, female students (67.8 percent) were more likely to enroll in online courses than male students.

According to Appendix Tables A-6 and A-7, overall, female students were more likely to enroll in online courses than male students. Two-thirds (67.8 percent) of online enrollments were by females compared to 32.2 percent by males. Of all

female enrollments, 11.8 percent were online enrollments and, of all male enrollments, 6.9 percent were online enrollments.

Male students enrolled in online courses were more likely to be enrolled in baccalaureate/transfer courses (62.6 percent) than female students enrolled in online courses (57.7 percent). However, there were still more female online enrollments in baccalaureate/transfer courses (N = 25,690; 66.0 percent) than there were male enrollments (N = 13,251; 34.0 percent). Conversely, a larger proportion of female online enrollments were in career and technical education courses (31.2 percent) than male online enrollments (27.6 percent). For both males and females, there were few online enrollments in vocational skills and adult education.

## Ethnic Origin

Substantial numbers of minority and white students benefit from online courses. However, statewide minority students were less likely to pursue online courses than white students (see Appendix Table A-8). In fiscal year 2008, four out of five students in online courses were white (78.9 percent, N = 51,399). Hence, one in five students taking online coursework at a community college (21.1 percent, N =13,762) was from a minority (non-white) student population. More than 1,000 online enrollments by minority students were reported at **South Suburban College** (N = 1,173) and **Parkland College** (N = 1,157). At least 75 percent of students enrolled in online coursework were minority students at **Olive-Harvey College** (97.9 percent), **Kennedy-King College** (96.1 percent), **Malcolm X College** (88.0 percent), and **Richard J. Daley College** (76.4 percent). Colleges reporting online enrollments of more than 3,000 for white students include **Parkland College** (N = 3,980), **College of DuPage** (N = 3,188), and **Illinois Central College** (N = 3,146). White students accounted for at least 97 percent of online enrollments at **Olney Central College** (98.0 percent) and **Frontier Community College** (97.4 percent).





Figure 2: Minority Online Enrollments Fiscal Year 2008

African American students were the largest minority group enrolled in online coursework (N = 6,322), and accounted for 9.7 percent of online enrollments among students whose ethnicity was known. South Suburban College (N = 694) and Harold Washington College (N = 480) reported the largest numbers of African American students enrolled in online coursework for fiscal year 2008. More than nine out of ten students enrolled in online courses at Kennedy-King College were African American (92.5 percent). African American students represent more than half of the students enrolled in online courses at Olive-Harvey College (89.4 percent) and Malcolm X College (66.3 percent).

Latino students (N = 3,968) accounted for 6.1 percent of online enrollments among students whose ethnicity was known. The largest numbers of Latino students participating in online courses were reported by **South Suburban College** (N = 450), **Wilbur Wright College** (N = 284), and **College of Lake County** (N = 281). At least one in four online students were Latino at **Wilbur Wright College** (32.5 percent), **Richard J. Daley College** (31.3 percent), and **South Suburban College** (27.8 percent).

## Location

Community colleges were established to meet the education and training needs of their local communities. It is for this reason that community colleges have defined service regions called districts. The data in this overview is categorized as within that defined region, outside the defined region but in the balance of the state, or outside of Illinois. Student costs rise to attend an out-of-district college, unless the student's "home" college district does not offer the program a particular individual needs. In that case, the

SOURCE OF DATA: Annual Enrollment (A1) Records



individual may attend another district while their home district provides the district providing instruction with a chargeback. To be competitive in the marketplace, colleges may set market-driven out-of-district and out-of-state tuition rates for online courses. The cost for these courses is the same for all students or discounted for individuals not from the college's immediate service region.





SOURCE OF DATA: SU/SR Data Submission. ICCB Policy Studies and Information Technology

Overall, just less than nine out of ten (86.8 percent) online enrollments in fiscal year 2008 were by students residing within the community college district (see Appendix Table A-9). This is slightly higher than the proportion for non-online students (85.2 percent). Overall, the average enrollment of in-district students in online courses was 12.4 students per course, similar to the average enrollment for non-online students of 12.0. Two colleges had average enrollment of over 20: **College of Lake County** (N = 21.8) and **John A. Logan College** (N = 21.3). The four colleges with the lowest average enrollments were all in Chicago: **Olive-Harvey College** (N = 4.2), **Malcolm X College** (N = 4.2), **Harry S Truman College** (N = 4.2) and **Kennedy-King College** (N = 4.7).





Figure 4: Online Courses by Location Fiscal Year 2008

SOURCE OF DATA: SU/SR Data Submission. ICCB Policy Studies and Information Technology

Fewer online students resided out-of-district with just over one-tenth (10.4 percent) of all online enrollments resulting from those students who resided within Illinois, but outside of the community college's district. In comparison, 13 percent of non-online enrollments were by out-of-district students. Over one-quarter (27.9 percent) of **Oakton Community College's** online enrollments came from out-of-district. **Triton College** (24.1 percent) and **Parkland College** (22.7 percent) also had more than 20 percent of their online enrollments coming from out-of-district. Statewide in fiscal year 2008, the average number of out-of-district students enrolled in online courses was 2.7, which is lower than the average of 3.9 for non-online students. **Triton College** (N = 4.7) and **Parkland College** (N = 4.3) had the highest average enrollments, while **Olive-Harvey College** (N = 1.0), **Kennedy-King College** (N = 1.0), and **John A. Logan College** (N = 1.0) had the lowest.



SOURCE OF DATA: SU/SR Data Submission. ICCB Policy Studies and Information Technology



Very few (2.8 percent) online enrollments at Illinois community colleges were by students from out-of-state in fiscal year 2008. Even fewer non-online students (1.8 percent were from out-of-state. Only four colleges reported that more than 10 percent of their online enrollments were by students from outside of Illinois. Those colleges were **John Wood Community College** (19.7 percent), **Danville Area Community College** (12.9 percent), **Shawnee Community College** (11.7 percent), and **Wabash Valley College** (11.6 percent). Not surprisingly, each of these colleges is located in a county bordering a neighboring state. On average, fewer than two out-of-state students (N = 1.7) were enrolled in online courses at community colleges statewide in fiscal year 2008. The average enrollment of out-of-state non-online students was similar at 1.9 students per course. **Wabash Valley College** (N = 2.6) had the highest average enrollment by out-of-state students, while both **Olive-Harvey College** and **John A. Logan College** had no enrollments by out-of-state students.

# ONLINE COURSE COUNTS AND ENROLLMENTS BY PCS

As seen in Appendix Table A-10, **Baccalaureate/Transfer** is the largest instructional program offered in the Illinois Community College System accounting for nearly six out of every ten online enrollments (N = 38,941) in fiscal year 2008. This program is designed to provide individuals with the equivalent of the initial two years of a bachelor's degree.

Figure 6: Online Enrollments by Instructional Program Area



SOURCE OF DATA: Annual Enrollment (A1) Records

**Career and Technical Education** programs are the second largest online program in the Illinois Community College System accounting for three in ten online enrollments (N



= 19,727). About 7 percent of online course enrollments were in **General Associate Degree** courses (N = 4,530). **Vocational Skills** programs (N = 924), **Adult Education** (including English as a Second Language) courses (N = 823), and **General Studies Certificates** (N = 758) and each category accounted for about 1 percent of the online enrollments in fiscal year 2008 (see Appendix Table A-10).

## Instructional Program Area Enrollments by Racial/Ethnic Origin

Figure 7 illustrates the distribution of minorities in the two largest program areas: Baccalaureate/Transfer and Career and Technical Education. An examination of each racial/ethnic group's representation across program areas in fiscal year 2008 indicates that the largest percentages of students were enrolled in Baccalaureate/transfer programs for each group: Asian (59.2 percent), Native American (55.3 percent), African American (57.9 percent), Latino (50.9 percent), White (59.9 percent), and Nonresident Alien (74.0 percent).

Among students whose ethnicity was known, combined Minority students represented 90.6 percent of all English as a Second Language programs (ESL) online enrollments in fiscal year 2008. White students represented at least six in ten online enrollments in all remaining programs. Minority students were least represented in the General Studies Certificate (12.1 percent), Vocational Skills (17.1 percent), Career and Technical (20.0 percent), and Baccalaureate/Transfer (20.2 percent) areas.

African American students represented 18.1 percent of Adult Education online enrollments and 12.3 percent of General Associate online enrollments in fiscal year 2008. Nearly 10 percent of online Baccalaureate/transfer (9.4 percent) and Career and Technical (9.7 percent) enrollments were African American students. Latino students accounted for 83.8 percent of ESL online enrollments and 15.4 percent of Adult Education online enrollments (see Appendix Table A-11).



SOURCE OF DATA: Annual Enrollment (A1) Records



## **Overall Course Counts and Enrollments**

Illinois community colleges offered 10,823 online courses in fiscal year 2008, an increase of 16.2 percent (+1,510) from 2007 and 62.6 percent (+4,165) from 2004. Total enrollments in online courses were 151,832 in fiscal year 2008. Enrollments have increased 21.9 percent (+27,255) from 2007 and 97.4 percent (+74,934) from 2004.

	TABLE 1 ONLINE COURSE COUNTS AND ENROLLMENTS FOR FISCAL YEARS 2004 - 2008												
	1-Year Change 5-Year Change												
	2004												
Course													
Count	6,658	8,021	8,593	9,313	10,823	1,510	16.2%	4,165	62.6%				
Enrollment	76,898	96,757	109,344	124,577	151,832	27,255	21.9%	74,934	97.4%				
Average	Average												
Enrollment	11.5	12.1	12.7	13.4	14.0	0.7	4.9%	2.5	21.5%				

SOURCE OF DATA: SU/SR Data Submission. ICCB Policy Studies and Information Technology



#### FIGURE 8: ONLINE COURSE COUNTS FOR FISCAL YEARS 2004 - 2008

SOURCE OF DATA: SU/SR Data Submission. ICCB Policy Studies and Information Technology

Overall, **Parkland College** offered the most online courses in fiscal year 2008 (N = 687) which accounted for 6.3 percent of all online courses offered throughout the Illinois Community College System. Other colleges that offered more than 400 online courses in 2008 included **College of DuPage** (N = 537), **Kaskaskia College** (N = 471), **William Rainey Harper College (**N = 469), **Illinois Central College** (N = 411), and **South Suburban College** (N = 406).







**Parkland College** also had the most enrollments in online courses at 11,154. Other colleges that had over 6,000 enrollments in online courses were **College of DuPage** (N = 10,818), **College of Lake County** (N = 7,475), **Kaskaskia College** (N = 7,430), **Illinois Central College** (N = 6,992), **Waubonsee Community College** (N = 6,377), and **William Rainey Harper College** (N = 6,166).



SOURCE OF DATA: SU/SR Data Submission. ICCB Policy Studies and Information Technology

The average enrollment in online courses in fiscal year 2008 was 14.0 students per course. The **College of Lake County** has the largest average enrollments per course in fiscal year 2008 at 22.9. John A. Logan College (N = 21.7), Heartland Community College (N = 20.4), and College of DuPage (N = 20.1) also had average enrollments per course of more than 20.

SOURCE OF DATA: SU/SR Data Submission. ICCB Policy Studies and Information Technology



# <u>Transfer</u>

There were 6,306 online Transfer (PCS 11) courses offered in fiscal year 2008 with 105,807 course enrollees. The number of courses increased 18.3 percent (+975) from 2007 and 79.6 percent (+2,795) from 2004. The number of enrollees rose 23.2 percent (+19,917) from 2007 and 112.7 percent (+56,057) from 2004.

	TABLE 2 ONLINE COURSE COUNTS AND ENROLLMENTS TRANSFER												
	FOR FISCAL YEARS 2004 - 2008												
	1-Year Change 5-Year Change												
	2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 N % N %												
Course													
Count	3,511	4,420	4,821	5,331	6,306	975	18.3%	2,795	79.6%				
Enrollment	49,750	64,518	73,919	85,890	105,807	19,917	23.2%	56,057	112.7%				
Average													
Enrollment	14.2	14.6	15.3	16.1	16.8	0.7	4.1%	2.6	18.4%				

SOURCE OF DATA: SU/SR Data Submission. ICCB Policy Studies and Information Technology





**Parkland College** offered the most Transfer (PCS 11) courses online in fiscal year 2008 (N = 495). **Kaskaskia College** (N = 345), **College of DuPage** (N = 306), and **Illinois Central College** (N = 286) each offered more than 250 online Transfer courses.







**Parkland College** also enrolled the most students in Transfer courses online (N = 9,319) followed by **College of DuPage** (N = 7,255), **Kaskaskia College** (N = 6,078), **Illinois Central College** (N = 5,312), and **College of Lake County** (N = 5,075).



SOURCE OF DATA: SU/SR Data Submission. ICCB Policy Studies and Information Technology

In 2008, the average number of enrollees per course was 16.8, slightly higher than in 2007 (4.1 percent) and 2.6 students (18.4 percent) higher than in 2004. **Rend Lake College** had the highest average enrollment per course at 29.7 followed by **College of Lake County** (N = 24.8), **College of DuPage** (N = 23.7), and **Prairie State College** (N = 23.5).

## Career and Technical Education

In fiscal year 2008 3,457 online Career and Technical Education (PCS 12) courses were offered at Illinois community colleges. This is up 13.8 percent (+418) from 2007



and 44.7 percent (+1,068) from 2004. In 2008, 38,814 students enrolled in these courses which is up 17.7 percent (+5,835) from 2007 and 71.5 percent (+16,185) from 2004.



SOURCE OF DATA: SU/SR Data Submission. ICCB Policy Studies and Information Technology

The most online Career and Technical Education (PCS 12) courses were offered at **William Rainey Harper College** (N = 234). Colleges that offered more than 150 courses were **College of DuPage** (N = 231), **Parkland College** (N = 163), and **Lewis and Clark Community College** (N = 159).





SOURCE OF DATA: SU/SR Data Submission. ICCB Policy Studies and Information Technology

The **College of DuPage** had the most students enroll in Career and Technical Education courses online in fiscal year 2008 (N = 3,563). William Rainey Harper **College** (N = 2,362), **College of Lake County** (N = 1,729), and **Parkland College** (N = 1,707) also offered a substantial number of courses.



SOURCE OF DATA: SU/SR Data Submission. ICCB Policy Studies and Information Technology

The average number of students enrolled per class was 11.2 in 2008, which is similar to 2007 and up 1.8 from 2004. **Heartland Community College's** average enrollment per course was the highest across the system at 19.4. The **College of Lake County** (N = 19.0) and **Triton College** (N = 18.7) also had higher average enrollments per course.

#### <u>Developmental</u>

Over the past five years, the number of Developmental (PCS 14) courses offered online and students enrolling in them have increased. In fiscal year 2008, 325 courses were



offered which served 4,259 students. This is an increase of 60 courses (22.6 percent) and 1,080 enrollments (34.0 percent) from 2007. Compared to five years ago, the number of courses has increased by 128 (65.0 percent) and enrollments have increased by 1,690 (65.8 percent).

	TABLE 4 ONLINE COURSE COUNTS AND ENROLLMENTS DEVELOPMENTAL FOR FISCAL YEARS 2004 - 2008												
	1-Year Change 5-Year Change												
	2004												
Course													
Count	197	253	245	265	325	60	22.6%	128	65.0%				
Enrollment	2,569	3,412	2,898	3,179	4,259	1,080	34.0%	1,690	65.8%				
Average													
Enrollment	13.0	13.5	11.8	12.0	13.1	1.1	9.2%	0.1	0.5%				

SOURCE OF DATA: SU/SR Data Submission. ICCB Policy Studies and Information Technology





SOURCE OF DATA: SU/SR Data Submission. ICCB Policy Studies and Information Technology

**Danville Area Community College** offered 52 online Developmental (PCS 14) courses in fiscal year 2008, the most of any Illinois community college. **Joliet Junior College** (N = 30), **Kaskaskia College** (N = 29), **Moraine Valley Community College** (N = 29), and **South Suburban College** (N = 21) also offered more than 20 Developmental online courses.





SOURCE OF DATA: SU/SR Data Submission. ICCB Policy Studies and Information Technology

**Joliet Junior College** (N = 438) enrolled the most students in these classes followed by **Moraine Valley Community College** (N = 405), **Danville Area Community College** (N = 383), **Kaskaskia College** (N = 372), and **South Suburban College** (N = 321).



SOURCE OF DATA: SU/SR Data Submission. ICCB Policy Studies and Information Technology

The average class size in fiscal year 2008 was 13.1 students, an increase of 1.1 students per class (9.2 percent) from 2007. The average class size is very similar to what it was in 2004. Triton College (N = 18.9) and College of Lake County (N = 18.9) had the highest average enrollments in online Developmental courses. Heartland Community College (N = 18.5) and Elgin Community College (N = 18.4) also had average enrollments per course of more than 18 students.



# General Studies

Two online courses were offered in General Studies (PCS 15) in fiscal year 2008 which served nine students. In comparison to 2007, the number of courses decreased by 33.3 percent (-1), while the number of enrollments increased 50.0 percent (+3). Compared to 2004, the number of courses increased 200.0 percent (+2) and the number of enrollments increased 350.0 percent (+7).

		ONLIN		TABLE E COUNTS ENERAL S CAL YEAR	AND ENR		TS							
	1-Year Change 5-Year Change													
	2004													
Course														
Count	2	0	5	3	2	-1	-33.3%	2	200.0%					
Enrollment	2	0	5	6	9	3	50.0%	7	350.0%					
Average														
Enrollment	1.0		1.0	2.0	4.5	2.5	125.0%	3.5	350.0%					

SOURCE OF DATA: SU/SR Data Submission. ICCB Policy Studies and Information Technology





In fiscal year 2008, **Highland Community College** (N = 1) and **South Suburban College** (N = 1) were the only colleges to offer General Studies (PCS 15) courses online.







**Highland Community College** served eight students with online courses in fiscal year 2008, while **South Suburban College** served one student.





The average enrollment per course in fiscal year 2008 was 4.5. This is an increase of 125.0 percent (+2.5) from 2007 and an increase of 350.0 percent (+3.5) from 2004.

#### Vocational Skills

There were 615 Vocational Skills (PCS 16) courses offered online in fiscal year 2008, an increase of 9.6 percent (+54) from 2007 and 22.8 percent (+114) from 2004. In 2008 1,842 students were enrolled in these classes which was an increase of 16.5 percent (+261) from 2007 and 36.4 percent (+492) from 2004.



Online Instruction in the Illinois	Community College System
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	TABLE 6 ONLINE COURSE COUNTS AND ENROLLMENTS VOCATIONAL SKILLS												
	FOR FISCAL YEARS 2004 - 2008												
	1-Year Change 5-Year Change												
	2004	2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 N % N %											
Course													
Count	501	502	479	561	615	54	9.6%	114	22.8%				
Enrollment	1,350	1,521	1,533	1,581	1,842	261	16.5%	492	36.4%				
Average													
Enrollment	2.7	3.0	3.2	2.8	3.0	0.2	6.3%	0.3	11.2%				

SOURCE OF DATA: SU/SR Data Submission. ICCB Policy Studies and Information Technology





**South Suburban College** offered 232 Vocational Skills (PCS 16) courses online in fiscal year 2008. Other colleges offering more than 75 Vocational Skills courses were **Oakton Community College** (N = 119) and **Prairie State College** (N = 91).







**South Suburban College** served the most students (N = 295) through online Vocational Skills courses followed by **Triton College** (N = 222), **Oakton Community College** (N = 211), **Southeastern Illinois College** (N = 188), and **Lake Land College** (N = 185).



SOURCE OF DATA: SU/SR Data Submission. ICCB Policy Studies and Information Technology

The average number of students enrolled per course was 3.0 in 2008, which was an increase from one and five years ago when the averages were 2.8 and 2.7, respectively. The largest average enrollment per course was at **Lewis and Clark Community College** (N = 26.0). Large average enrollments were also found at John A. Logan College (N = 23.0) and Southeastern Illinois College (N = 18.8).

## Adult Basic Education

Thirteen online courses were offered in Adult Basic Education (PCS 17) in fiscal year 2008. These courses enrolled 20 students. The number of courses offered has increased by three (30.0 percent) since 2007 and four (44.4 percent) since 2004. The number of enrollments increased by eight (66.7 percent) from 2007, but decreased 125 (-86.2 percent) since 2004.

	TABLE 7 ONLINE COURSE COUNTS AND ENROLLMENTS ADULT BASIC EDUCATION FOR FISCAL YEARS 2004 - 2008												
			FORFIS	CAL YEAR	S 2004 - 2								
	1-Year Change 5-Year Change												
	2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 N % N %												
Course													
Count	9	9	6	10	13	3	30.0%	4	44.4%				
Enrollment	145	126	79	12	20	8	66.7%	-125	-86.2%				
Average													
Enrollment	16.1	14.0	13.2	1.2	1.5	0.3	28.2%	-14.6	-90.5%				

SOURCE OF DATA: SU/SR Data Submission. ICCB Policy Studies and Information Technology





SOURCE OF DATA: SU/SR Data Submission. ICCB Policy Studies and Information Technology

Four colleges offered Adult Basic Education (PCS 17) courses online in fiscal year 2008: Rock Valley College (N = 5), Parkland College (N = 4), Waubonsee Community College (N = 3), and Lincoln Land Community College (N = 1).



SOURCE OF DATA: SU/SR Data Submission. ICCB Policy Studies and Information Technology

Twenty students enrolled in Adult Basic Education online courses, including seven at **Parkland College**, seven at **Waubonsee Community College**, five at **Rock Valley College**, and one at **Lincoln Land Community College**.





SOURCE OF DATA: SU/SR Data Submission. ICCB Policy Studies and Information Technology

Average enrollment was 1.5 in 2008, an increase of 28.2 percent (+0.3) from 2007 and a decrease of 90.5 percent (-14.6) from 2004. **Waubonsee Community College** had the highest average enrollments per course at 2.3 followed by **Parkland College** (N = 1.8), **Lincoln Land Community College** (N = 1.0), and **Rock Valley College** (N = 1.0).

# Adult Secondary Education

The number of online courses in Adult Secondary Education (PCS 18) has been increasing since fiscal year 2004 (N = 40) to reach 99 courses offered in 2008. Over the past year, the number of courses increased 4.2 percent (+4). The number of students enrolled in these courses was 1,029 in 2008, an increase of 26.3 percent (+214) from 2007 and 214.7 percent (+702) from 2004.

	TABLE 8 ONLINE COURSE COUNTS AND ENROLLMENTS ADULT SECONDARY EDUCATION FOR FISCAL YEARS 2004 - 2008												
	1-Year Change 5-Year Change												
	2004												
Course													
Count	40	44	67	95	99	4	4.2%	59	147.5%				
Enrollment	327	361	528	815	1,029	214	26.3%	702	214.7%				
Average													
Enrollment	8.2	8.2	7.9	8.6	10.4	1.8	21.2%	2.2	27.1%				

SOURCE OF DATA: SU/SR Data Submission. ICCB Policy Studies and Information Technology





SOURCE OF DATA: SU/SR Data Submission. ICCB Policy Studies and Information Technology

The **College of Lake County** (N = 22) offered the most Adult Secondary Education (PCS 18) online courses in fiscal year 2008. **Rock Valley College** (N = 19) and **William Rainey Harper College** (N = 15) also offered more than ten Adult Secondary Education courses online.



SOURCE OF DATA: SU/SR Data Submission. ICCB Policy Studies and Information Technology

The **College of Lake County** enrolled 501 students in these courses, the most of all colleges. William Rainey Harper College (N = 229), Rock Valley College (N = 73) and Illinois Central College (N = 73) also served a substantial number of students.





SOURCE OF DATA: SU/SR Data Submission. ICCB Policy Studies and Information Technology

In 2008, the average number of students enrolled was 10.4 which was an increase of 1.8 (21.2 percent) from 2007 and 2.2 (27.1 percent) from 2004. The **College of Lake County** had the largest average enrollments per course at 22.8 followed by **Elgin Community College** (N = 19.3) and **William Rainey Harper College** (N = 15.3).

#### English as a Second Language

In fiscal year 2008, six English as a Second Language (PCS 19) courses were offered online, serving 52 students. This is a decrease of two courses (-25.0 percent) and 62 students (-54.4 percent) from 2007. Since 2004, the number of courses decreased by three (-33.3 percent), and the number of enrollments decreased by 74 (-58.7 percent).

	TABLE 9 ONLINE COURSE COUNTS AND ENROLLMENTS ENGLISH AS A SECOND LANGUAGE												
FOR FISCAL YEARS 2004 - 2008													
	1-Year Change 5-Year Change												
	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	Ν	%	Ν	%				
Course													
Count	9	14	17	8	6	-2	-25.0%	-3	-33.3%				
Enrollment	126	197	252	114	52	-62	-54.4%	-74	-58.7%				
Average													
Enrollment	14.0	14.1	14.8	14.3	8.7	-5.6	-39.2%	-5.3	-38.1%				

SOURCE OF DATA: SU/SR Data Submission. ICCB Policy Studies and Information Technology





SOURCE OF DATA: SU/SR Data Submission. ICCB Policy Studies and Information Technology

English as a Second Language (PCS 19) courses were offered online at three colleges: **Southwestern Illinois College** (N = 3), **Triton College** (N = 2), and **Black Hawk College** (N = 1).



SOURCE OF DATA: SU/SR Data Submission. ICCB Policy Studies and Information Technology

**Triton College** enrolled the most students in English as a Second Language courses (N = 36), followed by **Southwestern Illinois College** (N = 14) and **Black Hawk College** (N = 2).





SOURCE OF DATA: SU/SR Data Submission. ICCB Policy Studies and Information Technology

The average class size for these courses was 8.7 in 2008, a decrease of 39.2 percent from 2007 and a decrease of 38.1 percent from 2004. The average enrollment per course at **Triton College** was 18.0. The average enrollment per course was 4.7 at **Southwestern Illinois College** and 2.0 at **Black Hawk College**.

Created by the Illinois Community College Board and the Center for the Applications of Information Technologies, GED-i serves as an access point for Adult Education and Family Literacy Programs to expand their services to current and potential students through online instruction. GED-i is an online learning system that has been available for use in Illinois since 2002. The website contains an orientation, sample lessons, and a provider locator tool. The system's technical support is provided by help desk staff. Other services provided are training and professional development, as well as implementation assistance. The extensive online curriculum (over 200 lessons) helps students prepare and pass the GED exam. GED-i is available at: <a href="http://www.ged-i.org/index.jsp">http://www.ged-i.org/index.jsp</a>.

#### **ONLINE COURSES WITH HIGH ENROLLMENTS**

#### Enrollments by CIP

TABLE 10 TOP TEN ONLINE ENROLLMENTS BY CIP FOR FISCAL YEARS 2004 - 2008												
	CIP 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008											
English Composition	23.0401	5,183	6,208	6,908	8,020	9,093						
Psychology, General	42.0101	2,893	3,726	4,324	5,330	6,121						
Developmental and												
Child Psychology 42.0701 1,237 1,871 2,357 3,465 4,574												
Economics, General												



TABLE 10 TOP TEN ONLINE ENROLLMENTS BY CIP FOR FISCAL YEARS 2004 - 2008												
CIP 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008												
Sociology	45.1101	2,355	3,301	4,057	4,654	6,330						
Music History, Literature												
and Theory	50.0902	1,483	1,849	2,278	2,452	3,023						
Business/Commerce,												
General	52.0101	2,378	3,101	3,061	3,459	4,190						
History, General	54.0101	2,647	3,676	4,586	5,530	4,297						
Business/Office Automation/Technology/												
Data Entry	52.0407	2,115	2,429	3,101	3,036	3,416						
Computational Skills	32.0104	2,119	2,569	2,279	2,645	3,607						
Total		24,674	31,559	35,836	42,113	49,139						
Total for All Programs		76,898	96,757	109,344	124,577	151,832						

SOURCE OF DATA: SU/SR Data Submission. ICCB Policy Studies and Information Technology

In fiscal year 2008, the course with the most online enrollments was English Composition (N = 9,093; CIP 23.0401), which increased 13.4 percent (+1,073) from fiscal year 2007 and 75.4 percent (+3,910) from fiscal year 2004. There were 6,330 enrollments in Sociology (CIP 45.1101) in fiscal year 2008 compared to 4,654 the year before and 2,355 five years earlier. Overall, the ten programs with the highest online enrollments made up nearly one-third (32.4 percent) of all online enrollments.

Other courses rounding out the top ten highest online enrollments in fiscal year 2008 were Psychology, General (N = 6,121; CIP 42.0101); Developmental and Child Psychology (N = 4,574; CIP 42.0701); Economics, General (N = 4,488; CIP 45.0601); History, General (N = 4,297; CIP 54.0101); Business/Commerce, General (N = 4,190; CIP 52.0101); Computational Skills (N = 3,607; CIP 32.0104); Business/Office Automation/Technology/Data Entry (N = 3,416; CIP 52.0407); and Music History, Literature and Theory (N = 3,023; CIP 50.0902).

TABLE 11								
TOP FIVE ONLINE ENROLLMENTS IN CAREER CLUSTERS								
FOR FISCAL YEARS 2004 - 2008								
		2004	2005	2006	2007	2008		
15.0	Science, Technology,							
	Engineering, and							
	Mathematics	9,952	12,805	13,410	15,176	24,293		
4.0	Business,							
	Management, and							
	Administration	14,817	17,070	18,875	20,343	21,713		
3.0	Arts, Audio/Video							
	Technology and							
	Communications	10,201	13,014	14,620	16,280	18,903		
10.0	Human Service	5,689	8,064	9,954	12,741	18,078		

Enrollments by Career Cluster



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TABLE 11 TOP FIVE ONLINE ENROLLMENTS IN CAREER CLUSTERS								
FOR FISCAL YEARS 2004 - 2008								
	2004 2005 2006 2007 2							
8.0	Health Science	4,861	7,093	8,539	10,496	16,386		
	Total	45,520	58,046	65,398	75,036	99,373		
	Total for All Clusters*	60,589	76,330	85,760	98,344	136,429		
	Total for All Programs	76,898	96,757	109,344	124,577	151,832		

\*Career clusters generally include only Career and Technical Education and Vocational Skills courses SOURCE OF DATA: SU/SR Data Submission. ICCB Policy Studies and Information Technology

The five career clusters with the highest online enrollments in fiscal year 2008 were: Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics; Business, Management and Administration; Arts, Audio/Visual, Technology and Communication; Human Service; and Health Science. Online enrollments in the Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics career cluster accounted for just over one-sixth (16.0 percent) of all online enrollments in fiscal year 2008. There were 24,293 online enrollments in courses in this career cluster which is up 60.1 percent (+9,117) from fiscal year 2007 and 144.1 percent (+14,341) from fiscal year 2004. Online courses in the Business, Management and Administrative career cluster had 21,713 enrollments in fiscal year 2008, 6.7 percent more than the previous year (+1,370) and 46.5 percent more than five years ago (+6,896). Enrollments in online courses within the Arts, Audio/Video Technology and Communications (N = 18,903), Human Service (N = 18,078), and Health Science (N = 16,386) career clusters were also substantial.

## ONLINE HOURS ATTEMPTED AND EARNED

TABLE 12 ONLINE HOURS ATTEMPTED AND EARNED										
FOR FISCAL YEARS 2004 - 2008										
						1-Year Change		5-Year (	5-Year Change	
	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	Ν	%	Ν	%	
Hours										
Attempted	220,484	291,645	346,448	407,414	452,765	45,351	11.1%	232,281	105.4%	
Hours										
Earned	157,067	206,616	246,084	288,331	324,288	35,957	12.5%	167,221	106.5%	
Percent										
Earned	71.2%	70.8%	71.0%	70.8%	71.6%		0.9%		0.4%	

SOURCE OF DATA: Annual Enrollment (A1) Records

Online credit hours attempted and earned are collected on the Annual Enrollment and Completions (A1) data submission and reflect the end of term information for the entire fiscal year. In fiscal year 2008, Illinois community college students earned 71.6 percent (N = 324,288) of the 452,765 online credit hours they attempted.




### FIGURE 35: ONLINE HOURS ATTEMPTED FOR FISCAL YEARS 2004 - 2008

In fiscal year 2008, Illinois community college students attempted 11.1 percent (+45,351) more online hours than in fiscal year 2007 (N = 407,414). Compared to 2004, online hours attempted increased 105.4 percent (+ 232,281).





SOURCE OF DATA: Annual Enrollment (A1) Records

Online students earned 12.5 percent (+35,957) more hours in fiscal year 2008 than in 2007, bringing the total hours earned to 324,288. Hours earned increased 106.5 percent (+167,221) from fiscal year 2004.

SOURCE OF DATA: Annual Enrollment (A1) Records





FIGURE 37: PERCENT ONLINE HOURS EARNED FOR FISCAL YEARS 2004 - 2008

SOURCE OF DATA: Annual Enrollment (A1) Records

During fiscal year 2008, Illinois community college students earned 0.9 percent more online hours than they attempted than in 2007, bringing the total percent of attempted hours earned to 71.6 percent. From 2004, the percent of hours earned increased 0.4 percent.

### **ONLINE COMPLETIONS**

Close to three out of every ten (29.7 percent; N = 13,792) fiscal year 2008 completers had taken at least one online course in the previous five years. Over one-third (38.6 percent) of completers with online hours had under four accumulated hours. Another 27.5 percent had six to fifteen hours and 21.3 percent had four to six hours. Fewer than 10 percent of completers had 15 to 20 online hours (5.0 percent), 20 to 50 online hours (7.4 percent), or more than 50 online hours (0.2 percent).

Fewer than half of Baccalaureate/Transfer degree completers (43.8 percent; N = 6,087) in fiscal year 2008 had accumulated online hours. One-third of Baccalaureate/Transfer degree completers with online hours had fewer than four hours accumulated. An additional 29.4 percent had accumulated six to fifteen hours and 21.1 percent had four to six hours. Associate in Arts degree completers accounted for more than half (54.3 percent) of Baccalaureate/Transfer degree completers with online hours. Associate in Science degree completers contributed another 34.4 percent of overall Baccalaureate/Transfer degree completers.

Completers with online hours made up only 23.1 percent (N = 7,171) off all Career and Technical Education completers in fiscal year 2008. Over half of these completers with online hours (54.8 percent) were in Associate in Applied Science. Slightly less than three out of ten (29.2 percent) Career and Technical Education completers with online



hours were in Certificate Programs of less than one year. This is compared to the completers from Certificate Programs of One Year or More who made up 16.0 percent of all Career and Technical Education graduates with online hours. Overall, 42.6 percent of Career and Technical Education completers with online hours had accumulated fewer than four hours online. One-quarter (25.7 percent) of these graduates accumulated six to fifteen online hours and 21.6 percent had just four to six online hours accumulated.

TABLE 13													
UNDUPLICATED FY 2008 COMPLETERS WITH INTERNET HOURS EARNED IN FISCAL YEARS 2004 – 2008													
BY DEGREE TYPE													
		Total Hours Earned											
		Total G											
Degree Type	None	0 to 4	4 to 6	6 to 15	15 to 20	20 to 50	50 to 100	Online	Total				
General Assoc.	648	135	71	108	23	52	3	392	1,040				
Bacc/Transfer	(7,823)	(2,096)	(1,286)	(1,787)	(352)	(551)	(15)	(6,087)	(13,910)				
AA	5,110	1,167	728	928	162	311	9	3,305	8,415				
AS	2,250	683	437	648	136	184	4	2,092	4,342				
AA&S	354												
AES	65												
AFA	43	6	10	9	2	1	0	28	71				
AAT	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	2				
Career & Tech. Ed.	(23,835)	(3,057)	(1,550)	(1,844)	(306)	(401)	(13)	(7,171)	(31,006)				
AAS	4,706	1,506	876	1,130	178	234	7	3,931	8,637				
Cert. 1Yr or More	3,297	510	269	257	47	62	0	1,145	4,442				
Cert. Less 1Yr	15,832	1,041	405	457	81	105	6	2,095	17,927				
Voc. Skills	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
Gen. Studies	10	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	12				
Adult Ed.	314	41	27	53	7	12	0	140	454				
Total	32,630	5,329	2,934	3,792	688	1,017	32	13,792	46,422				

SOURCE OF DATA: Annual Enrollment (A1) Records

### **ONLINE RETENTION RATES**

Retention Rates provide a measure of student attachment to college. First-year retention is particularly important since new students – especially recent high school

graduates – need to successfully transition to college and the accompanying elevated academic and personal responsibility expectations if they intend to pursue a degree or certificate. Elevated Retention Rates show an ongoing engagement in the educational process and student behavior demonstrates an attachment to the college. Elevated Retention Rates are typically associated with individuals who are making academic progress and improve the individual's chances of completing

A **Retention Rate** only includes individuals who re-enrolled the following fall and an **Adjusted Retention Rate** includes individuals who re-enrolled the next fall plus those individuals who graduated during the intervening or returning year.



a certificate or degree.

Retention Rates are always expressed as a percentage. A **Retention Rate** only includes individuals who re-enrolled the following fall and an **Adjusted Retention Rate** includes individuals who re-enrolled the next fall, plus those individuals who graduated during the intervening or returning year. Part of the reason for adjustment is that a variety of community college certificate programs can be completed within one year. The Adjusted Retention Rate reflects a more comprehensive perspective and will be the focus of the analysis provided. The differences between these two rates are typically small.

### Overall Adjusted Retention Rates

The latest results (fiscal year 2007) show that first-time, full-time students who had enrolled in online courses had an adjusted retention rate of 72.4 percent (see Appendix

The latest results (fiscal year 2007) show that first-time, full-time students who had enrolled in online courses had an adjusted retention rate of 72.4 percent.

Table A-16). The adjusted retention rate for these students was higher (13.1 percent) than the rate for first-time, full-time students not enrolled in online courses (59.3 percent). From a year earlier, the adjusted retention rate for first-time, full-time students enrolled in

online courses increased 0.2 percent which outpaced the -0.7 percent decrease in adjusted retention rate for first-time, full-time students not enrolled in online courses. Conversely, the rate decreased -2.6 percent over three years for first-time, full-time online students compared to a smaller decrease of -0.7 percent for first-time, full-time non-online students.

TABLE 14												
OVERALL ADJUSTED RETENTION RATES												
FOR FIRST-TIME, FU	JLL-TIME AN	D ALL FIRST	-TIME STUI	DENTS								
ONLINE	ONLINE AND NON-ONLINE STUDENTS											
FIS	SCAL YEARS	2004 – 2008	3									
	2004 2005 2006 2007											
Full-Time	Full-Time											
Online	72.8%	75.0%	72.2%	72.4%								
Non-online	61.0%	60.0%	60.0%	59.3%								
All Students												
Online	Online 58.3% 63.1% 62.3% 61.0%											
Non-online	48.5%	48.5%	48.6%	48.4%								

SOURCE OF DATA: Annual Enrollment (A1) Records

The adjusted retention rate for all first-time online students in fiscal year 2007 was 61.0 percent compared to 48.4 percent of all first-time non-online students (see Appendix Table A-17). From the previous year, the rate for both groups declined. In fiscal year 2006, the adjusted retention rate for first-time online students was 62.3 percent compared to 48.6 percent for non-online students. From three years earlier, the rate for



first-time online students decreased 2.0 percent (63.1 percent in FY05). For first-time non-online students, the adjusted retention rate was similar three years earlier at 48.5 percent.

# Adjusted Retention Rates by Gender

The most recent adjusted retention rate for first-time, full-time female students enrolled in online courses (72.9 percent) was slightly higher than for first-time, full-time male students (71.7 percent).

The most recent adjusted retention rate for firsttime, full-time female students enrolled in online courses (72.9 percent) was slightly higher than for first-time, full-time male students (71.7 percent). Over the past year, rates decreased -0.8 percent for first-time, full-time females compared to a 1.6 percent increase for first-time, full-time males. From three years ago, the adjusted retention rate

for both first-time, full-time males (-3.3 percent) and females (-2.1 percent) decreased. Adjusted retention rates for first-time, full-time female students not enrolled in online courses (61.2 percent) were also higher than for first-time, full-time male students (57.5 percent), although both groups had significantly lower rates than their counterparts who were enrolled in online courses. Over the past year, the adjusted retention rates for first-time, full-time females not enrolled in online courses increased 0.2 percent, outpacing first-time, full-time males who saw a decrease of -1.0 percent. From three years ago, both first-time, full-time females and males saw similar decreases of -0.6 percent and -0.7 percent, respectively.

TABLE 15 ADJUSTED RETENTION RATES BY GENDER FOR FIRST-TIME, FULL-TIME AND ALL FIRST-TIME STUDENTS													
ONLINE AND NON-ONLINE STUDENTS													
	FISCAL YEARS 2004 – 2008 2004 2005 2006 2007												
	Male												
Full-Time													
Online	72.0%	73.5%	75.0%	75.1%	70.0%	73.8%	71.7%	72.9%					
Non-online	59.5%	62.5%	58.2%	61.8%	58.5%	61.0%	57.5%	61.2%					
All Students													
Online	57.5%	58.8%	65.2%	62.0%	62.6%	62.2%	61.8%	60.6%					
Non-online	47.0%	49.8%	46.4%	50.6%	47.4%	49.9%	46.6%	50.3%					

SOURCE OF DATA: Annual Enrollment (A1) Records

In fiscal year 2007, first-time full- and part-time male and female online students had similar adjusted retentions rates at 61.8 percent and 60.6 percent, respectively. Their non-online counterparts saw less favorable results with first-time males showing an adjusted retention rate of 46.6 percent and 50.3 percent for females. Both first-time online males (-0.8 percent) and females (-1.6 percent) saw a drop in their adjusted retention rate from the previous year. Non-online first-time male students also saw a drop of -0.8 percent. Conversely, non-online first-time female students saw an increase



in adjusted retention rate (+0.4 percent). From three years earlier, both first-time male and female online students saw an increase in adjusted retention rates. In fiscal year 2004, the adjusted retention rate for first-time male online students was 57.5 percent and first-time online female students was 58.8 percent. For non-online first-time students, males saw a decrease of -0.4 percent and females saw an increase of 0.5 percent from three years ago.

# Adjusted Retention Rates by Ethnic Origin

Overall, first-time, full-time minority students enrolled in online courses had an adjusted retention rate of 68.7 percent which was lower than the adjusted retention rate for first-

Overall, first-time, full-time minority students enrolled in online courses had an adjusted retention rate of 68.7 percent, which was lower than the adjusted retention rate for first-time, fulltime white students enrolled in online courses (73.0 percent) and the overall first-time, full-time adjusted retention rate (72.4 percent). time, full-time white students enrolled in online courses (73.0 percent) and the overall first-time, full-time adjusted retention rate (72.4 percent). Overall, the adjusted retention rate for first-time, fulltime minority students enrolled in online courses increased 4.4 percent over the previous year, which outpaced both firsttime, full-time white students (-0.5 percent) and the overall first-time, full-time rate (0.2 percent). Results for first-time, full-time

students not enrolled in online courses were comparable to those of first-time, full-time online students, although not as favorable. The adjusted retention rate for first-time, full-time minority students not enrolled in online courses was 52.7 percent compared to 62.7 percent for first-time, full-time white students and 59.3 percent for all first-time, full-time students not enrolled in online courses. From a year ago, the adjusted retention rate for non-online first-time, full-time minority students decreased -6.0 percent, which was a substantially larger decrease than both first-time, full-time minority students (-0.8 percent) and all students (-0.7 percent). First-time, full-time minority students over three years by 1.1 percent, which was better than first-time, full-time white students (-0.7 percent).

Table 16 ADJUSTED RETENTION RATES BY RACE/ETHNICITY FOR FIRST-TIME, FULL-TIME AND ALL FIRST-TIME STUDENTS ONLINE AND NON-ONLINE STUDENTS													
	FISCAL YEARS 2004 – 2008												
	2004 2005 2006 2007												
	Minority	Minority White Minority White Minority White Minority White											
Full-Time													
Online	58.8%	74.9%	72.1%	75.5%	64.3%	73.5%	68.7%	73.0%					
Non-online	52.2%	64.6%	51.6%	63.7%	58.7%	63.5%	52.7%	62.7%					
All Students													
Online	47.2%	60.2%	59.2%	63.7%	56.3%	63.5%	55.3%	62.2%					
Non-online	42.9%	51.0%	42.8%	51.2%	43.0%	51.5%	43.9%	50.8%					



In fiscal year 2007, the adjusted retention rate for all first-time minority online students was 55.3 percent, which was lower than the rate for both white students (62.2 percent) and the overall total (61.0 percent). From the previous year, the rate for first-time minority online students decreased (-1.0 percent). White students (-1.3 percent) and the overall adjusted retention rate (-1.3 percent) also saw decreases from the previous year. Conversely, from three years ago, all groups saw increases in the adjusted retention rate. In fiscal year 2004, first-time online minority students had an adjusted retention rate of 47.2 percent compared to 60.2 percent for first-time white online students and 58.3 percent for all first-time online students. Recent results for non-online first-time students were not as favorable across the board. First-time non-online minority students demonstrated an adjusted retention rate of 43.9 percent in fiscal year 2007 compared to 50.8 percent for first-time non-online white students and 48.4 percent for all first-time non-online students. From fiscal year 2006, first-time non-online minority students (0.9 percent) saw an increase while white (-0.6 percent) and overall (-0.2 percent) students saw decreases. The change from three years ago was similar. Firsttime non-online minority students saw an increase of 1.0 percent while first-time nononline white (-0.1 percent) and overall (0.0 percent) students were very similar.

TABLE 17											
	FACULTY AT ILLINOIS COMMUNITY COLLEGES										
	FISCAL YEAR 2008										
	Full-	Full-Time Part-Time									
	Ν	%	N	%	Total						
Online	6,916	64.8%	3,761	35.2%	10,677						
Non-Online	67,400	67,400 41.3% 95,903 58.7%									
Total	74,316	42.7%	99,664	57.3%	173,980						

### ONLINE FACULTY

SOURCE OF DATA: SU/SR Data Submission. ICCB Policy Studies and Information Technology

About two-thirds (64.8 percent; N = 6,916) of all faculty at Illinois community colleges who taught online courses in fiscal year 2008 were full-time faculty. Another 3,761 part-time faculty taught online courses for a total of 10,677 faculty members who taught online courses. This is much fewer than the 163,303 faculty members who taught non-online courses in fiscal year 2008. Of those faculty teaching non-online courses, 41.3 percent (N = 67,400) were full-time and 58.7 percent (95,903) were part-time.

### SUMMARY

Because of the benefits of online instruction to both the student and to the institution, and because of the rapidly growing popularity of the use of electronic media in classroom instruction, online courses will remain an essential part of postsecondary instruction.



			T	TABLE 18					
				DUNTS AN		MENTS			
				_		1-Year	Change	5-Year	Change
	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	Ν	%	N	%
Overall		•							•
Course Count	6,658	8,021	8,593	9,313	10,823	1,510	16.2%	4,165	62.6%
Enrollment	76,898	96,757	109,344	124,577	151,832	27,255	21.9%	74,934	97.4%
Average Enrollment	11.5	12.1	12.7	13.4	14.0	0.7	4.9%	2.5	21.5%
Baccalaureate/Trans	fer								
Course Count	3,511	4,420	4,821	5,331	6,306	975	18.3%	2,795	79.6%
Enrollment	49,750	64,518	73,919	85,890	105,807	19,917	23.2%	56,057	112.7%
Average Enrollment	14.2	14.6	15.3	16.1	16.8	0.7	4.1%	2.6	18.4%
Career and Technica	Educatio	n							
Course Count	2,389	2,779	2,953	3,039	3,457	418	13.8%	1,068	44.7%
Enrollment	22,629	26,622	30,130	32,979	38,814	5,835	17.7%	16,185	71.5%
Average Enrollment	9.5	9.6	10.2	10.9	11.2	0.4	3.5%	1.8	18.5%
	010	010	1012	1010	1112	011	0.070	110	1010 /0
Developmental									
Course Count	197	253	245	265	325	60	22.6%	128	65.0%
Enrollment	2,569	3,412	2,898	3,179	4,259	1,080	34.0%	1,690	65.8%
Average Enrollment	13.0	13.5	11.8	12.0	13.1	1.1	9.2%	0.1	0.5%
General Studies									
Course Count	2	0	5	3	2	-1	-33.3%	2	200.0%
Enrollment	2	0	5	6	9	3	50.0%	7	350.0%
Average Enrollment	1.0		1.0	2.0	4.5	2.5	125.0%	3.5	350.0%
Vocational Skills									
Course Count	501	502	479	561	615	54	9.6%	114	22.8%
Enrollment	1,350	1,521	1,533	1,581	1,842	261	16.5%	492	36.4%
Average Enrollment	2.7	3.0	3.2	2.8	3.0	0.2	6.3%	0.3	11.2%
Adult Basic Educatio		0	0	10	40	0	00.00/	4	44.40/
Course Count	9	9	6	10	13	3	30.0%	4	44.4%
Enrollment	145	126	79	12	20	8	66.7%	-125	-86.2%
Average Enrollment	16.1	14.0	13.2	1.2	1.5	0.3	28.2%	-14.6	-90.5%
Adult Secondary Edu									
Course Count	40	44	67	95	99	4	4.2%	59	147.5%
Enrollment	327	361	528	815	1,029	214	26.3%	702	214.7%
Average Enrollment	8.2	8.2	7.9	8.6	10.4	1.8	21.2%	2.2	27.1%
English as a Second	Language	9							
Course Count	9	14	17	8	6	-2	-25.0%	-3	-33.3%
Enrollment	126	197	252	114	52	-62	-54.4%	-74	-58.7%
Average Enrollment	14.0	14.1	14.8	14.3	8.7	-5.6	-39.2%	-5.3	-38.1%

SOURCE OF DATA: SU/SR Data Submission. ICCB Policy Studies and Information Technology



# Student Characteristics

- There were 163,804 online enrollments in 9,082 courses during fall 2008 across all levels of higher education in Illinois. Illinois community colleges offered nearly half (48.0 percent) of all online courses and over one-third (38.5 percent) of all online enrollments. (<u>http://www.ivc.illinois.edu/pubs/enrollPDF/Fall08.pdf</u>)
- Nationally, over 3.9 million students took at least one online course in fall 2007. (<u>http://www.sloan-c.org/publications/survey/pdf/staying the course.pdf</u>) At community colleges, 1.9 million students enrolled in at least one online course in fall 2006. (<u>http://www.insidehighered.com/news/2007/10/23/sloan</u>)
- Annual online credit enrollment for fiscal year 2008 was 65,703, or 9.6 percent of the total fiscal year 2008 enrollment (N = 682,607).
- Full-time equivalent (FTE) students totaled 35,287, which was 14.7 percent of the FY 2008 total (N = 239,881).
- The average age for students who accumulated online hours was 28.3 while the median age was 24.3.
- Just more than half (52.9 percent) of all online enrollments were by those in the traditional higher education market who were age 24 or younger. Most traditionalaged higher education enrollments were in Baccalaureate/Transfer programs (70.5 percent).
- Early to mid career students, age 25 to 39, made up an additional one-third (33.3 percent) of online enrollments. Early to mid career online enrollments were most commonly in Baccalaureate/Transfer programs (49.9 percent) and Career and Technical Education programs (37.3 percent).
- Established workers, age 40 to 55, accounted for only 12.5 percent of online enrollments. Career and Technical Education programs had the most enrollments by established workers (46.5 percent). Baccalaureate/Transfer programs (39.8 percent) were also common for online enrollments by established workers.
- Seasoned workers, who are over 55, accounted for just 1.3 percent of all online enrollments. Seasoned workers most commonly enrolled in online courses in Career and Technical Education (41.6 percent) and Baccalaureate/Transfer (36.6 percent).
- Two-thirds (67.8 percent) of online enrollments were by females compared to 32.2 percent by males.
- Male students enrolled in online courses were more likely to be enrolled in Baccalaureate/Transfer courses (62.6 percent) than female students enrolled in online courses (57.7 percent).
- Overall, minority students were less likely to pursue online courses than white students.
- In fiscal year 2008, white students made up 78.9 percent (N = 51,399) of those participating in online credit coursework in community colleges, while 21.1 percent (N = 13,762) of online enrollments were minority (non-white) students.



- African American students were the largest minority group enrolled in online coursework (N = 6,322), and accounted for 9.7 percent of online enrollments among students whose ethnicity was known.
- Latino students (N = 3,968) accounted for 6.1 percent of online enrollments among students whose ethnicity was known.
- Just less than nine out of ten (86.8 percent) of online enrollments in fiscal year 2008 were by students residing within the community college district. Overall, the average enrollment of in-district students in online courses was 12.4 students per course.
- Just over one-tenth (10.4 percent) of all online enrollments were from those students who resided within Illinois but outside of the community college's district. Statewide in fiscal year 2008, the average number of out-of-district students enrolled in online courses was 2.7.
- Very few (2.8 percent) online enrollments at Illinois community colleges were by students from out-of-state in fiscal year 2008. On average, fewer than two out-ofstate students (N = 1.7) were enrolled in online courses at community colleges statewide in fiscal year 2008.

### Online Course Counts and Enrollments by PCS

- Baccalaureate/Transfer is the largest instructional program offered in the Illinois Community College System accounting for nearly six out of every ten online enrollments (N = 38,941) in fiscal year 2008.
- Career and Technical Education programs accounted for three in ten online enrollments (N = 19,727).
- About 7 percent of online course enrollments were in General Associate Degree courses (N = 4,530).
- Vocational Skills programs (N = 924), Adult Education (including English as a Second Language) courses (N = 823), and General Studies Certificates (N = 758) each accounted for about 1 percent of the online enrollments in fiscal year 2008.

### Instructional Program Area Enrollments by Racial/Ethnic Origin

- The largest percentages of students for each group were enrolled in Baccalaureate/Transfer programs: Asian (59.2 percent), Native American (55.3 percent), African American (57.9 percent), Latino (50.9 percent), White (59.9 percent), and Nonresident Alien (74.0 percent).
- Combined Minority students represented 90.6 percent of all English as a Second Language programs (ESL) online enrollments in fiscal year 2008.
- Minority students were least represented in the General Studies Certificate (12.1 percent), Vocational Skills (17.1 percent), Career and Technical (20.0 percent), and Baccalaureate/Transfer (20.2 percent) areas.
- African American students represented 18.1 percent of Adult Education online enrollments and 12.3 percent of General Associate online enrollments in fiscal year 2008.



- Nearly 10 percent of online Baccalaureate/Transfer (9.4 percent) and Career and Technical (9.7 percent) enrollments were African American students.
- Latino students accounted for 83.8 percent of ESL online enrollments and 15.4 percent of Adult Education online enrollments.

# Enrollments by CIP

- Overall, the ten programs with the highest online enrollments made up nearly one-third (32.4 percent) of all online enrollments.
- In fiscal year 2008, the course with the most online enrollments was English Composition (N = 9,093; CIP 23.0401) an increase of 13.4 percent (+1,073) from fiscal year 2007 and 75.4 percent (+3,910) from fiscal year 2004.
- Other courses with the most online enrollments were Sociology (N = 6,330; CIP 45.1101); Psychology, General (N = 6,121; CIP 42.0101); Developmental and Child Psychology (N = 4,574; CIP 42.0701); Economics, General (N = 4,488; CIP 45.0601); History, General (N = 4,297; CIP 54.0101); Business/Commerce, General (N = 4,190; CIP 52.0101); Computational Skills (N = 3,607; CIP 32.0104); Business/Office Automation/Technology/Data Entry (N = 3,416; CIP 52.0407); and Music History, Literature and Theory (N = 3,023; CIP 50.0902).

### Enrollments by Career Cluster

The five career clusters with the highest online enrollments in fiscal year 2008 were: Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics (N = 24,293); Business, Management and Administration (N = 21,713); Arts, Audio/Video, Technology and Communication (N = 18,903); Human Service (N = 18,078); and Health Science (N = 16,386).

### Online Hours Attempted and Earned

- In fiscal year 2008, Illinois community college students earned 71.6 percent (N = 324,288) of the 452,765 online credit hours they attempted.
- In fiscal year 2008, Illinois community college students boosted the percent of hours earned by 0.9 percent from the previous year. From 2004, the percent of hours earned increased 0.4 percent.

# **Online Completions**

- Close to three out of every ten (29.7 percent; N = 13,792) fiscal year 2008 completers had taken at least one online course in the previous five years.
- Over one-third (38.6 percent) of completers with online hours had under four accumulated hours. Another 27.5 percent had six to fifteen hours and 21.3 percent had four to six hours.
- Fewer than half of Baccalaureate/Transfer degree completers (43.8 percent; N = 6,087) in fiscal year 2008 had accumulated online hours.
- One-third of Baccalaureate/Transfer degree completers with online hours had fewer than four hours accumulated. An additional 29.4 percent had accumulated six to fifteen hours and 21.1 percent had four to six hours.



- Associate in Arts degree completers accounted for more than half (54.3 percent) of Baccalaureate/Transfer degree completers with online hours. Associate in Science degree completers contributed another 34.4 percent of overall Baccalaureate/Transfer degree completers with online hours.
- Completers with online hours made up only 23.1 percent (N = 7,171) off all Career and Technical Education completers in fiscal year 2008.
- Over half of Career and Technical Education completions with online hours (54.8 percent) were in Associate in Applied Science.
- Slightly less than three out of ten (29.2 percent) Career and Technical Education completers with online hours were in Certificate Programs of less than one year. This is compared to the completers from Certificate Programs of One Year or More who made up 16.0 percent of all Career and Technical Education graduates with online hours.
- Overall, 42.6 percent of Career and Technical Education completers with online hours had accumulated fewer than four hours online.

# Retention Rates

- In fiscal year 2007, first-time, full-time students who had enrolled in online courses had an adjusted retention rate of 72.4 percent, which was 13.1 percent higher than the rate for first-time, full-time students not enrolled in online courses (59.3 percent).
- The adjusted retention rate for first-time, full-time students enrolled in online courses increased slightly (0.2 percent) from fiscal year 2006, which outpaced the -0.7 percent decrease in adjusted retention rate for first-time, full-time students not enrolled in online courses.
- The adjusted retention rate for all first-time online students in fiscal year 2007 was 61.0 percent compared to 48.4 percent of all first-time non-online students.
- In fiscal year 2006, the adjusted retention rate for first-time online students (62.3 percent) and first-time non-online students (48.6 percent) were higher than in the most recent year.
- The most recent adjusted retention rate for first-time, full-time female students enrolled in online courses (72.9 percent) was slightly higher than for first-time, full-time male students (71.7 percent).
- Over the past year, rates decreased -0.8 percent for first-time, full-time females compared to a 1.6 percent increase for first-time, full-time males.
- Adjusted retention rates for first-time, full-time female students not enrolled in online courses (61.2 percent) were also higher than for first-time, full-time male students (57.5 percent).
- Over the past year, the adjusted retention rates for first-time, full-time females not enrolled in online courses increased 0.2 percent, outpacing first-time, full-time males who saw a decrease of -1.0 percent.
- In fiscal year 2007, first-time full and part-time male and female online students had similar adjusted retentions rates at 61.8 percent and 60.6 percent, respectively.



- Non-online first-time male students had an adjusted retention rate of 46.6 percent and females of 50.3 percent.
- Both first-time online males (-0.8 percent) and females (-1.6 percent) saw a drop in their adjusted retention rate from the previous year.
- Non-online first-time male students also saw a decrease of -0.8 percent. Conversely, non-online first-time female students saw an increase in adjusted retention rates (0.4 percent).
- First-time, full-time minority students enrolled in online courses had an adjusted retention rate of 68.7 percent, which was lower than the adjusted retention rate for first-time, full-time white students enrolled in online courses (73.0 percent) and the overall first-time, full-time adjusted retention rate (72.4 percent).
- Overall, the adjusted retention rate for first-time, full-time minority students enrolled in online courses increased 4.4 percent over the previous year, which outpaced both first-time, full-time white students (-0.5 percent) and the overall first-time, full-time rate (0.2 percent).
- The adjusted retention rate for first-time, full-time minority students not enrolled in online courses was 52.7 percent compared to 62.7 percent for first-time, full-time white students and 59.3 percent for all first-time, full-time students not enrolled in online courses.
- From a year ago, the adjusted retention rate for non-online first-time, full-time minority students decreased -6.0 percent, which was a substantially larger decrease than both first-time, full-time white students (-0.8 percent) and all students (-0.7 percent).
- In fiscal year 2007, the adjusted retention rate for all first-time minority online students was 55.3 percent, which was lower than the rate for both white students (62.2 percent) and the overall total (61.0 percent).
- From the previous year, the rate for first-time minority online students decreased -1.0 percent. White students (-1.3 percent) and the overall adjusted retention rate (-1.3 percent) also saw decreases from the previous year.
- First-time non-online minority students demonstrated an adjusted retention rate of 43.9 percent in fiscal year 2007 compared to 50.8 percent for first-time nononline white students and 48.4 percent for all first-time non-online students.
- From fiscal year 2006, first-time non-online minority students (0.9 percent) increased while white (-0.6 percent) and overall (-0.2 percent) students decreased slightly.

# Online Faculty

- About two-thirds (64.8 percent; N = 6,916) of all faculty at Illinois community colleges who taught online courses in fiscal year 2008 were full-time faculty.
- > 3,761 part-time faculty taught online courses in fiscal year 2008.



### MOVING FORWARD

Online instruction is expected to grow further in the Illinois Community College System. Maximizing the value added by online courses will take continued innovation. According to Haugen, LaBarre, & Melrose (2001) effectively teaching an online class requires faculty to make fundamental changes to the way they organize and deliver classes. Christensen, Horn, & Johnson (2008) add that, while individuals learn best through varying teaching methods and at different paces, instructional methods in online courses have often followed the dominant style in each subject. The authors are interested in applying disruptive approaches to learning and their primary emphasis has been on Pre-school through high school (P-12) instruction. Disruption occurs when "something innovative transforms a market where services or products are complicated and expensive into a simplified more accessible and affordable approach." Originally online course delivery systems took traditional classroom instruction and offered it largely unchanged through the internet. Gradually, online coursework has become more interactive with faculty-facilitated communications among students and applied group projects. Christensen, Johnson & Horn (2008) encourage further movement in this direction with an emphasis on what they call "student centric" learning that would emphasize modular units and applied "real world" problem-based learning by doing. Active student engagement in learning and self-paced mastery learning are seen as key components to getting the most out of the technology. Web-based video, instant messaging, and collaboration tools hold promise for strengthening online instruction. Developers of instructional technology are encouraged to pursue more of an "open source" approach to learning where students can modify materials in innovative ways rather than pursue traditional "closed proprietary source" approaches.

Online instructional delivery offers both opportunities and challenges. Significant opportunities include reaching a more diverse student population and increasing access to higher education for nontraditional students. Potential challenges include the need for continual training and support for faculty, frustrations with technical problems, the potential for student isolation, lack of social environment of a traditional class, and the intense capital need for delivery systems and resources. (Haugen, LaBarre, & Melrose, 2001). Relatedly, increasing the level of social interaction in online courses should be pursued to reduce student anxiety and feelings of isolation (McLemore, 2009). Incorporating adaptable components of social networking software and students collaborating to solve problems through virtual learning communities hold promise for online instruction (Lohr, 2009).

In addition to the changes that must be made to the delivery and content of a course for online instruction, faculty must be very aware of the limitations and potential of the technology they are using (Haugen, LaBarre, & Melrose, 2001). The Illinois Online Network (2007) explains that "if facilitators are not properly trained in online delivery and methodologies, the success of the online program will be compromised". User friendly, reliable technology and faculty training on how to use the technology are essential to the success of online courses.



The U.S. Department of Education's report entitled, *Evaluation of Evidence-Based Practices in Online Learning: A Meta-Analysis and Review of Online Learning Studies* (2009), indicates that online learning outcomes today "tend to be better than conventional instruction" (Lohr, 2009). While the report acknowledges the ongoing need for traditional classroom instruction, it suggests that the prevalence of online education is likely to increase dramatically over the next few years as web-based video, instant messaging, and online collaboration tools become more refined and commonplace. (Lohr, 2009). The increased use of virtual tools and learning systems by instructors in the future will allow students to customize instruction to learn at their own pace in a way that fits with their own learning styles (Lips, 2010). Policies that foster and support the expansion of online instruction hold promise for educating and training additional individuals and position Illinois to compete successfully in the marketplace.



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APPENDIX A

#### Illinois Community College Board Table A-1 INTERNET COURSE COUNTS AND DUPLICATED ENROLLMENTS FOR FISCAL YEARS 2004 - 2008

		FY 2004			FY 2005			FY 2006			FY 2007			FY 2008	
	Course		0	Course		Average	Course		Average			Average	Course		Average
DIST. COLLEGE	<u>Count</u>	Enroll	Enrolled	<u>Count</u>	Enroll	Enrolled	<u>Count</u>	Enroll	Enrolled	<u>Count</u>	Enroll	Enrolled	<u>Count</u>	Enroll	Enrolled
50301 Black Hawk	127	1,364	10.7	137	1,734	12.7	163	2,160	13.3	185	2,867	15.5	239	3,753	15.7
50800 Chicago	(673)	(2,935)	(4.4)	(928)	(4,336)	(4.7)	(915)	(4,037)	(4)	(877)	(5,117)	(5.8)	(922)	(6,225)	(6.8)
50806 Daley	103	404	3.9	136	578	4.3	132	(4,007)	3.9	126	685	(0.0)	132	751	5.7
50801 Kennedy-King	73	157	2.2	115	309	2.7	118	311	2.6	108	418	3.9	121	567	4.7
50803 Malcolm X	92	280	3.0	127	373	2.9	113	312	2.8	102	351	3.4	113	502	4.4
50805 Olive-Harvey	81	207	2.6	122	366	3.0	118	346	2.9	108	393	3.6	107	452	4.2
50804 Truman	102	329	3.2	140	488	3.5	136	424	3.1	132	471	3.6	133	580	4.4
50802 Washington	108	1,044	9.7	140	1,433	10.2	147	1,366	9.3	154	1,855	12.0	153	1,964	12.8
50807 Wright	114	514	4.5	148	789	5.3	151	766	5.1	147	944	6.4	163	1,409	8.6
50701 Danville	186	1,643	8.8	196	1,715	8.8	202	1,879	9.3	223	2,152	9.7	242	2,805	11.6
50201 DuPage	327	4,985	15.2	360	6,089	16.9	297	5,248	17.7	411	7,764	18.9	537	10,818	20.1
50901 Elgin	116	1,160	10.0	150	1,529	10.2	91	1,260	13.8	115	1,562	13.6	177	2,364	13.4
51201 Harper	263	3,022	11.5	362	3,727	10.3	390	4,435	11.4	409	5,254	12.8	469	6,166	13.1
54001 Heartland	91	1,776	19.5	93	1,713	18.4	94	1,858	19.8	108	2,193	20.3	120	2,442	20.4
51901 Highland	59	335	5.7	81	513	6.3	78	532	6.8	92	690	7.5	130	1,165	9.0
51401 Illinois Central	222	3,322	15.0	256	4,156	16.2	330	5,479	16.6	360	5,957	16.5	411	6,992	17.0
52900 Illinois Eastern 52904 Frontier	(144) 13	(1,986) 92	(13.8) 7.1	(179) 20	(2,367) 192	(13.2) 9.6	(257) 20	(3,282) 225	(13) 11.3	(303) 20	(3,477) 196	(11.5) 9.8	(383) 22	(4,442) 289	(11.6)
52904 Fioniter 52901 Lincoln Trail	57	92 1,208	21.2	20 49	838	9.0 17.1	20 58	928	16.0	20 71	891	9.0 12.5	22 95	1.191	13.1 12.5
52902 Olney Central	44	499	11.3	49 68	958	14.1	105	1,424	13.6	131	1,588	12.3	159	1,191	12.5
52903 Wabash Valley	30	187	6.2	42	379	9.0	74	705	9.5	81	802	9.9	107	1,091	10.0
51301 Illinois Valley	46	437	9.5	65	632	9.7	97	1,104	11.4	120	1,339	11.2	154	1,627	10.6
52501 Joliet	124	1.749	14.1	138	2.265	16.4	202	3,392	16.8	235	4.000	17.0	288	4,664	16.2
52001 Kankakee	47	450	9.6	52	698	13.4	85	1,387	16.3	126	2,028	16.1	152	2,587	17.0
50101 Kaskaskia	145	1.680	11.6	282	3,433	12.2	348	4,646	13.4	262	3,982	15.2	471	7,430	15.8
52301 Kishwaukee	90	1,265	14.1	128	1,866	14.6	140	2,123	15.2	197	3,002	15.2	225	3,346	14.9
53201 Lake County	227	4,176	18.4	237	5,033	21.2	250	5,180	20.7	282	6,133	21.7	327	7,475	22.9
51701 Lake Land	250	4,424	17.7	325	5,538	17.0	333	5,959	17.9	314	5,556	17.7	346	5,808	16.8
53601 Lewis & Clark	243	2,769	11.4	283	3,298	11.7	310	3,809	12.3	328	4,154	12.7	396	5,245	13.2
52601 Lincoln Land	199	2,139	10.7	224	2,290	10.2	269	3,174	11.8	308	3,882	12.6	344	4,944	14.4
53001 Logan	54	934	17.3	68	1,165	17.1	73	1,310	17.9	35	656	18.7	3	65	21.7
52801 McHenry	78	1,100	14.1	110	1,628	14.8	150	2,351	15.7	194	3,190	16.4	184	3,149	17.1
52401 Moraine Valley	185	3,728	20.2	204	4,356	21.4	254	5,079	20.0	287	5,015	17.5	309	5,527	17.9
52701 Morton	145	2,244	15.5	252	4,163	16.5	27	588	21.8	50	945	18.9	84	1,308	15.6
53501 Oakton	246	1,639	6.7	307	2,145	7.0	323	2,556	7.9	387	2,995	7.7	399	3,557	8.9
50501 Parkland	442	6,877	15.6	474	7,594	16.0	531	8,777	16.5	620	9,828	15.9	687	11,154	16.2
51501 Prairie State	66	936	14.2	82	1,036	12.6	85	1,211	14.2	141	1,305	9.3	177	1,847	10.4
52101 Rend Lake 53701 Richland	7 98	100 1,234	14.3 12.6	23 112	341 1,468	14.8 13.1	40 131	714 1,681	17.9 12.8	77 162	1,410	18.3	109 217	1,487 2,642	13.6 12.2
51101 Rock Valley	90 94	1,234	12.0	78	1,400	17.0	94	1,601	12.0	102	2,117 1,485	13.1 14.1	151	1,847	12.2
51801 Sandburg	94 327	1,504	5.0	291	1,506	5.2	94 201	1,586	7.9	153	1,465	14.1	188	1,047	12.2
50601 Sauk Valley	118	570	4.8	139	810	5.8	172	1,148	6.7	149	1,360	9.1	165	1,840	11.2
53101 Shawnee	94	983	10.5	104	1.041	10.0	116	1,140	8.8	91	809	8.9	93	1,040	10.8
51001 South Suburban	305	2,261	7.4	294	2,608	8.9	376	2,973	7.9	418	3,043	7.3	406	3,187	7.8
53301 Southeastern	57	954	16.7	77	1,629	21.2	109	1,920	17.6	129	2,365	18.3	154	2,842	18.5
52201 Southwestern	119	1,918	16.1	147	2,352	16.0	171	2,747	16.1	199	3,239	16.3	245	3,909	16.0
53401 Spoon River	76	616	8.1	83	863	10.4	77	992	12.9	80	1,025	12.8	92	1,336	14.5
50401 Triton	117	2,055	17.6	164	2,859	17.4	225	3,919	17.4	214	3,967	18.5	275	5,160	18.8
51601 Waubonsee	316	3,255	10.3	352	3,891	11.1	396	4,977	12.6	327	5,338	16.3	364	6,377	17.5
53901 Wood	<u>135</u>	752	<u>5.6</u>	<u>184</u>	1,046	<u>5.7</u>	<u>191</u>	1,252	<u>6.6</u>	<u>240</u>	1,639	<u>6.8</u>	<u>188</u>	<u>1,373</u>	<u>7.3</u>
TOTALS	6,658	76,898	11.5	8,021	96,757	12.1	8,593	109,344	12.7	9,313	124,577	13.4	10,823	151,832	14.0

SOURCE OF DATA: SU/SR Data Submission. ICCB Policy Studies and Information Technology

#### Illinois Community College Board Table A-1 INTERNET COURSE COUNTS AND DUPLICATED ENROLLMENTS FOR FISCAL YEARS 2004 - 2008 (continued)

One Year Change FY2007-2008 Course Count Enroll Average												
					Average				Enr		Average	
DIST. COLLEGE	<u>N</u>	<u>%</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>%</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>%</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>%</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>%</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>%</u>
50301 Black Hawk	54	29.2%	886	30.9%	0.2	1.3%	112	88.2%	2,389	175.1%	5.0	46.2%
50800 Chicago	(45)	(5.1%)	(1,108)	(21.7%)	(1.0)	(17.2%)	(249)	(37.0%)	(3,290)	(112.1%)	(2.4)	(54.4%)
50806 Daley	6	4.8%	66	9.6%	0.3	4.7%	29	28.2%	347	85.9%	1.8	45.1%
50801 Kennedy-King	13	12.0%	149	35.6%	0.8	21.1%	48	65.8%	410	261.1%	2.5	117.9%
50803 Malcolm X	11	10.8%	151	43.0%	1.0	29.1%	21	22.8%	222	79.3%	1.4	46.0%
50805 Olive-Harvey	-1	-0.9%	59	15.0%	0.6	16.1%	26	32.1%	245	118.4%	1.7	65.3%
50804 Truman	1	0.8%	109	23.1%	0.8	22.2%	31	30.4%	251	76.3%	1.1	35.2%
50802 Washington	-1	-0.6%	109	5.9%	0.8	6.6%	45	41.7%	920	88.1%	3.2	32.8%
50807 Wright	16	10.9%	465	49.3%	2.2	34.6%	49	43.0%	895	174.1%	4.1	91.7%
50701 Danville	19	8.5%	653	30.3%	1.9	20.1%	56	30.1%	1,162	70.7%	2.8	31.2%
50201 DuPage	126	30.7%	3,054	39.3%	1.3	6.6%	210	64.2%	5,833	117.0%	4.9	32.1%
50901 Elgin	62	53.9%	802	51.3%	-0.2	-1.7%	61	52.6%	1,204	103.8%	3.4	33.6%
51201 Harper	60	14.7%	912	17.4%	0.3	2.3%	206	78.3%	3,144	104.0%	1.7	14.4%
54001 Heartland	12	11.1%	249	11.4%	0.0	0.2%	29	31.9%	666	37.5%	0.8	4.3%
51901 Highland	38	41.3%	475	68.8%	1.5	19.5%	71	120.3%	830	247.8%	3.3	57.8%
51401 Illinois Central	51	14.2%	1.035	17.4%	0.5	2.8%	189	85.1%	3.670	110.5%	2.0	13.7%
52900 Illinois Eastern	(80)	(26.4%)	(965)	(27.8%)	()	()	(239)	(166.0%)	(2.456)	(123.7%)	()	()
52904 Frontier	2	10.0%	93	47.4%	3.3	34.0%	()	69.2%	197	214.1%	6.1	85.6%
52901 Lincoln Trail	24	33.8%	300	33.7%	0.0	-0.1%	38	66.7%	-17	-1.4%	-8.7	-40.8%
52902 Olney Central	28	21.4%	303	19.1%	-0.2	-1.9%	115	261.4%	1,392	279.0%	0.6	4.9%
52903 Wabash Valley	26	32.1%	269	33.5%	0.1	1.1%	77	256.7%	884	472.7%	3.8	60.6%
51301 Illinois Valley	34	28.3%	288	21.5%	-0.6	-5.3%	108	234.8%	1,190	272.3%	1.1	11.2%
52501 Joliet	53	22.6%	664	16.6%	-0.8	-4.9%	164	132.3%	2,915	166.7%	2.1	14.8%
52001 Kankakee	26	20.6%	559	27.6%	0.0	5.7%	105	223.4%	2,137	474.9%	7.4	77.8%
50101 Kaskaskia	209	79.8%	3.448	86.6%	0.6	3.8%	326	224.8%	5.750	342.3%	4.2	36.2%
52301 Kishwaukee	203	14.2%	344	11.5%	-0.4	-2.4%	135	150.0%	2,081	164.5%	0.8	5.8%
53201 Lake County	45	16.0%	1,342	21.9%	1.1	5.1%	100	44.1%	3,299	79.0%	4.5	24.3%
51701 Lake Land	32	10.0%	252	4.5%	-0.9	-5.1%	96	38.4%	1,384	31.3%	-0.9	-5.1%
53601 Lewis & Clark	68	20.7%	1,091	26.3%	-0.9	4.6%	153	63.0%	2,476	89.4%	-0.9	16.2%
52601 Lincoln Land	36	11.7%	1,091	20.3%	1.8	14.0%	145	72.9%	2,470	131.1%	3.6	33.7%
53001 Logan	-32	-91.4%	-591	-90.1%	2.9	15.6%	-51	-94.4%	-869	-93.0%	3.0 4.4	25.3%
0	-32 -10	-91.4%	-391	-90.1%	2.9	4.1%	106	-94.4% 135.9%	2.049		4.4 3.0	25.3%
52801 McHenry	-10	-5.2% 7.7%	-41 512	-1.3%		4.1% 2.4%	106	67.0%	,	186.3%	-2.3	-11.2%
52401 Moraine Valley 52701 Morton	22 34	68.0%	363	38.4%	0.4 -3.3	-17.6%	-61	-42.1%	1,799 -936	48.3% -41.7%	-2.3	0.6%
	34 12											
53501 Oakton		3.1%	562	18.8%	1.2	15.2%	153	62.2%	1,918	117.0%	2.3	33.8%
50501 Parkland	67	10.8%	1,326	13.5%	0.4	2.4%	245	55.4%	4,277	62.2%	0.7	4.4%
51501 Prairie State	36	25.5%	542	41.5%	1.2	12.7%	111	168.2%	911	97.3%	-3.7	-26.4%
52101 Rend Lake	32	41.6%	77	5.5%	-4.7	-25.5%		1457.1%	,	1387.0%	-0.6	-4.5%
53701 Richland	55	34.0%	525	24.8%	-0.9	-6.8%	119	121.4%	1,408	114.1%	-0.4	-3.3%
51101 Rock Valley	46	43.8%	362	24.4%	-1.9	-13.5%	57	60.6%	343	22.8%	-3.8	-23.6%
51801 Sandburg	35	22.9%	184	10.6%	-1.1	-10.0%	-139	-42.5%	300	18.5%	5.3	106.1%
50601 Sauk Valley	16	10.7%	480	35.3%	2.0	22.2%	47	39.8%	1,270	222.8%	6.3	130.9%
53101 Shawnee	2	2.2%	197	24.4%	1.9	21.7%	-1	-1.1%	23	2.3%	0.4	3.4%
51001 South Suburban	-12	-2.9%	144	4.7%	0.6	7.8%	101	33.1%	926	41.0%	0.4	5.9%
53301 Southeastern	25	19.4%	477	20.2%	0.1	0.7%	97	170.2%	1,888	197.9%	1.7	10.3%
52201 Southwestern	46	23.1%	670	20.7%	-0.3	-2.0%	126	105.9%	1,991	103.8%	-0.2	-1.0%
53401 Spoon River	12	15.0%	311	30.3%	1.7	13.3%	16	21.1%	720	116.9%	6.4	79.2%
50401 Triton	61	28.5%	1,193	30.1%	0.2	1.2%	158	135.0%	3,105	151.1%	1.2	6.8%
51601 Waubonsee	37	11.3%	1,039	19.5%	1.2	7.3%	48	15.2%	3,122	95.9%	7.2	70.1%
53901 Wood	<u>-52</u>	<u>-21.7%</u>	<u>-266</u>	<u>-16.2%</u>	<u>0.5</u>	<u>6.9%</u>	<u>53</u>	<u>39.3%</u>	<u>621</u>	<u>82.6%</u>	<u>1.7</u>	<u>31.1%</u>
TOTALS	1,510	16.2%	27,255	21.9%	0.7	4.9%	4,165	62.6%	74,934	97.4%	2.5	21.5%

SOURCE OF DATA: SU/SR Data Submission. ICCB Policy Studies and Information Technology

### Illinois Community College Board Table A-2 ANNUAL INTERNET CREDIT HEADCOUNT ENROLLMENTS FISCAL YEAR 2008

		FY 2008		FY 200		FY 2008 Total	
<u>District</u>	College Name	Internet <u>Headcount</u>	<u>%</u>	Non-Inte <u>Headcount</u>	<u>%</u>	Headcount	
503	Black Hawk	1,509	12.2%	10,817	87.8%	12,326	
	Chicago	(4,524)	(4.7%)	(90,783)	(95.3%)	(95,307)	
06	Daley	560	3.9%	13,936	96.1%	14,496	
01	Kennedy-King	335	3.2%	10,008	96.8%	10,343	
03	Malcolm X	374	3.4%	10,767	96.6%	11,141	
05	Olive-Harvey	330	4.8%	6,482	95.2%	6,812	
04	Truman	494	2.5%	18,928	97.5%	19,422	
02	Washington	1,557	9.4%	15,084	90.6%	16,641	
07	Wilbur-Wright	874	5.3%	15,578	94.7%	16,452	
507	Danville	1,158	12.8%	7,909	87.2%	9,067	
502	DuPage	3,982	9.3%	38,917	90.7%	42,899	
509	Elgin	1,169	7.3%	14,811	92.7%	15,980	
512	Harper	3,031	11.7%	22,786	88.3%	25,817	
	Heartland	853	9.6%	8,004	90.4%	8,857	
519	Highland	486	9.1%	4,847	90.9%	5,333	
	Illinois Central	3,507	18.2%	15,745	81.8%	19,252	
529	Illinois Eastern	(1,576)	(4.9%)	(30,673)	(95.1%)	(32,249)	
04	Frontier	191	2.3%	8,269	97.7%	8,460	
01	Lincoln Trail	416	14.4%	2,466	85.6%	2,882	
02	Olney Central	659	22.6%	2,256	77.4%	2,915	
03	Wabash Valley	310	1.7%	17,682	98.3%	17,992	
	Illinois Valley	646	8.3%	7,109	91.7%	7,755	
	Joliet	2,300	9.1%	22,979	90.9%	25,279	
	Kankakee	1,219	13.5%	7,821	86.5%	9,040	
501	Kaskaskia	2,536	26.8%	6,939	73.2%	9,475	
	Kishwaukee	1,465	18.8%	6,315	81.2%	7,780	
	Lake County	3,242	11.6%	24,600	88.4%	27,842	
	Lake Land	_	-	_	-	16,859	
	Lewis & Clark	2,008	15.8%	10,731	84.2%	12,739	
	Lincoln Land	2,002	14.1%	12,213	85.9%	14,215	
	Logan	1,183	5.7%	19,415	94.3%	20,598	
	McHenry	1,545	14.7%	8,954	85.3%	10,499	
	Moraine Valley	2,684	8.8%	27,828	91.2%	30,512	
-	Morton	-	-	-	-	7,410	
	Oakton	2,051	6.1%	31,702	93.9%	33,753	
	Parkland	5,137	30.7%	11,587	69.3%	16,724	
	Prairie State	836	7.5%	10,356	92.5%	11,192	
	Rend Lake	4 000	40.40/	- 5 004	-	13,187	
	Richland	1,338	18.4%	5,931	81.6%	7,269	
	Rock Valley	957	6.3%	14,197	93.7%	15,154	
	Sandburg Sauk Valley	658 822	14.4% 13.7%	3,898 5 107	85.6%	4,556	
	Shawnee	823	13.7%	5,197	86.3%	6,020	
	South Suburban	489 1,616	6.2% 10.2%	7,416 14,227	93.8%	7,905 15,843	
	Southeastern*	862	12.2%	6,197	89.8% 87.8%	7,059	
	Southwestern/Bellevill	2,009	7.8%	23,629	87.8% 92.2%	25,638	
	Spoon River	658	14.0%	4,027		4,685	
	Triton	1,998	8.5%	21,393	86.0% 91.5%	23,391	
	Waubonsee	2,821	15.0%	21,393 15,990	91.5% 85.0%	18,811	
	Wood	<u>825</u>	<u>19.1%</u>	<u>3,505</u>	80.9%	<u>4,330</u>	
000		020	10.170	0,000	00.070	4,000	
	TOTALS/AVERAGES	65,703	9.6%	616,904	90.4%	682,607	

### Illinois Community College Board Table A-3 SUMMARY COMPARISON OF ANNUAL INTERNET FTE\* ENROLLMENTS BY COLLEGE, FISCAL YEAR 2008

District College Name	FY 2008 INTERNET <u>FTE</u>	FY 2008 NON INTERNET <u>FTE</u>	FY 2008 TOTAL <u>FTE</u>
503 Black Hawk	851	4,010	4,861
508 Chicago	(2,314)	(37,474)	(39,788)
06 Daley	283	6,898	7,181
01 Kennedy-King	195	3,899	4,095
03 Malcolm X	212	4,685	4,896
05 Olive-Harvey	189	2,543	2,732
04 Truman	231	7,918	8,149
02 Washington	771	5,163	5,934
07 Wilbur-Wright	432	6,368	6,800
507 Danville	700	1,399	2,099
502 DuPage	1,798	15,327	17,125
509 Elgin	663	5,794	6,457
512 Harper	1,552	9,121	10,672
540 Heartland	460	2,926	3,387
519 Highland	271	1,497	1,768
514 Illinois Central	1,898	5,853	7,752
529 Illinois Eastern	(1,132)	(5,038)	(6,170)
04 Frontier	118	952	1,070
01 Lincoln Trail	331	961	1,292
02 Olney Central	498	959	1,457
03 Wabash Valley	186	2,166	2,351
513 Illinois Valley 525 Joliet	393	2,559	2,952
520 Kankakee	1,300 713	7,812	9,111
501 Kaskaskia	1,571	2,121 2,105	2,834 3,676
523 Kishwaukee	883	2,105	3,075
532 Lake County	1,460	8,188	9,647
517 Lake Land		6,074	6,074
536 Lewis & Clark	1,147	3,423	4,570
526 Lincoln Land	1,024	3,906	4,931
530 Logan	801	3,849	4,650
528 McHenry	834	3,218	4,052
524 Moraine Valley	1,545	10,054	11,599
527 Morton		2,577	2,577
535 Oakton	921	6,772	7,693
505 Parkland	2,535	4,311	6,846
515 Prairie State	497	3,584	4,081
521 Rend Lake		3,311	3,311
537 Richland	661	1,805	2,465
511 Rock Valley	492	5,067	5,560
518 Sandburg	395	1,414	1,809
506 Sauk Valley	504	1,328	1,832
531 Shawnee	285	1,617	1,902
510 South Suburban	703	4,409	5,112
533 Southeastern 522 Southwestern	606	1,291	1,897
522 Southwestern 534 Spoon River	1,072 370	8,244 1,010	9,316 1,379
504 Triton	1,168	7,487	8,655
516 Waubonsee	1,342	5,026	6,368
539 Wood	428	<u>1,421</u>	<u>1,849</u>
500 11000	120	<u>,,,,</u>	1,010
TOTALS/AVERAGES	35,287	204,594	239,881

\*Full-time equivalent enrollments are based on all credit hours attempted including nonreimburseable credit hours). SOURCE OF DATA: Annual Enrollment (A1) Records

#### Illinois Community College Board Table A-4 COMPARISON OF ANNUAL HEADCOUNT INTERNET ENROLLMENTS BY AGE CATEGORY FISCAL YEAR 2008

District College Name	Internet	16 & Under Non Internet	<u>Total</u>	Internet	17-20 <u>Non Internet</u>	<u>Total</u>	Internet	21-24 Non Internet	<u>Total</u>	Internet	25-30 Non Internet	<u>Total</u>	Internet	31-39 Non Internet	<u>Total</u>
503 Black Hawk	0.0%	0.4%	0.4%	25.2%	31.6%	30.8%	26.3%	18.1%	19.1%	18.2%	14.7%	15.1%	16.4%	13.5%	13.8%
508 Chicago	(0.0%)	(0.2%)	(0.2%)	(7.5%)	(17.5%)	(17.0%)	(30.5%)	(21.6%)	(22.1%)	(31.0%)	(21.4%)	(21.8%)	(19.3%)	(19.0%)	(19.0%)
06 Daley	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%	7.0%	15.1%	14.8%	26.3%	22.9%	23.0%	28.8%	23.6%	23.8%	21.4%	21.9%	21.9%
01 Kennedy-King	0.0%	0.1%	0.1%	4.8%	22.8%	22.2%	20.0%	20.5%	20.5%	27.5%	19.2%	19.5%	27.8%	16.5%	16.8%
03 Malcolm X	0.0%	0.2%	0.2%	3.2%	18.5%	18.0%	23.9%	19.0%	19.1%	35.4%	19.9%	20.4%	24.4%	19.0%	19.2%
05 Olive-Harvey	0.0%	0.2%	0.2%	3.6%	24.5%	23.5%	21.5%	20.4%	20.5%	30.6%	17.4%	18.0%	27.3%	17.9%	18.3%
04 Truman	0.0%	0.2%	0.2%	2.4%	11.8%	11.6%	23.1%	19.4%	19.5%	39.4%	24.8%	25.2%	24.3%	22.4%	22.4%
02 Washington	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%	9.2%	15.6%	15.0%	37.0%	22.9%	24.3%	30.7%		22.0%	14.8%	17.5%	17.2%
07 Wilbur-Wright	0.0%	0.4%	0.4%	12.0%	21.5%	21.0%	36.3%	25.0%	25.6%	27.8%	19.6%	20.0%	14.7%	16.0%	15.9%
507 Danville	0.2%	1.1%	1.0%	33.6%	17.6%	19.8%	22.2%	9.0%	10.8%	16.8%	12.9%	13.4%	14.5%	18.0%	17.5%
502 DuPage	0.1% 0.0%	0.2% 0.4%	0.2% 0.4%	20.1%	27.6% 28.4%	26.9%	36.1% 32.6%	26.1% 23.5%	27.1% 24.2%	17.5% 19.2%	14.6%	14.9% 15.9%	13.4%	11.8% 14.1%	12.0% 13.9%
509 Elgin		0.4%		22.6%	28.4% 30.8%	28.0%	32.6%		24.2% 28.2%		15.6%		11.4%	14.1%	13.9%
512 Harper	0.0%		0.0%	21.6%		29.7%		27.6%		16.1%	16.1%	16.1%	14.5%	12.1%	
540 Heartland	0.2% 0.2%	0.3% 0.9%	0.3% 0.8%	20.0% 25.9%	30.0% 38.3%	29.0% 37.1%	35.2% 21.4%	28.9% 14.2%	29.5% 14.9%	18.6% 16.7%	15.5% 9.2%	15.8% 9.9%	15.5% 15.0%	9.9%	12.6% 10.4%
519 Highland 514 Illinois Central	0.2%	0.9%	0.8%	25.9% 23.0%	38.3% 33.3%	37.1%	21.4%	14.2% 22.0%	23.4%	16.7%	9.2% 14.8%	9.9% 15.3%	15.0% 16.9%	9.9% 12.8%	10.4%
529 Illinois Eastern	(0.0%)	(5.9%)	(5.9%)					(7.0%)	(7.8%)			(11.1%)		(15.7%)	(15.6%)
04 Frontier	(0.0%)	(5.9%)	(5.9%) 18.7%	(29.8%) 23.6%	(14.3%) 23.1%	(15.1%) 23.1%	(23.2%) 18.3%	(7.0%) 4.6%	(7.8%)	(15.2%) 16.2%	(10.9%) 7.9%	(11.1%) 8.1%	(14.3%) 20.4%	12.6%	(15.6%)
01 Lincoln Trail	0.0%	1.9%	1.6%	33.2%	24.0%	25.3%	21.6%	4.0%	4.9%	13.7%	13.4%	13.5%	13.5%	15.7%	12.8%
02 Olney Central	0.0%	1.9%	1.0%	28.5%	32.3%	23.3 <i>%</i> 31.4%	23.1%	14.2%	16.2%	17.8%	10.2%	11.9%	15.3%	11.1%	12.0%
03 Wabash Valley	0.0%	1.2%	0.9%	31.9%	6.6%	7.0%	28.4%	6.5%	6.9%	11.3%	12.0%	12.0%	9.7%	17.6%	17.5%
513 Illinois Valley	0.0%	0.8%	0.3%	25.1%	33.8%	33.1%	25.4%	18.4%	19.0%	18.9%	14.7%	15.0%	17.5%	12.4%	12.8%
525 Joliet	0.2%	1.3%	1.2%	23.1%	32.9%	31.9%	25.4%	19.2%	20.0%	17.1%	16.7%	16.7%	16.9%	12.4%	12.8%
520 Kankakee	0.0%	2.5%	2.2%	25.9%	26.0%	26.0%	27.2%	14.4%	16.1%	16.2%	14.1%	14.4%	16.9%	13.6%	14.1%
501 Kaskaskia	1.0%	12.8%	9.7%	36.5%	36.8%	36.8%	27.2%	11.0%	15.3%	13.8%	9.6%	10.7%	11.2%	9.9%	10.3%
523 Kishwaukee	0.2%	0.7%	0.6%	27.8%	36.6%	34.9%	35.6%	28.8%	30.1%	16.4%	13.0%	13.7%	9.6%	10.3%	10.2%
532 Lake County	0.1%	0.3%	0.3%	21.3%	27.3%	26.6%	31.2%	22.7%	23.7%	17.7%	14.8%	15.1%	14.1%	14.6%	14.5%
517 Lake Land		1.1%	1.1%		24.0%	24.0%		16.9%	16.9%		15.7%	15.7%		17.8%	17.8%
536 Lewis & Clark	0.0%	14.1%	11.9%	21.7%	41.6%	38.4%	28.8%	15.0%	17.2%	19.3%	10.2%	11.7%	15.2%	7.9%	9.0%
526 Lincoln Land	0.4%	1.0%	0.9%	21.7%	33.9%	32.1%	24.3%	19.4%	20.1%	18.6%	13.4%	14.1%	17.7%	11.6%	12.5%
530 Logan	0.8%	2.2%	2.1%	23.2%	17.0%	17.4%	31.4%	13.5%	14.6%	14.9%	11.1%	11.3%	14.5%	12.6%	12.7%
528 McHenry	0.1%	0.5%	0.4%	30.0%	33.0%	32.5%	32.8%	23.3%	24.7%	11.3%	13.6%	13.3%	11.1%	12.1%	11.9%
524 Moraine Valley	0.0%	3.2%	2.9%	22.8%	33.0%	32.1%	39.2%	23.6%	25.0%	16.5%	13.2%	13.5%	11.4%	11.1%	11.2%
527 Morton		0.6%	0.6%		23.1%	23.1%		23.9%	23.9%		19.1%	19.1%		18.7%	18.7%
535 Oakton	0.1%	0.7%	0.6%	16.4%	15.7%	15.7%	29.3%	15.4%	16.2%	21.4%	9.9%	10.6%	15.4%	8.6%	9.0%
505 Parkland	0.0%	0.9%	0.7%	23.1%	33.5%	30.3%	41.5%	24.2%	29.5%	16.2%	14.3%	14.9%	10.8%	11.3%	11.2%
515 Prairie State	0.1%	0.8%	0.8%	16.5%	27.5%	26.6%	28.0%	20.4%	21.0%	18.3%	15.0%	15.2%	18.0%	15.4%	15.6%
521 Rend Lake		6.9%	6.9%		23.7%	23.7%		9.2%	9.2%		10.8%	10.8%		14.7%	14.7%
537 Richland	0.0%	2.3%	1.8%	25.9%	29.5%	28.8%	22.7%	16.0%	17.3%	18.6%	15.2%	15.9%	15.6%	16.9%	16.7%
511 Rock Valley	0.0%	0.8%	0.7%	17.7%	30.8%	30.0%	26.3%	21.7%	22.0%	21.3%	14.9%	15.3%	17.7%	13.6%	13.8%
518 Sandburg	0.2%	0.5%	0.5%	26.2%	33.7%	32.6%	21.8%	16.9%	17.6%	19.4%	12.8%	13.8%	14.9%	12.2%	12.6%
506 Sauk Valley	0.0%	1.2%	1.0%	34.3%	34.2%	34.2%	23.3%	11.5%	13.1%	14.7%	9.7%	10.4%	15.3%	13.0%	13.4%
531 Shawnee	0.4%	2.2%	2.1%	16.6%	23.2%	22.8%	24.1%	10.5%	11.3%	19.4%	10.7%	11.3%	20.4%	15.3%	15.6%
510 South Suburban	0.1%	3.7%	3.3%	9.8%	22.5%	21.2%	21.5%	16.4%	16.9%	22.0%	14.4%	15.1%	22.6%	16.6%	17.2%
533 Southeastern	1.5%	9.9%	8.8%	42.6%	25.4%	27.5%	22.5%	12.1%	13.4%	13.6%	11.4%	11.7%	9.3%	13.2%	12.7%
522 Southwestern	0.0%	1.0%	0.9%	14.3%	31.8%	30.4%	29.4%	21.4%	22.0%	21.2%	16.2%	16.6%	19.0%	12.6%	13.1%
534 Spoon River	0.2%	0.3%	0.3%	31.4%	26.0%	26.7%	29.1%	19.6%	20.9%	14.2%	12.2%	12.5%	13.2%	12.9%	13.0%
504 Triton	0.0%	0.5%	0.5%	18.5%	23.4%	23.0%	33.2%	21.1%	22.2%	21.6%	18.0%	18.3%	13.5%	15.9%	15.7%
516 Waubonsee	0.0%	2.0%	1.7%	22.0%	30.6%	29.3%	31.1%	20.8%	22.3%	17.6%	15.9%	16.2%	15.1%	15.1%	15.1%
539 Wood	<u>0.1%</u>	<u>2.7%</u>	<u>2.2%</u>	<u>28.7%</u>	<u>38.3%</u>	<u>36.5%</u>	<u>26.3%</u>	<u>21.8%</u>	<u>22.7%</u>	<u>14.9%</u>	<u>13.4%</u>	<u>13.7%</u>	<u>16.8%</u>	<u>10.0%</u>	<u>11.3%</u>
TOTALS	0.1%	1.8%	1.6%	22.2%	26.0%	25.6%	30.5%	19.5%	20.6%	18.4%	15.0%	15.3%	14.9%	14.0%	14.1%

#### Illinois Community College Board Table A-4 COMPARISON OF ANNUAL HEADCOUNT INTERNET ENROLLMENTS BY AGE CATEGORY FISCAL YEAR 2008 (continued)

	Esta	ablished Worke 40-55	ers	Seasoned Workers Over 55				onal Higher Ed N 4 Years & Unde		Early to Mid Career 25 to 39 Years		
District College Name	Internet	Non Internet	Total	Internet	Non Internet	Total	Internet	Non Internet	<u>Total</u>		Non Internet	<u>Total</u>
503 Black Hawk	13.0%	16.7%	16.2%	0.9%		4.5%	51.6%		50.3%	34.6%	28.2%	29.0%
508 Chicago	(10.7%)	(16.4%)	(16.2%)	(0.9%)	(3.8%)	(3.7%)	(38.1%)	(39.3%)	(39.3%)	(50.3%)	(40.4%)	(40.9%)
06 Daley	15.9%	14.3%	14.4%	0.7%	2.0%	2.0%	33.2%	38.1%	37.9%	50.2%	45.6%	45.7%
01 Kennedy-King	17.9%	16.8%	16.8%	2.1%	4.1%	4.0%	24.8%	43.4%	42.8%	55.2%	35.7%	36.3%
03 Malcolm X	12.1%	19.0%	18.8%	1.1%	4.4%	4.3%	27.1%	37.7%	37.3%	59.8%	38.9%	39.6%
05 Olive-Harvey	16.1%	16.2%	16.2%	0.9%	3.3%	3.2%	25.2%	45.2%	44.2%	57.9%	35.3%	36.4%
04 Truman	10.1%	16.7%	16.5%	0.6%	4.7%	4.6%	25.6%	31.5%	31.3%	63.7%	47.2%	47.6%
02 Washington	7.5%	18.2%	17.2%	0.8%	4.7%	4.3%	46.2%	38.6%	39.3%	45.5%	38.5%	39.2%
07 Wilbur-Wright	8.2%	14.4%	14.1%	0.9%		3.0%	48.3%		47.0%	42.5%	35.6%	36.0%
507 Danville	11.4%	31.0%	28.4%	1.3%	10.3%	9.1%	56.0%	27.8%	31.5%	31.3%	30.9%	31.0%
502 DuPage	11.5%	14.3%	14.1%	1.3%		4.9%	56.3%		54.1%	30.9%	26.5%	26.9%
509 Elgin	12.1%	14.1%	13.9%	2.2%		3.8%	55.2%		52.6%	30.5%	29.7%	29.8%
512 Harper	13.6%	11.4%	11.6%	1.6%		2.0%	54.2%		58.0%	30.6%	28.1%	28.4%
540 Heartland	10.1%	11.3%	11.2%	0.4%		1.6%	55.5%		58.8%	34.1%	27.8%	28.4%
519 Highland	18.7%	16.4%	16.6%	2.1%		10.3%	47.5%		52.8%	31.7%	19.1%	20.3%
514 Illinois Central	11.6%	13.6%	13.2%	0.9%		2.5%	53.1%		55.3%	34.4%	27.6%	28.9%
529 Illinois Eastern	(15.9%)	(31.5%)	(30.7%)	(1.6%)		(14.1%)	(53.0%)		(28.5%)	(29.6%)	(26.5%)	(26.7%)
04 Frontier	19.9%	22.9%	22.9%	1.6%		9.5%	41.9%		46.7%	36.6%	20.5%	20.9%
01 Lincoln Trail	16.1%	17.1%	17.0%	1.9%		14.3%	54.8%		39.9%	27.2%	29.2%	28.9%
02 Olney Central	14.3%	16.1%	15.7%	1.1%		11.7%	51.6%		48.6%	33.1%	21.3%	24.0%
03 Wabash Valley	16.5%	39.5%	39.1%	2.3%		16.5%	60.3%		14.9%	21.0%	29.6%	29.5%
513 Illinois Valley	11.9%	15.6%	15.3%	1.1%		4.1%	50.6%		52.8%	36.4%	23.0%	23.5%
525 Joliet	15.3%	14.4%	14.5%	1.1%		2.5%	49.4%		52.8% 53.1%	36.4%	29.5%	27.8%
			14.5%			2.3 <i>%</i> 7.7%						29.9%
520 Kankakee 501 Kaskaskia	12.8% 9.8%	20.6% 12.5%	19.5%	0.9% 0.7%		7.7% 5.6%	53.2% 64.6%		44.4% 61.7%	33.1% 25.0%	27.7% 19.5%	28.5% 21.0%
523 Kishwaukee	9.6%	8.8%	8.9%	0.8%		1.6%	63.7%		65.6%	26.0%	23.3%	23.8%
532 Lake County	14.5%	16.7%	16.4%	1.2%		3.4%	52.5%		50.5%	31.8%	29.4%	29.7%
517 Lake Land		20.7%	20.7%			3.8%			42.0%		33.5%	33.5%
536 Lewis & Clark	13.5%	8.8%	9.5%	1.4%		2.2%	50.5%		67.5%	34.5%	18.1%	20.7%
526 Lincoln Land	15.5%	16.0%	15.9%	1.8%		4.4%	46.4%		53.1%	36.3%	24.9%	26.6%
530 Logan	12.2%	23.1%	22.4%	3.0%		19.6%	55.5%		34.0%	29.4%	23.6%	24.0%
528 McHenry	13.7%	14.4%	14.3%	1.0%		2.9%	62.9%		57.6%	22.4%	25.7%	25.2%
524 Moraine Valley	9.1%	13.1%	12.8%	1.0%		2.5%	62.0%		60.1%	27.9%	24.3%	24.6%
527 Morton		12.4%	12.4%		2.2%	2.2%		47.5%	47.5%		37.8%	37.8%
535 Oakton	14.0%	43.9%	42.1%	3.5%		5.7%	45.7%		32.6%	36.8%	18.5%	19.6%
505 Parkland	7.5%	12.4%	10.9%	0.9%		2.7%	64.6%		60.4%	27.0%	25.6%	26.0%
515 Prairie State	16.8%	16.1%	16.2%	2.3%		4.7%	44.7%		48.4%	36.3%	30.4%	30.8%
521 Rend Lake		23.1%	23.1%		11.6%	11.6%		39.8%	39.8%		25.5%	25.5%
537 Richland	15.3%	16.2%	16.1%	1.9%		3.5%	48.6%		47.9%	34.2%	32.2%	32.6%
511 Rock Valley	15.0%	14.9%	14.9%	2.0%		3.3%	44.0%		52.7%	39.0%	28.4%	29.1%
518 Sandburg	15.9%	15.9%	15.9%	1.7%		7.1%	48.2%		50.6%	34.3%	25.0%	26.4%
506 Sauk Valley	11.1%	21.3%	19.9%	1.3%	9.1%	8.0%	57.6%		48.4%	30.0%	22.8%	23.8%
531 Shawnee	18.2%	27.0%	26.4%	0.8%	11.1%	10.5%	41.1%	35.9%	36.2%	39.9%	26.0%	26.9%
510 South Suburban	21.2%	20.4%	20.5%	2.8%		5.8%	31.5%		41.4%	44.6%	30.9%	32.3%
533 Southeastern	9.9%	19.6%	18.4%	0.7%	8.3%	7.4%	66.6%	47.4%	49.8%	22.9%	24.7%	24.4%
522 Southwestern	14.8%	14.2%	14.3%	1.2%	2.9%	2.8%	43.8%	54.1%	53.3%	40.2%	28.8%	29.7%
534 Spoon River	11.3%	21.8%	20.3%	0.8%	7.3%	6.4%	60.6%	45.8%	47.9%	27.4%	25.1%	25.4%
504 Triton	11.2%	16.5%	16.1%	2.0%	4.5%	4.3%	51.7%	45.0%	45.6%	35.1%	33.9%	34.0%
516 Waubonsee	12.9%	13.0%	13.0%	1.2%	2.6%	2.3%	53.2%	53.4%	53.4%	32.7%	31.1%	31.3%
539 Wood	<u>12.6%</u>	<u>11.2%</u>	<u>11.5%</u>	<u>0.5%</u>		<u>2.1%</u>	<u>55.2%</u>		<u>61.4%</u>	<u>31.8%</u>	<u>23.4%</u>	<u>25.0%</u>
TOTALS	12.5%	18.2%	17.7%	1.3%	5.5%	5.1%	52.9%	47.3%	47.8%	33.3%	29.0%	29.5%

#### Illinois Community College Board Table A-5 FISCAL YEAR 2008 HEADCOUNT INTERNET ENROLLMENTS IN INSTRUCTIONAL PROGRAM AREAS BY AGE GROUP

	<u>16 &amp; Ur</u>	nder	<u>17-2</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>21-2</u>	24	<u>25-3</u>	<u>80</u>	<u>31-3</u>	9	<u>40-5</u>	<u>i5</u>	Over	<u>55</u>	<u>Unkno</u>	wn	Tot	al
General Associate (1.0)	1 1.1%	0.0%	799 5.5%	17.6%	1,280 6.4%	28.3%	1,053 8.7%	23.2%	818 8.4%	18.1%	527 6.4%	11.6%	44 5.0%	1.0%	8 7.8%	0.2%	4,530 6.9%	100.0%
Bacc/Transfer (1.1)	67 74.4%	0.2%	10,667 73.2%	27.4%	13,705 68.4%	35.2%	6,421 53.3%	16.5%	4,463 45.7%	11.5%	3,270 39.8%	8.4%	324 36.6%	0.8%	24 23.3%	0.1%	38,941 59.3%	100.0%
Career & Technical Ed. (1.2)	10 11.1%	0.1%	2,746 18.8%	13.9%	4,625 23.1%	23.4%	4,145 34.4%	21.0%	4,000 40.9%	20.3%	3,821 46.5%	19.4%	368 41.6%	1.9%	12 11.7%	0.1%	19,727 30.0%	100.0%
Vocational Skills (1.6)	7 7.8%	0.8%	87 0.6%	9.4%	69 0.3%	7.5%	121 1.0%	13.1%	171 1.7%	18.5%	318 3.9%	34.4%	108 12.2%	11.7%	43 41.7%	4.7%	924 1.4%	100.0%
ABE/ASE (1.7/1.8)	1 1.1%	0.3%	97 0.7%	26.1%	64 0.3%	17.3%	72 0.6%	19.4%	75 0.8%	20.2%	53 0.6%	14.3%	7 0.8%	1.9%	2 1.9%	0.5%	371 0.6%	100.0%
ESL (1.9)	1 1.1%	0.2%	30 0.2%	6.6%	83 0.4%	18.4%	123 1.0%	27.2%	118 1.2%	26.1%	91 1.1%	20.1%	5 0.6%	1.1%	1 1.0%	0.2%	452 0.7%	100.0%
General Studies Cert (1.5)	3 <u>3.3%</u>	0.4%	150 <u>1.0%</u>	19.8%	197 <u>1.0%</u>	26.0%	109 <u>0.9%</u>	14.4%	128 <u>1.3%</u>	16.9%	129 <u>1.6%</u>	17.0%	29 <u>3.3%</u>	3.8%	13 <u>12.6%</u>	1.7%	758 <u>1.2%</u>	100.0%
TOTALS	90 100.0%	0.1%	14,576 100.0%	22.2%	20,023 100.0%	30.5%	12,044 100.0%	18.3%	9,773 100.0%	14.9%	8,209 100.0%	12.5%	885 100.0%	1.3%	103 100.0%	0.2%	65,703 100.0%	100.0%

### Illinois Community College Board Table A-6 MALE AND FEMALE ANNUAL HEADCOUNT INTERNET ENROLLMENTS FISCAL YEAR 2008

	Intern	<u>et</u>	Non-Inte	ernet	<u>Tota</u>	<u>l</u>
Male Percent	21,162 <i>6.9%</i>	32.2%	285,547 93.1%	46.3%	306,709 <i>100.0%</i>	44.9%
Female Percent	44,541 <u>11.8%</u>	67.8%	331,357 <u>88.2%</u>	53.7%	375,898 <u>100.0%</u>	55.1%
Total Percent	65,703 <i>9.6%</i>	100.0%	616,904 <i>90.4%</i>	100.0%	682,607 <i>100.0%</i>	100.0%

#### Illinois Community College Board Table A-7 FISCAL YEAR 2008 HEADCOUNT INTERNET ENROLLMENTS IN INSTRUCTIONAL PROGRAM AREAS BY GENDER

			MALE					FEM	1ALE				TO	TAL		GRA	ND
	Interne	<u>et</u>	Non-Internet	To	tal	Inter	<u>net</u>	Non-In	ternet	Tota	<u>al</u>	Inter	rnet	Non-Int	ternet	Tot	al
General Associate	1,137 5.4%		12,935 41.1 4.5%	% 14,072 4.6%	39.1%	3,393 7.6%	74.9%	18,540 5.6%	58.9%	21,933 5.8%	60.9%	4,530 6.9%	100.0%	31,475 5.1%	100.0%	36,005 5.3%	100.0%
Bacc/Transfer	13,251 62.6%		01,829 <i>44.0</i> 35.7%	% 115,080 37.5%	42.6%	25,690 57.7%	66.0%	129,398 39.1%	56.0%	155,088 41.3%	57.4%	38,941 59.3%	100.0%	231,227 37.5%	100.0%	270,168 39.6%	100.0%
Career & Technical Ed.	5,834 27.6%		86,050 <i>51.5</i> 30.1%	% 91,884 30.0%	49.2%	13,893 31.2%	70.4%	81,103 24.5%	48.5%	94,996 25.3%	50.8%	19,727 30.0%	100.0%	167,153 27.1%	100.0%	186,880 27.4%	100.0%
Vocational Skills	273 1.3%		33,121 <i>46.1</i> 11.6%	% 33,394 10.9%	45.9%	651 1.5%	70.5%	38,714 11.7%	53.9%	39,365 10.5%	54.1%	924 1.4%	100.0%	71,835 11.6%	100.0%	72,759 10.7%	100.0%
ABE/ASE	137 0.6%		21,467 <i>48.2</i> 7.5%	% 21,604 7.0%	48.1%	234 0.5%	63.1%	23,047 7.0%	51.8%	23,281 6.2%	51.9%	371 0.6%	100.0%	44,514 7.2%	100.0%	44,885 6.6%	100.0%
ESL	249 1.2%		26,333 <i>42.9</i> 9.2%	% 26,582 8.7%	43.0%	203 0.5%	44.9%	35,071 10.6%	57.1%	35,274 9.4%	57.0%	452 0.7%	100.0%	61,404 10.0%	100.0%	61,856 9.1%	100.0%
General Studies Certificate	281 <u>1.3%</u>	37.1%	3,812 <i>41.0</i> <u>1.3%</u>	% 4,093 <u>1.3%</u>	40.7%	477 <u>1.1%</u>	62.9%	5,484 <u>1.7%</u>	59.0%	5,961 <u>1.6%</u>	59.3%	758 <u>1.2%</u>	100.0%	9,296 <u>1.5%</u>	100.0%	10,054 <u>1.5%</u>	100.0%
TOTALS	21,162 100.0%		85,547 <i>46.3</i> 00.0%	% 306,709 100.0%	44.9%	44,541 100.0%	67.8%	331,357 100.0%	53.7%	375,898 100.0%	55.1%	65,703 100.0%	100.0%	616,904 100.0%	100.0%	682,607 100.0%	100.0%

\*Those students taking courses but not enrolled in a curriculum are identified as course enrollees and are included in the total program counts.

#### Illinois Community College Board Table A-8 COMPARISON OF ANNUAL HEADCOUNT INTERNET ENROLLMENTS BY ETHNIC ORIGIN FISCAL YEAR 2008

District College Name	Internet	Asian <u>Non Internet</u>	Total	Internet	Native American Non Internet	<u>Total</u>	A Internet	frican American <u>Non Internet</u>	Total	Internet	Latino <u>Non Internet</u>	<u>Total</u>	Internet	White Non Internet	<u>Total</u>
503 Black Hawk	20	155	175	(	6 44	50	90	1,182	1,272	86	1,330	1,416	1,296	8,092	9,388
508 Chicago	(402)	(6,866)	(7,268)	(19	) (335)	(354)	(1,759)	(32,067)	(33,826)	(893)	(35,360)	(36,253)	(1,451)	(15,895)	(17,346)
06 Daley	5	151	156	1	2 27	29	246	2,641	2,887	175	9,464	9,639	132		1,775
01 Kennedy-King	5	386	391			28	310	8,332	8,642	6	647	653	13	597	610
03 Malcolm X	24	412	436	:		43	248	5,807	6,055	55	3,691	3,746	45		820
05 Olive-Harvey	5	28	33	:		19	295	5,076	5,371	20	1,275	1,295	7		78
04 Truman	56	2,327	2,383	2		76	93	3,283	3,376	90	9,331	9,421	253	- ,	4,057
02 Washington	236	2,384	2,620	-		96	480	5,595	6,075	263	3,066	3,329	571	3,940	4,511
07 Wilbur-Wright	71	1,178	1,249	:		63	87	1,333	1,420	284	7,886	8,170	430		5,495
507 Danville	13	110	123	:		15	90	848	938	16	229	245	1,023		6,777
502 DuPage	363	4,570	4,933	1:		124	196	2,377	2,573	183	6,144	6,327	3,188		28,375
509 Elgin	77	995	1,072			43	49	665	714	121	4,943	5,064	912		9,056
512 Harper	335	2,676	3,011	1		62	90	948	1,038	181	4,407	4,588	2,134	12,635	14,769
540 Heartland	16	312	328	(		28	41	773	814	17	298	315	701	6,116	6,817
519 Highland	2	68	70			17	17	449	466	4	177	181	462		4,599
514 Illinois Central	66	321	387	(		61	191	2,040	2,231	58	407	465	3,146		15,879
529 Illinois Eastern	(17)	(219)	(236)	(1	, , ,	(44)	(20)	(816)	(836)	(10)	(385)	(395)	(1,526)	(29,197)	(30,723)
04 Frontier	1	26	27			5		21	21	3	24	27	186	,	8,376
01 Lincoln Trail 02 Olney Central	5 7	34 16	39 23	(		3 6	11 3	512 27	523 30	3	130 26	131 29	397 646	1,785 2,179	2,182 2,825
02 Oney Central 03 Wabash Vallev	4	143	23 147	(		ы 30	3	27	30 262	3	26 205	29 208	646 297	2,179	2,825 17,340
•••	4	98	147			30 26	ь 4	∠56 490	262 494	3 28	205 712	208 740	297	5,446	6,031
513 Illinois Valley 525 Joliet	4 66	98 591	657	(		20 51	4 146	2,918	494 3,064	20 149	3,525	3,674	1,932		17,813
525 Joliet 520 Kankakee	31	78	109			44	146	1,301	3,064 1,409	52	3,525 659	3,674 711	1,932		6,752
501 Kaskaskia	11	34	45	2	• ••	44 65	93	530	623	23	205	228	2,379	6,090	8,469
523 Kishwaukee	37	177	214	24		19	125	888	1,013	78	1,134	1,212	1,211	4,070	5,281
532 Lake County	164	1,564	1,728			53	201	2,160	2,361	281	6,398	6,679	2,567	13,991	16,558
517 Lake Land		225	225			77		1,771	1.771		600	600	2,007	14,130	14,130
536 Lewis & Clark	12	58	70	:		41	83	834	917	16	103	119	1,892		11,592
526 Lincoln Land	28	228	256			51	98	1,259	1,357	21	427	448	1,844		12,071
530 Logan	11	210	221			86	64	1,233	1,297	17	245	262	1,085		18,731
528 McHenry	19	189	208	(		18	16	94	110	73	2,079	2,152	1,407	6,374	7,781
524 Moraine Valley	62	682	744			83	191	2,904	3,095	171	3,652	3,823	2,217		22,401
527 Morton		116	116		- 7	7		398	398		5,704	5,704		1,043	1,043
535 Oakton	343	3,051	3,394	1	3 43	51	91	951	1,042	106	1,791	1,897	1,503	25,866	27,369
505 Parkland	290	505	795	20	) 59	79	378	1,849	2,227	148	723	871	3,980	8,068	12,048
515 Prairie State	8	148	156	:	2 35	37	389	5,036	5,425	51	1,642	1,693	372	2,886	3,258
521 Rend Lake		92	92		- 33	33		691	691		145	145		12,196	12,196
537 Richland	14	64	78	:	3 24	27	158	1,199	1,357	13	182	195	1,150	4,458	5,608
511 Rock Valley	27	576	603	4	4 51	55	58	1,532	1,590	42	2,018	2,060	820	9,951	10,771
518 Sandburg	4	34	38			9	17	201	218	24	142	166	611	3,500	4,111
506 Sauk Valley	2	49	51		0	21	14	154	168	45	455	500	761	4,518	5,279
531 Shawnee	12	63	75	(		45	57	1,066	1,123	8	186	194	406		6,468
510 South Suburban	20	167	187	:		61	694	8,205	8,899	450	1,751	2,201	443		4,447
533 Southeastern	4	27	31			24	39	1,041	1,080	4	198	202	814	4,908	5,722
522 Southwestern	38	477	515	:		118	223	5,129	5,352	42	727	769	1,701	17,175	18,876
534 Spoon River	8	55	63	:		19	13	287	300	6	88	94	626		4,195
504 Triton	127	746	873	:		50	363	3,409	3,772	271	6,413	6,684	1,228		11,953
516 Waubonsee	101	428	529	1:		70	136	1,071	1,207	276	6,189	6,465	2,295		10,540
539 Wood	<u>8</u>	<u>41</u>	<u>49</u>	- 	<u>3 7</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>107</u>	<u>127</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>46</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>708</u>	<u>2,961</u>	<u>3,669</u>
TOTALS	2,762	27,065	29,827	200	6 1,922	2,128	6,322	90,873	97,195	3,968	101,819	105,787	51,399	387,493	438,892

#### Illinois Community College Board Table A-8 COMPARISON OF ANNUAL HEADCOUNT INTERNET ENROLLMENTS BY ETHNIC ORIGIN FISCAL YEAR 2008 (continued)

District College	Name	N Internet	on Resident Alien Non Internet	<u>Total</u>	Internet	Unknown <u>Non Internet</u>	<u>Total</u>	Internet	Minority Non Internet	Total	Internet	Known <u>Non Internet</u>	<u>Total</u>	Internet	Grand Total Non Internet	<u>Total</u>
503 Black H	awk	11	14	25	C	0	0	213	2,725	2,938	1,509	10,817	12,326	1,509	10,817	12,326
508 Chicago		(0)		(260)	(0)		(0)	(3,073)		(77,961)	(4,524)	(90,783)	(95,307)	(4,524)		(95,307)
06 Daley	5	(0)		10	(0)		(0)	428		12,721	560	13,936	14,496	560		14,496
	dy-King	0		19	0		0	322	,	9,733	335	10,008	10,343	335		10,343
03 Malcol	, ,	0		41	ŭ	-	0 0	329		10,321	374	10,767	11,141	374		11,141
05 Olive-ł		0		16	0		0	323	- ,	6,734	330	6,482	6,812	330	-, -	6,812
04 Truma		0		109	0		0	241	15,124	15,365	494	18,928	19,422	494		19,422
02 Washi		0		10	0	0	0	986		12,130	1,557	15,084	16,641	1,557		16,641
07 Wilbur	-Wright	0	55	55	0	0	0	444	10,513	10,957	874	15,578	16,452	874	15,578	16,452
507 Danville	,	1	1	2	13	954	967	122	1,201	1,323	1,145	6,955	8,100	1,158	7,909	9,067
502 DuPage	9	0	0	0	39	528	567	755	13,202	13,957	3,943	38,389	42,332	3,982	38,917	42,899
509 Elgin		7	23	30	0	1	1	257	6,666	6,923	1,169	14,810	15,979	1,169	14,811	15,980
512 Harper		30	193	223	253	1,873	2,126	644	8,278	8,922	2,778	20,913	23,691	3,031	22,786	25,817
540 Heartlar	nd	0	0	0	78	477	555	74	1,411	1,485	775	7,527	8,302	853	8,004	8,857
519 Highlan	d	0	-	0	0		0	24		734	486	4,847	5,333	486		5,333
514 Illinois C		4	20	33	33		196	328		3,177	3,474	15,582	19,056	3,507		19,252
529 Illinois E		(2)	. ,	(13)	(0)		(2)	(50)	( )	(1,524)	(1,576)	(30,671)	(32,247)	(1,576)		(32,249)
04 Frontie		0		4	0		0	5		84	191	8,269	8,460	191	8,269	8,460
01 Lincolr		2	_	4	0		0	19		700	416	2,466	2,882	416		2,882
	Central	0		1	0	•	1	13		89	659	2,255	2,914	659		2,915
	sh Valley	0	-	4	0		1	13		651	310	17,681	17,991	310		17,992
513 Illinois \	/alley	0	-	0	24		362	37		1,362	622	6,771	7,393	646	,	7,755
525 Joliet		1	19	20	0		0	368	,	7,466	2,300	22,979	25,279	2,300	,	25,279
520 Kankak		1	14 37	15 45	0		0 0	196 157		2,288	1,219 2,536	7,821 6,939	9,040 9,475	1,219 2,536		9,040 9,475
501 Kaskasl 523 Kishwa		3		45 9	7		32	247		1,006 2,467	2,556	6,939	9,475 7.748	2,536		9,475 7,780
532 Lake Co		24		9 463	0	20	32 0	675	, -	11,284	3,242	24,600	27,842	3,242	-,	27,842
517 Lake La				405			0	0/3	- ,	2,729		16,859	16,859		,	16,859
536 Lewis &		0		0	0	-	0	116	, -	1.147	2,008	10,731	12,739	2,008		12,739
526 Lincoln		2		32	0		0	158	,	2,144	2,000	12,213	14,215	2,000		14,215
530 Logan	Lana	0		1	0		0	98		1,867	1,183	19,415	20.598	1,183	,	20,598
528 McHenr	rv.	30	200	230	0		0	138	,	2,718	1,545	8,954	10,499	1,545		10,499
524 Moraine		37		366	0	0	0	467	,	8,111	2,684	27,828	30,512	2,684		30,512
527 Morton			142	142		0	0	0	6,367	6,367		7,410	7,410		7,410	7,410
535 Oakton		0	0	0	0	0	0	548	5,836	6,384	2,051	31,702	33,753	2,051	31,702	33,753
505 Parklan	d	321	383	704	0	0	0	1,157	3,519	4,676	5,137	11,587	16,724	5,137	11,587	16,724
515 Prairie S	State	1	11	12	13	598	611	451	6,872	7,323	823	9,758	10,581	836	10,356	11,192
521 Rend La			30	30	0	-	0	C	991	991		13,187	13,187		13,187	13,187
537 Richlan	d	0		4	0		0	188	,	1,661	1,338	5,931	7,269	1,338		7,269
511 Rock Va		4		46	2		29	135		4,354	955	14,170	15,125	957		15,154
518 Sandbu	0	1	13	14	0		0	47		445	658	3,898	4,556	658	-,	4,556
506 Sauk Va		0		1	0		0	62		741	823	5,197	6,020	823	-, -	6,020
531 Shawne		0	-	0	0		0	83		1,437	489	7,416	7,905	489		7,905
510 South S		7		48	0	-	0	1,173	-, -	11,396	1,616	14,227	15,843	1,616		15,843
533 Southea		0	-	0 8	0	-	0	48	,	1,337	862	6,197	7,059	862	-, -	7,059
522 Southw		3	Ũ	8 14	0		0	308		6,762	2,009	23,629	25,638	2,009		25,638
534 Spoon F 504 Triton	River	3		14 59	0	-	0 0	32 770		490 11,438	658 1,998	4,027 21,393	4,685 23,391	658 1,998		4,685 23,391
504 Triton 516 Waubor	200	4		59 0	0		0	526		8,271	2,821	21,393 15,990	23,391	2,821		23,391 18,811
539 Wood	1966	2	-	0 <u>7</u>	<u>80</u>		<u>418</u>	320		<u>243</u>	2,821 <u>745</u>	<u>3,167</u>	3,912	2,821 <u>825</u>		4,330
555 W000		<u> </u>	<u>5</u>	<u>1</u>	00		410	<u>31</u>	200	243	745	<u>3,107</u>	5,312	020	<u>3,305</u>	4,000
TOTALS	S	504	2,408	2,912	542	5,324	5,866	13,762	224,087	237,849	65,161	611,580	676,741	65,703	616,904	682,607

#### Illinois Community College Board Table A-9 INTERNET ENROLLMENTS AND COURSE COUNTS BY LOCATION FOR FISCAL YEAR 2008

		In District		С	out of District		(	Out of State	
Dist No. District/College	Enrollments	<u>Courses</u>	Average Enrollment	Enrollments	<u>Courses</u>	Average Enrollment	Enrollments	<u>Courses</u>	Average Enrollment
50301 Black Hawk	3,358	239	14.1	139	83	1.7	256	133	1.9
508 Chicago	(6,007)	(921)	(6.5)	(143)	(98)	(1.5)	(75)	(64)	(1.2)
50806 Daley	696	132	5.3	54	21	2.6	1	1	1.0
50801 Kennedy-King	559	118	4.7	7	7	1.0	1	1	1.0
50803 Malcolm X	483	115	4.2	12	10	1.2	7	6	1.2
50805 Olive-Harvey	446	107	4.2	6	6	1.0	0	0	0.0
50804 Truman	562	133	4.2	11	9	1.2	7	5	1.4
50802 Washington	1,878	153	12.3	36	30	1.2	50	42	1.2
50807 Wright	1,383	163	8.5	17	15	1.1	9	9	1.0
50701 Danville	2,325	233	10.0	119	92	1.3	361	170	2.1
50201 DuPage	8,738	535	16.3	1,743	497	3.5 2.2	337	189	1.8
50901 Elgin	2,087	178 466	11.7 11.3	236 910	106 356	2.2	41 10	33 10	1.2 1.0
51201 Harper 54001 Heartland	5,246 2,215	120	18.5	223	101	2.0	4	4	1.0
51901 Highland	1,032	120	8.1	92	55	1.7	41	32	1.0
51401 Illinois Central	6,286	411	15.3	552	269	2.1	154	112	1.5
529 IL Eastern	(3,944)	(382)	(10.3)	(264)	(158)	(1.7)	(234)	(122)	(1.9)
52904 Frontier	251	22	11.4	33	15	2.2	(_0.1)	5	1.0
52901 Lincoln Trail	1,085	95	11.4	67	44	1.5	39	26	1.5
52902 Olney Central	1,720	159	10.8	105	64	1.6	66	43	1.5
52903 Wabash Valley	888	106	8.4	59	35	1.7	124	48	2.6
51301 Illinois Valley	1,576	152	10.4	43	37	1.2	8	8	1.0
52501 Joliet	4,431	288	15.4	225	99	2.3	8	7	1.1
52001 Kankakee	2,359	150	15.7	180	65	2.8	48	34	1.4
50101 Kaskaskia	6,509	461	14.1	765	311	2.5	156	106	1.5
52301 Kishwaukee	2,697	225	12.0	622	194	3.2	27	24	1.1
53201 Lake County	7,138	327	21.8	200	146	1.4	137	110	1.2
51701 Lake Land	5,183	341	15.2	467	230	2.0	158	116	1.4
53601 Lewis & Clark	5,080	396	12.8	130	99	1.3	35	29	1.2
52601 Lincoln Land	4,794	343 3	14.0 21.3	144 1	105 1	1.4 1.0	6 0	6 0	1.0 0.0
53001 Logan 52801 McHenry	64 3,043	184	16.5	86	61	1.0	20	19	1.1
52401 Moraine Valley	4,768	309	15.4	701	269	2.6	58	41	1.1
52701 Morton	1,057	82	12.9	211	70	3.0	40	22	1.8
53501 Oakton	2,443	378	6.5	992	285	3.5	122	98	1.2
50501 Parkland	7,810	684	11.4	2,532	585	4.3	812	363	2.2
51501 Prairie State	1,609	160	10.1	155	83	1.9	83	52	1.6
52101 Rend Lake	1,156	68	17.0	209	55	3.8	122	50	2.4
53701 Richland	2,583	217	11.9	58	48	1.2	1	1	1.0
51101 Rock Valley	1,813	147	12.3	24	22	1.1	10	9	1.1
51801 Sandburg	1,655	174	9.5	207	87	2.4	59	29	2.0
50601 Sauk Valley	1,766	163	10.8	71	54	1.3	3	3	1.0
53101 Shawnee	850	93	9.1	38	27	1.4	118	61	1.9
51001 South Suburban	2,564	344	7.5	433	191	2.3	190	133	1.4
53301 Southeastern	2,592	153	16.9	211	89	2.4	39	31	1.3
52201 Southwestern	3,712	245	15.2	183	117	1.6	14	12	1.2
53401 Spoon River	1,170	92 272	12.7	150	68 267	2.2	16	12	1.3
50401 Triton 51601 Waubonsee	3,822 5,320	272 361	14.1 14.7	1,243 962	267 298	4.7 3.2	95 95	75 80	1.3 1.2
53901 Wood	1,001**	<u>173</u>	<u>5.8</u>	962 <u>102**</u>	298 <u>46</u>	3.2 <u>2.2</u>	95 <u>270**</u>	<u>118</u>	1.2 <u>2.3</u>
33301 W000	1,001	115	<u>5.0</u>	102	<u>40</u>	<u> 2.2</u>	210	110	2.5
Totals	131,803	10,598	12.4	15,766	5,824	2.7	4,263	2,518	1.7

\*Percent Total Courses represents the proportion of courses that had one of more student enrolled from the named location \*\*Corrected

SOURCE OF DATA: SU/SR Data Submission. ICCB Policy Studies and Information Technology

#### Illinois Community College Board Table A-9 INTERNET ENROLLMENTS AND COURSE COUNTS BY LOCATION FOR FISCAL YEAR 2008 (continued)

	(	Grand Total				Percent c	of Total		
			Average	In Dist	rict	Out of D	listrict	Out of \$	State
Dist No. District/College	Enrollments	<u>Courses</u>	Enrollment	Enrollments	Courses*	Enrollments	Courses*	Enrollments	Courses*
50301 Black Hawk	3,753	239	15.7	89.5%	100.0%	3.7%	34.7%	6.8%	55.6%
508 Chicago	(6,225)	(922)	(6.8)	(96.5%)	(99.9%)	(2.3%)	(10.6%)	(1.2%)	(6.9%)
50806 Daley	751	132	5.7	92.7%	100.0%	7.2%	15.9%	0.1%	0.8%
50801 Kennedy-King	567	121	4.7	98.6%	97.5%	1.2%	5.8%	0.2%	0.8%
50803 Malcolm X	502	113	4.4	96.2%	101.8%	2.4%	8.8%	1.4%	5.3%
50805 Olive-Harvey	452	107	4.2	98.7%	100.0%	1.3%	5.6%	0.0%	0.0%
50804 Truman	580	133	4.4	96.9%	100.0%	1.9%	6.8%	1.2%	3.8%
50802 Washington	1,964	153	12.8	95.6%	100.0%	1.8%	19.6%	2.5%	27.5%
50807 Wright	1,409	163	8.6	98.2%	100.0%	1.2%	9.2%	0.6%	5.5%
50701 Danville	2,805	242	11.6	82.9%	96.3%	4.2%	38.0%	12.9%	70.2%
50201 DuPage	10,818	537	20.1	80.8%	99.6%	16.1%	92.6%	3.1%	35.2%
50901 Elgin	2,364	177	13.4	88.3%	100.6%	10.0%	59.9%	1.7%	18.6%
51201 Harper	6,166	469	13.1	85.1%	99.4%	14.8%	75.9%	0.2%	2.1%
54001 Heartland	2,442	120	20.4	90.7%	100.0%	9.1%	84.2%	0.2%	3.3%
51901 Highland	1,165	130	9.0	88.6%	98.5%	7.9%	42.3%	3.5%	24.6%
51401 Illinois Central	6,992	411	17.0	89.9%	100.0%	7.9%	65.5%	2.2%	27.3%
529 IL Eastern	(4,442)	(383)	(11.6)	(88.8%)	(99.7%)	(5.9%)	(41.3%)	(5.3%)	(31.9%)
52904 Frontier	289	22	13.1	86.9%	100.0%	11.4%	68.2%	1.7%	22.7%
52901 Lincoln Trail	1,191	95	12.5	91.1%	100.0%	5.6%	46.3%	3.3%	27.4%
52902 Olney Central	1,891	159	11.9	91.0%	100.0%	5.6%	40.3%	3.5%	27.0%
52903 Wabash Valley	1,071	107	10.0	82.9%	99.1%	5.5%	32.7%	11.6%	44.9%
51301 Illinois Valley	1,627	154	10.6	96.9%	98.7%	2.6%	24.0%	0.5%	5.2%
52501 Joliet	4,664	288	16.2	95.0%	100.0%	4.8%	34.4%	0.2%	2.4%
52001 Kankakee	2,587	152	17.0	91.2%	98.7%	7.0%	42.8%	1.9%	22.4%
50101 Kaskaskia	7,430	471	15.8	87.6%	97.9%	10.3%	66.0%	2.1%	22.5%
52301 Kishwaukee	3,346	225	14.9	80.6%	100.0%	18.6%	86.2%	0.8%	10.7%
53201 Lake County	7,475	327	22.9	95.5%	100.0%	2.7%	44.6%	1.8%	33.6%
51701 Lake Land	5,808	346	16.8	89.2%	98.6%	8.0%	66.5%	2.7%	33.5%
53601 Lewis & Clark	5,245	396	13.2	96.9%	100.0%	2.5%	25.0%	0.7%	7.3%
52601 Lincoln Land	4,944	344	14.4	97.0%	99.7%	2.9%	30.5%	0.1%	1.7%
53001 Logan	65	3	21.7	98.5%	100.0%	1.5%	33.3%	0.0%	0.0%
52801 McHenry	3,149	184	17.1	96.6%	100.0%	2.7%	33.2%	0.6%	10.3%
52401 Moraine Valley	5,527	309	17.9	86.3%	100.0%	12.7%	87.1%	1.0%	13.3%
52701 Morton	1,308	84	15.6	80.8%	97.6%	16.1%	83.3%	3.1%	26.2%
53501 Oakton	3,557	399	8.9	68.7%	94.7%	27.9%	71.4%	3.4%	24.6%
50501 Parkland	11,154	687	16.2	70.0%	99.6%	22.7%	85.2%	7.3%	52.8%
51501 Prairie State	1,847	177	10.4	87.1%	90.4%	8.4%	46.9%	4.5%	29.4%
52101 Rend Lake	1,487	109	13.6	77.7%	62.4%	14.1%	50.5%	8.2%	45.9%
53701 Richland	2,642	217	12.2	97.8%	100.0%	2.2%	22.1%	0.0%	0.5%
51101 Rock Valley	1,847	151	12.2	98.2%	97.4%	1.3%	14.6%	0.5%	6.0%
51801 Sandburg	1,921	188	10.2	86.2%	92.6%	10.8%	46.3%	3.1%	15.4%
50601 Sauk Valley	1,840	165	11.2	96.0%	98.8%	3.9%	32.7%	0.2%	1.8%
53101 Shawnee	1,006	93	10.8	84.5%	100.0%	3.8%	29.0%	11.7%	65.6%
51001 South Suburban	3,187	406	7.8	80.5%	84.7%	13.6%	47.0%	6.0%	32.8%
53301 Southeastern	2,842	154	18.5	91.2%	99.4%	7.4%	57.8%	1.4%	20.1%
52201 Southwestern	3,909	245	16.0	95.0%	100.0%	4.7%	47.8%	0.4%	4.9%
53401 Spoon River	1,336	243 92	14.5	87.6%	100.0%	4.7%	73.9%	1.2%	4.9%
50401 Triton	5,160	92 275	14.5	74.1%	98.9%	24.1%	97.1%	1.2%	27.3%
51601 Waubonsee	6,377	364	10.0	83.4%	98.9% 99.2%	15.1%	97.1% 81.9%	1.6%	27.3%
53901 Wood	<u>1,373</u>			63.4% <u>72.9%</u>	99.2% <u>92.0%</u>	<u>7.4%</u>		<u>19.7%</u>	
55501 WUUU	1,373	<u>188</u>	<u>7.3</u>	12.9%	<u>92.0%</u>	<u>/.4%</u>	<u>24.5%</u>	19.1%	<u>62.8%</u>
Totals	151,832	10,823	14.0	86.8%	97.9%	10.4%	53.8%	2.8%	23.3%

\*Percent Total Courses represents the proportion of courses that had one of more student enrolled from the named location \*\*Corrected

SOURCE OF DATA: SU/SR Data Submission. ICCB Policy Studies and Information Technology

### Illinois Community College Board Table A-10 ANNUAL HEADCOUNT INTERNET ENROLLMENTS IN INSTRUCTIONAL PROGRAM AREAS FISCAL YEAR 2008

	Interne	<u>et</u>	Non-Inte	rnet	Total	
General Associate Percent	4,530 12.6%	6.9%	31,475 <i>87.4%</i>	5.1%	36,005 1 <i>00.0%</i>	5.3%
Baccalaureate/Transfer Percent	38,941 <i>14.4%</i>	59.3%	231,227 <i>8</i> 5.6%	37.5%	270,168 <i>100.0%</i>	39.6%
Career & Technical Ed. Percent	19,727 <i>10.6%</i>	30.0%	167,153 <i>89.4%</i>	27.1%	186,880 <i>100.0%</i>	27.4%
Vocational Skills Percent	924 1.3%	1.4%	71,835 <i>98.7%</i>	11.6%	72,759 100.0%	10.7%
ABE/ASE/ESL Percent	823 0.8%	1.3%	105,918 <i>99.2%</i>	17.2%	106,741 <i>100.0%</i>	15.6%
General Studies Cert Percent	758 7.5%	1.2%	9,296 92.5%	1.5%	10,054 100.0%	1.5%
TOTALS Percent	65,703 <i>9.6%</i>	100.0%	616,904 <i>90.4%</i>	100.0%	682,607 <i>100.0%</i>	100.0%

\*Those students taking courses but not enrolled in a curriculum are identified as course enrollees and are included in the total program counts.

#### Illinois Community College Board Table A-11 FISCAL YEAR 2008 HEADCOUNT INTERNET ENROLLMENTS IN INSTRUCTIONAL PROGRAM AREAS BY RACIAL/ETHNIC ORIGIN

	Intern	<u>net</u>	Asia <u>Non-Int</u>		Tota	<u>al</u>	Interr		Native An <u>Non-Int</u>		Tot	<u>al</u>	Inter	<u>net</u>	African A <u>Non-In</u>		<u>Tot</u>	<u>al</u>	Inter	net	Lati <u>Non-Int</u> e		<u>Tota</u>	<u>al</u>
General Associate (1.0)	259 9.4%	5.7%	1,928 7.1%	6.1%	2,187 7.3%	6.1%	10 4.9%	0.2%	128 6.7%	0.4%	138 6.5%	0.4%	555 8.8%	12.3%	6,525 7.2%	20.7%	7,080 7.3%	19.7%	413 10.4%	9.1%	5,993 5.9%	19.0%	6,406 6.1%	17.8%
Bacc/Transfer *(Course Enrollees) (1.1)	1,634 (N/A) 59.2%	4.2%	11,270 (2,840) 41.6%	4.9%	12,904 (2,840) 43.3%	4.8%	114 (N/A) 55.3%	0.3%	736 (193) 38.3%	0.3%	850 (193) 39.9%	0.3%	3,662 (N/A) 57.9%	9.4%	34,628 (6,120) 38.1%	15.0%	38,290 (6,120) 39.4%	14.2%	2,018 (N/A) 50.9%	5.2%	22,225 (4,803) 21.8%	9.6%	24,243 (4,803) 22.9%	9.0%
Career & Technical Ed. *(Course Enrollees) (1.2)	767 (N/A) 27.8%	3.9%	6,882 (930) 25.4%	4.1%	7,649 (930) 25.6%	4.1%	74 (N/A) 35.9%	0.4%	564 (152) 29.3%	0.3%	638 (152) 30.0%	0.3%	1,912 (N/A) 30.2%	9.7%	27,078 (7,252) 29.8%	16.2%	28,990 (7,252) 29.8%	15.5%	1,060 (N/A) 26.7%	5.4%	15,656 (3,715) 15.4%	9.4%	16,716 (3,715) 15.8%	8.9%
Vocational Skills (1.6)	25 0.9%	2.7%	1,016 3.8%	1.4%	1,041 3.5%	1.4%	4 1.9%	0.4%	180 9.4%	0.3%	184 8.6%	0.3%	98 1.6%	10.6%	4,813 5.3%	6.7%	4,911 5.1%	6.7%	28 0.7%	3.0%	2,160 2.1%	3.0%	2,188 2.1%	3.0%
ABE/ASE (1.7/1.8)	13 0.5%	3.5%	739 2.7%	1.7%	752 2.5%	1.7%	1 0.5%	0.3%	230 12.0%	0.5%	231 10.9%	0.5%	67 1.1%	18.1%	15,913 17.5%	35.7%	15,980 16.4%	35.6%	57 1.4%	15.4%	11,379 11.2%	25.6%	11,436 10.8%	25.5%
ESL (1.9)	16 0.6%	3.5%	4,654 17.2%	7.6%	4,670 15.7%	7.5%	1 0.5%	0.2%	59 3.1%	0.1%	60 2.8%	0.1%	4 0.1%	0.9%	1,517 1.7%	2.5%	1,521 1.6%	2.5%	379 9.6%	83.8%	43,946 43.2%	71.6%	44,325 41.9%	71.7%
Gen Studies Cert (1.5)	48 <u>1.7%</u>	6.3%	576 <u>2.1%</u>	6.2%	624 <u>2.1%</u>	6.2%	2 <u>1.0%</u>	0.3%	25 <u>1.3%</u>	0.3%	27 <u>1.3%</u>	0.3%	24 <u>0.4%</u>	3.2%	399 <u>0.4%</u>	4.3%	423 <u>0.4%</u>	4.2%	13 <u>0.3%</u>	1.7%	460 <u>0.5%</u>	4.9%	473 <u>0.4%</u>	4.7%
TOTALS	2,762 100.0%	4.2%	27,065 100.0%	4.4%	29,827 100.0%	4.4%	206 100.0%	0.3%	1,922 100.0%	0.3%	2,128 100.0%	0.3%	6,322 100.0%	9.6%	90,873 100.0%	14.7%	97,195 100.0%	14.2%	3,968 100.0%	6.0%	101,819 100.0%	16.5%	105,787 100.0%	15.5%

\*Those students taking courses but not enrolled in a curriculum are identified as course enrollees and are included in the total program counts.

#### Illinois Community College Board Table A-11 FISCAL YEAR 2008 HEADCOUNT INTERNET ENROLLMENTS IN INSTRUCTIONAL PROGRAM AREAS BY RACIAL/ETHNIC ORIGIN (continued)

	Internet	White <u>Non-Internet</u>	Total	Internet	Alien <u>Non-Internet</u>	Total	Intern	net	Unkno <u>Non-Inte</u>		Tota	<u>I</u>	Internet	Total <u>Non-Internet</u>	Grand <u>Total</u>
General Associate (1.0)	3,258 71.9% 6.3%	16,701 <i>53.1%</i> 4.3%	19,959 <i>55.4%</i> 4.5%	21 0.5% 4.2%	72 0.2% 3.0%	93 <i>0.3%</i> 3.2%	14 2.6%	0.3%	128 2.4%	0.4%	142 2.4%	0.4%	4,530 <i>100.0</i> 6.9%	% 31,475 <i>100.0%</i> 5.1%	36,005 <i>100.0%</i> 5.3%
Bacc/Transfer *(Course Enrollees) (1.1)	30,810 79.1% (N/A) 59.9%	159,364 <i>68.9%</i> (62,808) 41.1%	190,174 70.4% (62,808) 43.3%	373 <i>1.0%</i> (N/A) 74.0%	1,023 <i>0.4%</i> (551) 42.5%	1,396 <i>0.5%</i> (551) 47.9%	330 (N/A) 60.9%	0.8%	1,981 (416) 37.2%	0.9%	2,311 (416) 39.4%	0.9%	38,941 <i>100.0</i> (N/A) 59.3%	% 231,227 <i>100.0%</i> (77,731) 37.5%	270,168 <i>100.0%</i> (77,731) 39.6%
Career & Technical Ed. *(Course Enrollees) (1.2)	15,664 79.4% (N/A) 30.5%	115,303 69.0% (39,228) 29.8%	130,967 70.1% (39,228) 29.8%	101 <i>0.5%</i> (N/A) 20.0%	542 0.3% (220) 22.5%	643 <i>0.3%</i> (220) 22.1%	149 (N/A) 27.5%	0.8%	1,128 (83) 21.2%	0.7%	1,277 (83) 21.8%	0.7%	19,727 <i>100.0</i> (N/A) 30.0%	% 167,153 <i>100.0%</i> (51,580) 27.1%	186,880 <i>100.0%</i> (51,580) 27.4%
Vocational Skills (1.6)	754 <i>81.6%</i> 1.5%	62,100 <i>86.4%</i> 16.0%	62,854 <i>86.4%</i> 14.3%	1 <i>0.1%</i> 0.2%	118 <i>0.2%</i> 4.9%	119 <i>0.2%</i> 4.1%	14 2.6%	1.5%	1,448 27.2%	2.0%	1,462 24.9%	2.0%	924 <i>100.0</i> 1.4%	% 71,835 <i>100.0%</i> 11.6%	72,759 <i>100.0%</i> 10.7%
ABE/ASE (1.7/1.8)	227 61.2% 0.4%	15,933 <i>3</i> 5.8% 4.1%	16,160 <i>36.0%</i> 3.7%	0 <i>0.0%</i> 0.0%	152 <i>0.3%</i> 6.3%	152 <i>0.3%</i> 5.2%	6 1.1%	1.6%	168 3.2%	0.4%	174 3.0%	0.4%	371 <i>100.0</i> 0.6%	% 44,514 100.0% 7.2%	44,885 <i>100.0%</i> 6.6%
ESL (1.9)	42 <i>9.3%</i> 0.1%	10,546 <i>17.2%</i> 2.7%	10,588 <i>17.1%</i> 2.4%	6 <i>1.3%</i> 1.2%	487 <i>0.8%</i> 20.2%	493 <i>0.8%</i> 16.9%	4 0.7%	0.9%	195 3.7%	0.3%	199 3.4%	0.3%	452 <i>100.0</i> 0.7%	% 61,404 <i>100.0%</i> 10.0%	61,856 <i>100.0%</i> 9.1%
Gen Studies Cert (1.5)	644 <i>85.0%</i> <u>1.3%</u>	7,546 <i>81.2%</i> <u>1.9%</u>	8,190 <i>81.5%</i> <u>1.9%</u>	2 0.3% <u>0.4%</u>	14 <i>0.2%</i> <u>0.6%</u>	16 <i>0.2%</i> <u>0.5%</u>	25 <u>4.6%</u>	3.3%	276 <u>5.2%</u>	3.0%	301 <u>5.1%</u>	3.0%	758 <i>100.0</i> <u>1.2%</u>	% 9,296 <i>100.0%</i> <u>1.5%</u>	10,054 <i>100.0%</i> <u>1.5%</u>
TOTALS	51,399 78.2% 100.0%	387,493 <i>62.8%</i> 100.0%	438,892 <i>64.3%</i> 100.0%	504 <i>0.8%</i> 100.0%	2,408 <i>0.4%</i> 100.0%	2,912 <i>0.4%</i> 100.0%	542 100.0%	0.8%	5,324 100.0%	0.9%	5,866 100.0%	0.9%	65,703 <i>100.0</i> 100.0%	% 616,904 <i>100.0%</i> 100.0%	682,607 <i>100.0%</i> 100.0%

\*Those students taking courses but not enrolled in a curriculum are identified as course enrollees and are included in the total program counts.

#### Illinois Community College Board Table A-12 INTERNET ENROLLMENTS BY BROAD PROGRAM AREA (PCS) COURSES WITH THE MOST ENROLLMENTS FY 2004 - FY 2008

								1-Year ( FY 2007 -	0	3-Year FY 2006	0	5-Year ( FY 2004 -	0
PCS	CIP	COURSE NAME	<u>FY 2004</u>	<u>FY 2005</u>	<u>FY 2006</u>	<u>FY 2007</u>	FY 2008	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
11	23.0401	English Composition	5,183	6,208	6,908	8,020	9,093	1,073	13.4%	2,185	31.6%	3,910	75.4%
11	42.0101	Psychology, General	2,893	3,726	4,324	5,330	6,121	791	14.8%	1,797	41.6%	3,228	111.6%
11	42.0701	Developmental and Child Psychology	1,237	1,871	2,357	3,465	4,574	1,109	32.0%	2,217	94.1%	3,337	269.8%
11	45.0601	Economics, General	2,264	2,829	2,885	3,522	4,488	966	27.4%	1,603	55.6%	2,224	98.2%
11	45.1101	Sociology	2,355	3,301	4,057	4,654	6,330	1,676	36.0%	2,273	56.0%	3,975	168.8%
11	50.0902	Music History, Literature and Theory	1,483	1,849	2,278	2,452	3,023	571	23.3%	745	32.7%	1,540	103.8%
11	52.0101	Business/Commerce, General	2,378	3,101	3,061	3,459	4,190	731	21.1%	1,129	36.9%	1,812	76.2%
11	54.0101	History, General (Moved from 45.0801)	2,647	3,676	4,586	5,530	4,297	-1,233	-22.3%	-289	-6.3%	1,650	62.3%
12	52.0407	Business/Office Automation/Technology/Data Entry	2,115	2,429	3,101	3,036	3,416	380	12.5%	315	10.2%	1,301	61.5%
14	32.0104	Computational Skills	<u>2,119</u>	<u>2,569</u>	<u>2,279</u>	<u>2,645</u>	<u>3,607</u>	<u>962</u>	<u>36.4%</u>	<u>1,328</u>	<u>58.3%</u>	<u>1,488</u>	<u>70.2%</u>
		Total	24,674	31,559	35,836	42,113	49,139	7,026	16.7%	13,303	37.1%	24,465	99.2%
		Total For All Programs*	76,898	96,757	109,344	124,577	151,832	27,255	21.9%	42,488	38.9%	74,934	97.4%
			32.1%	32.6%	32.8%	33.8%	32.4%	-1.4%	-4.3%	0.0	-1.2%	0.3%	0.9%

#### \*Corrected

SOURCE OF DATA: SU/SR Data Submission. ICCB Policy Studies and Information Technology

#### Illinois Community College Board Table A-13 STATEWIDE INTERNET COURSE ENROLLMENT CAREER CLUSTERS WITH THE MOST ENROLLMENTS FOR FISCAL YEARS 2004 - 2008

Cluster COURSE NAME	2004	2005	2000	2007	2000	One-Year FY 2007 -	FY 2008	Three-Yea FY 2006 -	FY 2008	Five-Year FY 2004 -	FY 2008
	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
15.0 SCIENCE, TECHNOLOGY, ENGINEERING AND MATHEMATICS 15.1 Engineering and Technology Pathway	<b>9,952</b> 4	<b>12,805</b> 3	<b>13,410</b> 1	<b>15,176</b> 26	<b>24,293</b> 22	<b>9,117</b> -4	<b>60.1%</b> -15.4%	<b>10,883</b> 21	<b>81.2%</b> 2100.0%	<b>14,341</b> 18	<b>144.1%</b> 450.0%
15.2 Science and Mathematics Pathway	9,948	12,802	13,409	15,150	24,271	9,121	60.2%	10,862	81.0%	14,323	430.0%
4.0 BUSINESS, MANAGEMENT AND ADMINISTRATION	14,817	17,070	18,875	20,343	21,713	1,370	6.7%	2,838	15.0%	6,896	46.5%
4.1 Management Pathway	3,998	5,102	5,383	6,122	7,550	1,428	23.3%	2,167	40.3%	3,552	88.8%
4.2 Business Financial Management and Accounting Pathway	1,976	2,333	2,906	3,279	4,009	730	22.3%	1,103	38.0%	2,033	102.9%
4.3 Human Resources Pathway	434	682	755	969	1,150	181	18.7%	395	52.3%	716	165.0%
4.4 Business Analysis Pathway	4,246	4,103	4,102	4,043	1,559	-2,484	-61.4%	-2,543	-62.0%	-2,687	-63.3%
4.5 Marketing Pathway	0	0	0	0	146	0		0		0	
4.6 Administrative and Information Support Pathway	4,163	4,850	5,729	5,930	7,299	1,369	23.1%	1,570	27.4%	3,136	75.3%
3.0 ARTS, AUDIO/VIDEO TECH NOLOGY AND COMMUNICATIONS	10,201	13,014	14,620	16,280	18,903	2,623	16.1%	4,283	29.3%	8,702	85.3%
3.1 Audio and Video Technology and Film Pathway	1,160	1,631	1,850	2,123	2,744	621	29.3%	894	48.3%	1,584	136.6%
3.2 Printing Technology Pathway	0	0	0	20	<sup></sup> 51	31	155.0%	51		51	
3.3 Visual Arts Pathway	198	217	225	233	342	109	46.8%	117	52.0%	144	72.7%
3.4 Performing Arts Pathway	2,240	3,022	3,716	3,826	4,661	835	21.8%	945	25.4%	2,421	108.1%
3.5 Journalism and Broadcasting Pathway	6,603	8,144	8,828	10,078	11,105	1,027	10.2%	2.277	25.8%	4.502	68.2%
3.6 Telecommunications Pathway	0	0	1	0	0	0		-1	-100.0%	0	
10.0 HUMAN SERVICE	5,689	8,064	9,954	12,741	18,078	5,337	41.9%	8,124	81.6%	12,389	217.8%
10.1 Early Childhood Development and Services Pathway	0	0	0	0	781	781		781		781	
10.2 Counseling and Mental Health Services Pathway	2,937	4,313	5,414	7,425	10,062	2,637	35.5%	4,648	85.9%	7,125	242.6%
10.3 Family and Community Services Pathway	2,752	3,738	4,522	5,296	7,177	1,881	35.5%	2,655	58.7%	4,425	160.8%
10.4 Personal Care Services Pathway	0	0	0	0	0	0		0		0	
10.5 Consumer Services Career Pathway	0	13	18	20	58	38	190.0%	40	222.2%	58	
8.0 HEALTH SCIENCE	4,861	7,093	8,539	10,496	16,386	5,890	56.1%	7,847	<b>91.9%</b>	11,525	237.1%
8.1 Therapeutic Services Pathway	4,414	6,336	7,441	8,914	10,573	1,659	18.6%	3,132	42.1%	6,159	139.5%
8.2 Diagnostics Services Pathway	375	458	561	605	449	-156	-25.8%	-112	-20.0%	74	19.7%
8.3 Health Informatics Pathway	72	299	523	966	3,728	2,762	285.9%	3,205	612.8%	3,656	5077.8%
8.4 Support Services Pathway	0	0	0	0	1,611	1,611		1,611		1,611	
8.5 Biotechnology Research and Development	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>25</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>127.3%</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>78.6%</u>	25	<u></u>
Totals	45,520	58,046	65,398	75,036	99,373	24,337	32.4%	33,975	52.0%	53,853	118.3%
Total For All Clusters*	60,589	76,330	85,760	98,344	136,429	38,085	38.7%	50,669	59.1%	75,840	125.2%
Total For All Programs**	76,898	96,757	109,344	124,577	151,832	27,255	21.9%	42,488	38.9%	74,934	97.4%

\*Career clusters generally include only Career and Technical Education and Vocational Skills courses

\*\*Corrected

SOURCE OF DATA: SU/SR Data Submission. ICCB Policy Studies and Information Technology

#### Illinois Community College Board Table A-14 INTERNET HOURS ATTEMPTED AND EARNED AT ILLINOIS COMMUNITY COLLEGES FOR FISCAL YEARS 2004 - 2008

		Fiscal Year 2004			Fiscal Year 2005			Fiscal Year 2006			Fiscal Year 2007			Fiscal Year 2008		
		Internet		Percent	Internet		Percent	Internet	Internet	Percent	Internet	Internet	Percent	Internet	Internet	Percent
Dist.		Hours	Hours	Hours	Hours	Hours	Hours	Hours	Hours	Hours	Hours	Hours	Hours	Hours	Hours	Hours
<u>No.</u>	District/College	<u>Attempted</u>	Earned	Earned	<u>Attempted</u>	Earned	Earned	<u>Attempted</u>	Earned	Earned	<u>Attempted</u>	Earned	Earned	<u>Attempted</u>	Earned	Earned
503	Black Hawk	4,819	3,257	67.6%	5,942	3,934	66.2%	6,857	4,913	71.6%	8,433	5,821	69.0%	10,956	6,990	63.8%
508	Chicago	(11,542)	(7,362)	(63.8%)	(16,118)	· · ·	(65.3%)	(14,437)	(9,554)	(66.2%)	(24,685)	(15,257)	(61.8%)	(39,937)	(25,587)	(64.1%)
	Daley	1,583	1,062	67.1%	2,161	1,403	64.9%	1,847	1,284	69.5%	3,275	2,125	64.9%	5,014	3,253	64.9%
	Kennedy-King	613	379	61.8%	1,137	688	60.5%	1,138	625	54.9%	2,052	1,042	50.8%	3,810	1,945	51.0%
	Malcolm X	1,131	654	57.8%	1,361	865	63.6%	1,258	748	59.5%	2,019	1,231	61.0%	3,412	2,242	65.7%
	Olive-Harvey	747	450	60.2%	1,449	877	60.5%	1,227	689	56.2%	1,936	1,017	52.5%	3,105	1,774	57.1%
	Truman	1,246	822	66.0%	1,709	1,142	66.8%	1,465	1,065	72.7%	2,335	1,681	72.0%	3,754	2,729	72.7%
	Washington	4,292	2,641	61.5%	5,443	3,577	65.7%	4,913	3,232	65.8%	8,872	5,460	61.5%	13,810	8,723	63.2%
	Wilbur Wright	1,930	1,354	70.2%	2,858	1,968	68.9%	2,589	1,911	73.8%	4,196	2,701	64.4%	7,032	4,921	70.0%
507	Danville	5,869	4,030	68.7%				7,470	5,311	71.1%	8,292	6,197	74.7%	8,362	6,822	81.6%
502	DuPage	11,630	10,093	86.8%	13,846	12,033	86.9%	13,035	10,858	83.3%	17,801	14,671	82.4%	23,092	19,220	83.2%
509	Elgin	4,307	2,358	54.8%	5,643	3,261	57.8%	5,780	3,293	57.0%	6,318	3,576	56.6%	8,247	5,109	61.9%
512	Harper	828	509	61.5%	10,741	6,470	60.2%	12,686	7,547	59.5%	15,421	9,982	64.7%	18,884	12,490	66.1%
540	Heartland	4,156	3,832	92.2%	3,689	3,291	89.2%	3,612	3,170	87.8%	4,227	3,560	84.2%	4,506	3,726	82.7%
519	Highland	941	697	74.1%	1,511	851	56.3%	1,601	1,017	63.5%	2,009	1,317	65.6%	3,050	2,067	67.8%
514	Illinois Central	11,380	8,020	70.5%	13,931	9,984	71.7%	18,257	13,222	72.4%	19,354	14,023	72.5%	22,360	16,668	74.5%
529	Illinois Eastern	(4,822)	(3,488)	(72.3%)	(5,972)	(4,558)	(76.3%)	(7,902)	(5,965)	(75.5%)	(9,023)	(6,726)	(74.5%)	(10,224)	(7,066)	(69.1%)
	Frontier	410	292	71.1%	467	384	82.2%	533	415	77.8%	740	578	78.1%	1,105	778	70.4%
	Lincoln Trail	1,171	879	75.1%	1,735	1,203	69.3%	2,436	1,772	72.7%	2,327	1,791	77.0%	2,925	1,984	67.8%
	Olney Central	1,990	1,429	71.8%	2,559	2,054	80.3%	3,412	2,655	77.8%	4,316	3,291	76.2%	4,184	2,975	71.1%
	Wabash Valley	1,252	889	71.0%	1,212	918	75.7%	1,522	1,124	73.9%	1,642	1,067	65.0%	2,011	1,330	66.1%
513	Illinois Valley	1,456	910	62.5%	1,973	1,297	65.7%	2,418	1,520	62.9%	3,410	2,125	62.3%	3,913	2,674	68.3%
525	Joliet	6,178	4,307	69.7%	7,932	5,615	70.8%	9,416	6,840	72.6%	11,629	8,635	74.3%	14,132	10,040	71.0%
520	Kankakee	1,319	1,084	82.2%	1,941	1,700	87.6%	3,870	3,352	86.6%	6,389	5,562	87.1%	7,832	6,711	85.7%
501	Kaskaskia	4,529	3,476	76.7%	9,259	7,066	76.3%	12,584	9,508	75.6%	17,981	13,316	74.1%	19,022	16,279	85.6%
523	Kishwaukee	3,936	2,650	67.3%	6,068	4,242	69.9%	7,878	5,263	66.8%	10,125	6,869	67.8%	10,917	7,238	66.3%
532	Lake County	14,318	8,901	62.2%	15,570	9,615	61.8%	15,983	10,325	64.6%	18,863	12,429	65.9%	23,217	15,799	68.0%
517	Lake Land	12,881	8,779	68.2%	16,029	11,097	69.2%	17,300	13,055	75.5%						
536	Lewis & Clark	7,685	5,485	71.4%	9,401	6,511	69.3%	10,915	7,675	70.3%	12,003	8,460	70.5%	15,071	10,733	71.2%
526	Lincoln Land	5,669 993	4,468	78.8%	6,424	5,202	81.0%	10,188	6,871	67.4%	12,474	8,776	70.4%	15,107	10,469	69.3%
530	Logan		723	72.8%	1,348	1,050	77.9%	1,353	1,133	83.7%	4,911	3,980	81.0%	6,393	5,266	82.4%
528 524	McHenry Moraina Valley	3,516 13,300	2,686 8,541	76.4% 64.2%	5,146 15,374	3,850 9,839	74.8% 64.0%	7,161 18,383	5,363 11,237	74.9%	9,815 18,130	7,467 11,230	76.1% 61.9%	9,593 20,489	7,112	74.1% 60.2%
524	Moraine Valley Morton	709	0,541	04.2%	758	9,639	0.0%	1,069	0	61.1% 0.0%	1,520	0	01.9%	20,489	12,339 0	0.0%
535	Oakton	4,736	2,880	60.8%	6,127	3,712	60.6%	7,629	4,930	64.6%	8,838	6,097	69.0%	11,261	7,858	69.8%
505	Parkland	23,435	17,387	74.2%	25,824	19,618	76.0%	30,233	22,647	74.9%	33,799	25,708	76.1%	38,430	28,825	75.0%
515	Prairie State	3,618	2,393	66.1%	3,451	2,369	68.6%	3,797	2,557	67.3%	4,191	2,651	63.3%	5,889	3,801	64.5%
521	Rend Lake		2,000			2,000			2,007			2,001				
537	Richland	4,606	3,591	78.0%	5,688	4,267	75.0%	6.409	4,799	74.9%	8,050	6,201	77.0%	9,784	7,532	77.0%
511	Rock Valley	4,862	3,641	74.9%	4,161	3,088	74.2%	4,838	3,510	72.6%	4,431	3,153	71.2%	5,350	3,895	72.8%
518	Sandburg	4,390	3,092	70.4%	4,821	3,290	68.3%	4,209	3,025	71.9%	4,945	3,300	66.7%	4,351	3,135	72.0%
506	Sauk Valley	1,808	1,236	68.4%	2,681	2,022	75.4%	3,731	2,756	73.9%	4,064	3,114	76.6%	5,323	4,103	77.1%
531	Shawnee	2,633	2.274	86.4%	2,729	2.224	81.5%	2,724	2,295	84.3%	2,130	1,795	84.3%	2,650	2,115	79.8%
510	South Suburban	9,305	6,544	70.3%	9,863	6,401	64.9%	9,971	6,281	63.0%	11,115	7,153	64.4%	12,230	7,737	63.3%
533	Southeastern	2,744	1,886	68.7%	3,444	2,539	73.7%	3,961	2,927	73.9%	5,126	3,785	73.8%	5,961	4,440	74.5%
522	Southwestern	5,754	4,081	70.9%	7,232	4,982	68.9%	8,728	5,861	67.2%	10,686	7,186	67.2%	12,946	8,474	65.5%
534	Spoon River			. 5.570							2,934	2,553	87.0%	3,896	3,385	86.9%
504	Triton	4,682	4,240	90.6%	6,114	5,611	91.8%	8,563	7,940	92.7%	7,949	7,263	91.4%	10,427	9,580	91.9%
516	Waubonsee	8,847	6,262	70.8%	10,209	6,912	67.7%	15,421	10,837	70.3%	17,644	12,499	70.8%	21,971	14,876	67.7%
539	Wood	2,284	1,907	83.5%	2,597	2,518	97.0%	3,744	3,212	85.8%	4,992	3,915	78.4%	5,402	4,130	76.5%
	TOTALS	220,484	157,067	71.2%	269,555	191,538	71.1%	324,109	230,566	71.1%	373,706	266,349	71.3%	452,765	324,288	71.6%

#### Illinois Community College Board Table A-14 INTERNET HOURS ATTEMPTED AND EARNED AT ILLINOIS COMMUNITY COLLEGES FOR FISCAL YEARS 2004 - 2008 (continued)

				Year Change ears 2007 - 2		Five Year Change Fiscal Years 2004 - 2008						
Dist.		Internet Hours				Percent	Internet Hours				Percent	
<u>No.</u>	District/College	Number	Percent	<u>Number</u>	Percent	Earned	Number	Percent	<u>Number</u>	Percent	Earned	
503	Black Hawk	2,523	29.9%	1,169	20.1%	-5.2%	6,137	127.4%	3,733	114.6%	-3.8%	
508	Chicago	(15,252)	(61.8%)	(10,330)	(67.7%)	(2.3%)	(51,479)	(446.0%)	(32,949)	(447.6%)	(0.3%)	
	Daley	1,739	53.1%	1,128	53.1%	0.0%	3,431	216.7%	2,191	206.3%	-2.2%	
	Kennedy-King	1,758	85.7%	903	86.7%	0.3%	3,197	521.5%	1,566	413.2%	-10.8%	
	Malcolm X	1,393	69.0%	1,011	82.1%	4.7%	2,281	201.7%	1,588	242.8%	7.9%	
	Olive-Harvey	1,169	60.4%	757	74.4%	4.6%	2,358	315.7%	1,324	294.2%	-3.1%	
	Truman	1,419	60.8%	1,048	62.3%	0.7%	2,508	201.3%	1,907	232.0%	6.7%	
	Washington	4,938	55.7%	3,263	59.8%	1.6%	9,518	221.8%	6,082	230.3%	1.6%	
	Wilbur Wright	2,836	67.6%	2,220	82.2%	5.6%	5,102	264.4%	3,567	263.4%	-0.2%	
507	Danville	70	0.8%	625	10.1%	6.8%	2,493	42.5%	2,792	69.3%	12.9%	
502	DuPage	5,291	29.7%	4,549	31.0%	0.8%	11,462	98.6%	9,127	90.4%	-3.6%	
509	Elgin	1,929	30.5%	1,533	42.9%	5.4%	3,941	91.5%	2,751	116.6%	7.2%	
512	Harper	3,463	22.5%	2,508	25.1%	1.4%	18,057	2182.1%	11,982	2356.2%	4.7%	
540	Heartland	279	6.6%	166	4.7%	-1.5%	350	8.4%	-106	-2.8%	-9.5%	
519	Highland	1,041	51.8%	750	56.9%	2.2%	2,109	224.1%	1,370	196.6%	-6.3%	
514	Illinois Central	3,006	15.5%	2,645	18.9%	2.1%	10,980	96.5%	8,648	107.8%	4.1%	
529	Illinois Eastern	(1,201)	(13.3%)	(341)	(5.1%)	(-5.4%)	(5,403)	(112.1%)	(3,579)	(102.6%)	(-3.2%)	
	Frontier	365	49.4%	200	34.6%	-7.7%	695	169.4%	486	166.7%	-0.7%	
	Lincoln Trail	599	25.7%	193	10.8%	-9.2%	1,755	149.9%	1,106	125.8%	-7.2%	
	Olney Central	-132	-3.0%	-316	-9.6%	-5.1%	2,195	110.3%	1,546	108.2%	-0.7%	
	Wabash Valley	369	22.5%	263	24.7%	1.2%	759	60.6%	441	49.6%	-4.9%	
	Illinois Valley	503	14.7%	549	25.8%	6.0%	2,457	168.7%	1,764	193.8%	5.8%	
525	Joliet	2,503	21.5%	1,405	16.3%	-3.2%	7,954	128.7%	5,733	133.1%	1.3%	
520	Kankakee	1,443	22.6%	1,149	20.7%	-1.4%	6,513	493.8%	5,627	519.1%	3.5%	
501	Kaskaskia	1,041	5.8%	2,963	22.3%	11.5%	14,494	320.1%	12,804	368.4%	8.8%	
523	Kishwaukee	792	7.8%	370	5.4%	-1.5%	6,981	177.4%	4,589	173.2%	-1.0%	
532 517	Lake County	4,354	23.1%	3,370	27.1%	2.2%	8,899	62.2%	6,898	77.5%	5.9%	
	Lake Land					0.7%				05 70/	-0.2%	
536 526	Lewis & Clark Lincoln Land	3,068 2,634	25.6% 21.1%	2,273 1,693	26.9% 19.3%	-1.1%	7,386 9,438	96.1% 166.5%	5,248 6,001	95.7% 134.3%	-0.2% -9.5%	
520	Logan	1,482	30.2%	1,093	32.3%	1.1%	9,438 5,400	543.8%	4,543	628.4%	-9.5% 9.6%	
528	McHenry	-222	-2.3%	-355	-4.8%	-1.9%	6,077	172.8%	4,343	164.8%	-2.3%	
520	Moraine Valley	2,359	-2.3% 13.0%	-355	-4.8% 9.9%	-1.9%	7,189	54.1%	4,420 3,798	44.5%	-2.3%	
524 527	Morton	2,339	4.7%	1,109	9.970	-1.7 /0	883	124.5%	5,790	44.3%	-4.0 %	
535	Oakton	2.423	27.4%	1,762	28.9%	0.8%	6,525	137.8%	4,978	172.8%	9.0%	
505	Parkland	4.631	13.7%	3,117	12.1%	-1.1%	14,995	64.0%	11,438	65.8%	0.8%	
	Prairie State	1,698	40.5%	1,150	43.4%	1.3%	2,271	62.8%	1,408	58.8%	-1.6%	
521	Rend Lake						2,271	02.070				
537	Richland	1,734	21.5%	1,332	21.5%	0.0%	5,178	112.4%	3,941	109.7%	-1.0%	
511	Rock Valley	919	20.7%	742	23.5%	1.6%	488	10.0%	254	7.0%	-2.1%	
518	Sandburg	-594	-12.0%	-165	-5.0%	5.3%	-39	-0.9%	43	1.4%	1.6%	
506	Sauk Valley	1,259	31.0%	989	31.8%	0.5%	3,515	194.4%	2,867	232.0%	8.7%	
531	Shawnee	520	24.4%	320	17.8%	-4.5%	17	0.6%	-159	-7.0%	-6.6%	
510	South Suburban	1,115	10.0%	584	8.2%	-1.1%	2,925	31.4%	1,193	18.2%	-7.1%	
533	Southeastern	835	16.3%	655	17.3%	0.6%	3,217	117.2%	2,554	135.4%	5.8%	
522	Southwestern	2,260	21.1%	1,288	17.9%	-1.8%	7,192	125.0%	4,393	107.6%	-5.5%	
534	Spoon River	962	32.8%	832	32.6%	-0.1%						
504	Triton	2,478	31.2%	2,317	31.9%	0.5%	5,746	122.7%	5,341	126.0%	1.3%	
516	Waubonsee	4,327	24.5%	2,377	19.0%	-3.1%	13,124	148.3%	8,614	137.6%	-3.1%	
539	Wood	410	8.2%	215	5.5%	-2.0%	3,118	136.5%	2,223	116.6%	-7.0%	
		70.050	24.00/	EZ 040	24.00/	0.49/	222.201	105 40/		100 50/	0.49/	

79,059

21.2%

57,940

21.8% 0.4%

232,281

105.4% 167,221 106.5%

0.4%

TOTALS

### Illinois Community College Board Table A-15 UNDUPLICATED NUMBER OF INTERNET HOURS EARNED BY FY 2008 COMPLETERS BY DEGREE TYPE IN FISCAL YEARS FY 2004 - FY 2008

				. 200	2000			T. (	0
								Total With	Grand
<u>Degree Type</u>	<u>None</u>	<u>0 - 4</u>	<u>4 - 6</u>	<u>6 - 15</u>	<u>15 - 20</u>	<u>20 - 50</u>	<u>50 - 100</u>	<u>Online Hours</u>	<u>Total</u>
GENERAL ASSOCIATE	648	135	71	108	23	52	3	392	1,040
BACC/TRANSFER	(7,823)	(2,096)	(1,286)	(1,787)	(352)	(551)	(15)	(6,087)	(13,910)
Assoc. in Arts	5,110	1,167	728	928	162	311	9	3,305	8,415
Assoc. in Science	2,250	683	437	648	136	184	4	2,092	4,342
Assoc. in Arts & Science	354	221	107	192	51	54	2	627	981
Assoc. in Engineering Science	65	19	4	9	1	1	0	34	99
Assoc. in Fine Arts	43	6	10	9	2	1	0	28	71
Assoc. in Teaching	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	2
CAREER & TECHNICAL ED.	(23,835)	(3,057)	(1,550)	(1,844)	(306)	(401)	(13)	(7,171)	(31,006)
Assoc. in Applied Science	4,706	1,506	876	1,130	178	234	7	3,931	8,637
Cert. of 1 Yr. or More	3,297	510	269	257	47	62	0	1,145	4,442
Cert. of Less than 1 Yr.	15,832	1,041	405	457	81	105	6	2,095	17,927
Vocational Skills Cert.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GENERAL STUDIES CERT.	10	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	12
ADULT EDUCATION ABE/ASE/ESL	<u>314</u>	<u>41</u>	<u>27</u>	<u>53</u>	7	<u>12</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>140</u>	454
					—		—		
TOTALS	32,630	5,329	2,934	3,792	688	1,017	32	13,792	46,422
	,		,	,		,		,	

#### ILLINOIS COMMUNITY COLLEGE BOARD Table A-16 FALL TO FALL RETENTION AND ADJUSTED RETENTION (INCLUDING COMPLETERS) FOR FIRST-TIME, FULL-TIME COLLEGE LEVEL STUDENTS – GENERAL STUDIES, TRANSFER, CAREER & TECHNICAL(PCS 1.0/ 1.1/1.2) FOR INTERNET STUDENTS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2004 - 2007

	5)(000)	RETEN		EV 0007					FY	YEAR CHANGE 2006 - FY 2007	FY	E YEAR CHANGE 2005 - FY 2007
DISTRICT COLLEGE NAME	FY 2004	FY 2005 1	-Y 2006	FY 2007	FY 2004	FY 2005	- <u>Y 2006</u>	FY 2007	RETENTION	ADJUSTED RETENTION	RETENTION	ADJUSTED RETENTION
50101 Kaskaskia	67.4%	71.1%	65.9%	61.7%	71.9%	71.9%	69.9%	65.4%	-4.2%	-4.5%	-9.4%	-6.5%
50201 DuPage	52.9%	80.0%	62.5%	68.2%	52.9%	80.0%	64.1%	72.7%	5.7%	8.7%	-11.8%	-7.3%
50301 Black Hawk	71.4%	76.1%	86.0%	81.8%	71.4%	78.3%	86.0%	81.8%	-4.2%	-4.2%	5.7%	3.6%
50401 Triton	65.5%	69.4%	60.0%	65.9%	67.3%	70.8%	61.3%	67.0%	5.9%	5.7%	-3.5%	-3.8%
50501 Parkland	82.9%	77.5%	77.8%	74.3%	82.9%	77.5%	77.8%	75.0%	-3.6%	-2.8%	-3.2%	-2.5%
50601 Sauk Valley	69.2%	80.8%	69.0%	88.2%	69.2%	80.8%	69.0%	94.1%	19.3%	25.2%	7.5%	13.3%
50701 Danville	67.6%		54.4%	67.6%	71.6%		56.3%	70.4%	13.2%	14.1%		
50801 Chicago Kennedy-King	66.7%		100.0%	28.6%	66.7%		100.0%	28.6%	-71.4%	-71.4%		
50802 Chicago Washington	50.0%	44.1%	30.4%	63.2%	50.0%	50.0%	30.4%	63.2%	32.7%	32.7%	19.0%	13.2%
50803 Chicago Malcolm X	50.0%	100.0%	66.7%	100.0%	50.0%	100.0%	66.7%	100.0%	33.3%	33.3%	0.0%	0.0%
50804 Chicago Truman	25.0%	50.0%	28.6%	31.3%	37.5%	50.0%	42.9%	31.3%	2.7%	-11.6%	-18.8%	-18.8%
50805 Chicago Olive-Harvey	75.0%	50.0%	33.3%	50.0%	75.0%	50.0%	33.3%	50.0%	16.7%	16.7%	0.0%	0.0%
50806 Chicago Daley	0.0%	71.4%	80.0%	57.1%	0.0%	71.4%	80.0%	57.1%	-22.9%	-22.9%	-14.3%	-14.3%
50807 Chicago Wright	50.0%	58.3%	53.8%	57.7%	50.0%	66.7%	61.5%	69.2%	3.8%	7.7%	-0.6%	2.6%
50901 Elgin	95.0%	68.4%	84.6%	64.7%	95.0%	73.7%	84.6%	64.7%	-19.9%	-19.9%	-3.7%	-9.0%
51001 South Suburban	61.5%	76.2%	58.3%	65.0%	61.5%	76.2%	58.3%	70.0%	6.7%	11.7%	-11.2%	-6.2%
51101 Rock Valley	69.2%	65.0%	79.2%	71.4%	69.2%	80.0%	79.2%	82.1%	-7.7%	3.0%	6.4%	2.1%
51201 Harper		75.9%	69.0%	81.5%		75.9%	73.2%	81.5%	12.5%	8.3%	5.7%	5.7%
51301 Illinois Valley	76.9%	78.6%	58.8%	78.9%	92.3%	85.7%	64.7%	78.9%	20.1%	14.2%	0.4%	-6.8%
51401 Illinois Central	83.3%	88.3%	88.0%	81.8%	85.2%	88.3%	88.9%	81.8%	-6.2%	-7.1%	-6.5%	-6.5%
51501 Prairie State	60.0%	63.2%	60.7%	69.6%	66.7%	63.2%	64.3%	69.6%	8.9%	5.3%	6.4%	6.4%
51601 Waubonsee	84.4%	68.2%	75.4%	76.3%	84.4%	68.2%	77.0%	78.8%	0.8%	1.7%	8.1%	10.6%
51701 Lake Land	77.4%	74.4%	65.1%		80.0%	75.2%	71.6%					
51801 Sandburg	60.7%	58.1%	50.0%	44.3%	64.3%	67.7%	60.9%	63.4%	-5.7%	2.5%	-13.8%	-4.4%
51901 Highland	50.0%	83.3%	82.4%	70.0%	50.0%	83.3%	82.4%	70.0%	-12.4%	-12.4%	-13.3%	-13.3%
52001 Kankakee	90.9%	75.0%	66.7%	78.3%	90.9%	75.0%	69.7%	80.4%	11.6%	10.7%	3.3%	5.4%
52101 Rend Lake												
52201 Southwestern	61.9%	63.0%	53.3%	65.2%	66.7%	66.7%	57.8%	65.2%	11.9%	7.4%	2.3%	-1.4%
52301 Kishwaukee	71.7%	83.8%	74.2%	79.1%	71.7%	86.8%	78.4%	79.1%	4.9%	0.8%	-4.7%	-7.6%
52401 Moraine Valley	72.9%	71.4%	80.2%	81.2%	72.9%	74.3%	80.2%	81.2%	0.9%	0.9%	9.7%	6.9%
52501 Joliet	73.2%	78.7%	86.5%	64.9%	75.6%	78.7%	86.5%	64.9%	-21.6%	-21.6%	-13.8%	-13.8%
52601 Lincoln Land	62.5%	80.8%	75.7%	55.0%	66.7%	80.8%	81.1%	57.5%	-20.7%	-23.6%	-25.8%	-23.3%
52701 Morton												
52801 McHenry	65.7%	62.5%	73.7%	71.1%	65.7%	66.7%	73.7%	73.5%	-2.6%	-0.2%	8.6%	6.8%
52901 Illinois Eastern Lincoln Trail	66.2%	56.3%	66.0%	60.0%	67.6%	56.3%	74.0%	73.3%	-6.0%	-0.7%	3.8%	17.1%
52902 Illinois Eastern Olney Central	64.3%	38.5%	58.3%	33.3%	71.4%	46.2%	62.5%	44.4%	-25.0%	-18.1%	-5.1%	-1.7%
52903 Illinois Eastern Wabash Valley	75.0%	57.1%	45.5%	33.3%	75.0%	57.1%	72.7%	33.3%	-12.1%	-39.4%	-23.8%	-23.8%
52904 Illinois Eastern Frontier	0.0%		0.0%	100.0%	33.3%		0.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%		
53001 Logan	87.5%	81.3%	83.3%	64.0%	87.5%	81.3%	83.3%	64.0%	-19.3%	-19.3%	-17.3%	-17.3%
53101 Shawnee	54.5%	44.4%	66.7%	57.1%	54.5%	55.6%	77.8%	57.1%	-9.5%	-20.6%	12.7%	1.6%
53201 Lake County	67.4%	68.1%	64.6%	71.4%	68.6%	68.1%	64.6%	72.7%	6.8%	8.1%	3.3%	4.6%
53301 Southeastern	76.9%	77.5%	71.9%	60.0%	80.8%	77.5%	71.9%	65.0%	-11.9%	-6.9%	-17.5%	-12.5%
53401 Spoon River				70.0%				82.9%				
53501 Oakton	64.3%	81.8%	77.3%	68.8%	64.3%	81.8%	77.3%	68.8%	-8.5%	-8.5%	-13.1%	-13.1%
53601 Lewis & Clark	70.0%	73.5%	54.5%	70.8%	70.0%	76.5%	60.6%	75.0%	16.3%	14.4%	-2.7%	-1.5%
53701 Richland	62.5%	66.7%	62.9%	65.9%	62.5%	66.7%	62.9%	65.9%	3.1%	3.1%	-0.8%	-0.8%
53901 Wood	73.7%	64.5%	59.6%	77.1%	73.7%	67.7%	63.8%	82.9%	17.6%	19.0%	12.6%	15.1%
54001 Heartland	52.4%	61.1%	45.0%	84.0%	75.2%	85.5%	82.2%	84.0%	39.0%	1.8%	22.9%	-1.5%
TOTALS	68.9%	71.2%	67.3%	69.0%	72.8%	75.0%	72.2%	72.4%	1.7%	0.2%	-2.2%	-2.6%

#### ILLINOIS COMMUNITY COLLEGE BOARD Table A-17 FALL 2006 TO FALL 2007 RETENTION AND ADJUSTED RETENTION (INCLUDING COMPLETERS) FOR FALL 2006 (FY2007) FIRST-TIME COLLEGE LEVEL STUDENTS -- GENERAL STUDIES, TRANSFER, CAREER & TECHNICAL(PCS 1.0/ 1.1/1.2) STUDENTS WITH INTERNET HOURS

DISTRICT COLLEGE NAME	RETURNED (E1) <u>2008</u>	COMPLETED 2007	COMPLETED 2008	NOT RETURNING NOT COMPLETING	NEW FULL-TIME ENTERING COHORT	RETURNED OR COMPLETED	<u>RETENTION</u>	ADJUSTED <u>RETENTION</u>
50101 Kaskaskia	100	4	3	102	209	107	47.8%	51.2%
50201 DuPage	62	2	1	35	100	65	62.0%	65.0%
50301 Black Hawk	43	0	0	13	56	43	76.8%	76.8%
50401 Triton	92	1	0	82	175	93	52.6%	53.1%
50501 Parkland	137	0	2	109	248	139	55.2%	56.0%
50601 Sauk Valley	35	2	2	6	43	37	81.4%	86.0%
<b>,</b>			1					
50701 Danville	94	2		65	162	97	58.0%	59.9%
50801 Chicago Kennedy-King	5	0	0	8	13	5		38.5%
50802 Chicago Washington	39	0	0	45	84	39		46.4%
50803 Chicago Malcolm X	9	0	0	1	10	9		90.0%
50804 Chicago Truman	11	0	0	29	40	11	27.5%	27.5%
50805 Chicago Olive-Harvey	1	0	0	3	4	1	25.0%	25.0%
50806 Chicago Daley	6	0	0	10	16	6		37.5%
50807 Chicago Wright	22	2	1	18	43	25	51.2%	58.1%
50901 Elgin	30	0	0	20	50	30	60.0%	60.0%
51001 South Suburban	26	1	0	10	37	27	70.3%	73.0%
51101 Rock Valley	27	3	0	11	41	30	65.9%	73.2%
51201 Harper	95	1	0	38	134	96	70.9%	71.6%
51301 Illinois Valley	17	1	0	7	25	18	68.0%	72.0%
51401 Illinois Central	96	0	0	33	129	96	74.4%	74.4%
51501 Prairie State	26	0	0	17	43	26	60.5%	60.5%
51601 Waubonsee	83	3	1	60	147	87	56.5%	59.2%
51701 Lake Land	0	0	0	0	0	0		
51801 Sandburg	83	31	9	74	197	123		62.4%
51901 Highland	17	0	0	7	24	120	70.8%	70.8%
52001 Kankakee	42	0	1	15	58	43		74.1%
52101 Rend Lake	42	0	0	0	0	43 0		
52201 Southwestern	47	1	1	37	86	49	54.7%	57.0%
	47 79	1	1	37	120		54.7% 65.8%	67.5%
52301 Kishwaukee		-	•			81		
52401 Moraine Valley	79	0	1	34	114	80	69.3%	70.2%
52501 Joliet	55	0	0	50	105	55	52.4%	52.4%
52601 Lincoln Land	35	1	0	35	71	36		50.7%
52701 Morton	0	0	0	0	0	0		
52801 McHenry	86	2	2	52	142	90		63.4%
52901 Illinois Eastern Lincoln Trail	13	1	1	4	19	15		78.9%
52902 Illinois Eastern Olney Central	4	1	1	6	12	6		50.0%
52903 Illinois Eastern Wabash Valley	2		0	2	4	2		50.0%
52904 Illinois Eastern Frontier	1	0	0	0	1	1	100.0%	100.0%
53001 Logan	22	0	0	16	38	22		57.9%
53101 Shawnee	9	0	0	6	15	9	60.0%	60.0%
53201 Lake County	69	1	1	46	117	71	59.0%	60.7%
53301 Southeastern	27	2	0	18	47	29	57.4%	61.7%
53401 Spoon River	58	3	7	21	89	68	65.2%	76.4%
53501 Oakton	21	0	0	13	34	21	61.8%	61.8%
53601 Lewis & Clark	28	1	0	42	71	29	39.4%	40.8%
53701 Richland	48	1	0	34	83	49	57.8%	59.0%
53901 Wood	36	2	0	24	62	38		61.3%
54001 Heartland	30 <u>32</u>	<u>0</u>	1 1	<u>14</u>	<u>47</u>	<u>33</u>		<u>70.2%</u>
	<u>52</u>	<u>u</u>	<u> </u>	14	41	<u> </u>	00.170	10.270
TOTALS	1,949	70	35	1,311	3,365	2,054	57.9%	61.0%