STUDENT DICTIONARY

Computer Basics and Word Processing



8. DISK DRIVE : The place where you put your CD or your USB Drive, so that you can save files on it.	31/2 Floppy (A:)
 DISKS: One way to save your work, like recording on a video tape. Out dated, you don't see many disk drives any more. 	LA DI
10. DOCUMENT : Anything you create in Microsoft Word is called a document.	Computer Vocabulary
11. FILE: a piece of computer information such as a document or part of a computer program.	administrat administrat administrat administrat administrat administrat administrat administrat administrat administrat administrat administrat administrat cookies Class C Resume Class C Resume meliha more cookies newsletterPNG
12. FOLDER : like a file folder in a filing cabinet, a file is where documents (letters, spreadsheets, etc.) are kept.	My Pictures
13. FONT: The way letters and words look.	Ъ Bradley Hand (TC) Ъ Britannic Bold Ъ Broadway Ъ Вгоадwау Ъ Влиећ Seriet Ж7 Ъ Californian FB
14. FORMAT: Changing the way that text looks on the page.	THIS <i>is</i> formatted. This is not formatted.
15. HARDWARE : All the parts of the computer that you can touch: the monitor, CPU, printer, mouse, and keyboard.	

16. HARD DRIVE: the place inside your computer where programs and files are stored.	
17.HEADSET: earphones and a microphone that you wear on your head.	
18. HIGHLIGHT/SELECTING: Click and drag across a word or sentence to highlight it. When it is highlighted you can make changes to it.	This text is <u>not</u> highlighted. <mark>This text is</mark> highlighted.
19. ICON : Symbols or pictures that you can click on to perform an action. Each program has its own icon.	My Computer My Documents My Network Recycle Bin Places (full)
20. ITALICS : A font style that slants words to the right.	This text is in italics. This text is not.
21. KEYBOARD: Like a typewriter, it's where you type and enter numbers. It is one way to tell the computer what you want it to do.	
22. LAPTOP: a portable computer that you can carry with you.	
23. Mac or MACINTOSH: A computer made by Apple Computers. It uses the Macintosh operating system. There are two basic kinds of computers: PCs and Macs.	

24. MENU BAR : The words at the top of the screen. Click on these words and you see menus of other things you can do.	∫ <u>F</u> ile <u>E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew <u>I</u> nsert F <u>o</u> rmat <u>T</u> ools T <u>a</u> ble
25. MENU : A list of other things you can do. You see a menu when you click on one of the words on the Menu Bar.	Edit Cut Cut Cut Ctrl+X Select All Ctrl+A Find Ctrl+F V
26. MICROSOFT: A software company owned by Bill Gates. He developed the Windows based Operating System that you are using on this computer.	
27. MICROSOFT POWERPOINT: a software program for making presentations that you can show to others.	
28. MICROSOFT WINDOWS: an operating system made by the Microsoft company. The latest version is Windows 8.	Windows Vista
29. MICROSOFT WORD: A word- processing program for typing letters, resumes, school papers and more.	Microsoft Word
 30. MINIMIZE: to move a window to the bottom of the screen without closing the window. 31. MAXIMIZE: to expand a window to the full size of the screen. 	Maximize
32.RESTORE: to make a window smaller so that you can change the size or position.	Minimize Restore

33. MONITOR: Your computer's screen. It allows you to see what the CPU is doing with the data you have entered into it.	
34. MOUSE: The tool you can use tell the computer what to do. For example you can open programs and files by clicking or double clicking.	
35. OPEN: A command on the File Menu that brings files onto the screen so that you can see them.	Eile □ New Ctrl+N Ctrl+O Save As Save As Print Ctrl+P ¥
36. OPERATING SYSTEM: the most important program in your computer. This program is like the "manager" of all of the other programs.	Windows Vista
37.PC = PERSONAL COMPUTER A computer that is made to use the Windows operating system. There are two basic kinds of computers: PCs and Macs.	
38.POINT: The size of text.	12 point 16 point 24 point
39. PROGRAMS: Another word for software or applications.	 Mavis Beacon Teaches Typing Version 11 Microsoft Excel Microsoft PowerPoint Microsoft Publisher Microsoft Word

40. SCREEN SAVER: A design on the screen that turns on if you don't use your computer for a few minutes.	
41.SCROLL BARS: The bars on the sides of the screen that allow you to move up or down the page.	
42. SOFTWARE: another word for programs, instructions in the computer that help it do different tasks	Internet Internet Explorer Internet Explorer Imail Microsoft Office Outlook Imail Microsoft Office Word 2003 Imail Microsoft Office Excel 2003
43.SPELL CHECK: When you're using Microsoft Word, you can click on this button to look for spelling and grammar mistakes.	ABC
44. SPREADSHEET: Organizes information into rows and columns and often uses math and numbers.	A B C D E F 1 654 654 321 810 1205 2 654 20934 321 810 1205 3 654 67388814 321 810 1205 4 654 2.16E+10 321 810 1205 5 654 6.94E+12 321 810 1205 6 654 2.23E+15 321 810 1205 7 664 7.15E+17 321 810 1205 9 654 2.3F±20 321 810 1205 9 654 7.3F±22 321 810 1205 9 654 7.3F±22 321 321 321 10 654 2.3F±25 321 321 321 11
45.TOOL BARS: The bars across the top of the screen that have icons you click on to do different things.	┍┑ • ∞ • ⑧ № □ ◙ Ⅲ ⑧ № ¶ 87% • ♡ •
46.USB DRIVE: a disk that you can save information on. Also called a flash drive, jump drive, or thumb drive.	TREX

47.WORD PROCESSING: Typing	🖬 Job Search Ex. 1 - Microsoft Word
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format, save, and edit your writing.	■ • • • • • • · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
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	5 Steps for an Effective Job Search
	1. How prepared are you for planning and conducting an effective job search?
	Successful job seekers must have both good information and well-developed job hunting skills. Three important factors for a successful job search are knowing your
	goals and skills, an understanding of the job market, and a well planned job search.
	2. STEP 1. Begin with Self-Assessment
	The job search process begins with thinking about your skills and work preferences.
	How can you seek a position if you don't know what you want from a job and what
	you have to offer possible employers? Self-assessment will save help you speak confidently about what you want and what you can do.
	 3. Interests Think about these questions. Write down your answers. Discuss your answers with
	someone else who knows you well, like a friend or family member. What activities do
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